- insurance, a reasonable margin for underwriting expenses, profits, contingencies and other reasonable costs and expenses attributable to the insurer, and costs and compensation to the creditor for providing and servicing the insurance, plus the premium taxes payable on the insurance.
- 5 → Section 1304. KRS 304.19-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) Any insurer may revise its schedules of premium rates from time to time, and shall
 7 file such revised schedules with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. No insurer
 8 shall issue any credit life insurance or credit health insurance policy for which the
 9 premium rate exceeds that determined by the schedules of such insurer as then on
 10 file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
 - Each individual policy or group certificate shall provide that in the event of termination of the insurance prior to the scheduled maturity date of the indebtedness, any refund of an amount paid by the debtor for insurance shall be paid or credited promptly to the person entitled thereto. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall prescribe a minimum refund and no refund which would be less than such minimum need be made. The formula to be used in computing such refund shall be filed with and approved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. Nothing contained in this section shall require the debtor to surrender any policy or group certificate for cancellation or termination solely because the indebtedness has been paid in full prior to the scheduled maturity date nor require the insurer to return any premiums.
- When a debtor purchases credit life insurance or credit health insurance and an individual policy or group certificate of insurance is not issued, the creditor shall immediately give written notice to such debtor and shall promptly make an appropriate credit to the account.
- 26 (4) The amount charged to a debtor for any credit life insurance or credit health 27 insurance shall not exceed the premiums charged by the insurer, as computed at the

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- time the charge to the debtor is determined.
- Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to authorize any payments for insurance now prohibited under any statute, or rule thereunder, governing credit transactions.
- Section 1305. KRS 304.19-100 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 All policies of credit life insurance and credit health insurance shall be delivered or issued
- for delivery in this state only by an insurer authorized to do an insurance business herein,
- 7 and shall be issued only through holders of licenses, or authorization issued by the
- 8 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 9 → Section 1306. KRS 304.19-130 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 Whenever the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> finds that there has been a violation of
- 11 this subtitle or any administrative regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, the
- 12 <u>commissioner</u>[he] shall conduct a hearing in accordance with this chapter and KRS
- 13 Chapter 13B.
- → Section 1307. KRS 304.20-020 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) No automobile liability or motor vehicle liability policy of insurance insuring 16 against loss resulting from liability imposed by law for bodily injury or death 17 suffered by any person arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state with respect to any 18 19 motor vehicle registered or principally garaged in this state unless coverage is 20 provided therein or supplemental thereto, in limits for bodily injury or death set forth **KRS** 21 in 304.39-110 under provisions approved the commissioner [executive director], for the protection of persons insured thereunder 22 23 who are legally entitled to recover damages from owners or operators of uninsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, including death, 24 25 resulting therefrom; provided that the named insured shall have the right to reject in 26 writing such coverage; and provided further that, unless the named insured requests such coverage in writing, such coverage need not be provided in or supplemental to 27

- a renewal policy where the named insured had rejected the coverage in connection with a policy previously issued to him *or her* by the same insurer.
- For the purpose of this coverage the term "uninsured motor vehicle" shall, subject to 3 4 the terms and conditions of such coverage, be deemed to include an insured motor vehicle where the liability insurer thereof is unable to make payment with respect to 5 6 the legal liability of its insured within the limits specified therein because of 7 insolvency; an insured motor vehicle with respect to which the amounts provided. under the bodily injury liability bond or insurance policy applicable at the time of 8 9 the accident with respect to any person or organization legally responsible for the 10 use of such motor vehicle, are less than the limits described in KRS 304.39-110; and an insured motor vehicle to the extent that the amounts provided in the liability 11 12 coverage applicable at the time of the accident is denied by the insurer writing the 13 same.
 - (3) Protection against an insurer's insolvency shall be applicable only to accidents occurring during a policy period in which its insured's uninsured motorist coverage is in effect where the liability insurer of the tortfeasor becomes insolvent within one (1) year after such an accident. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any insurer from affording insolvency protection under terms and conditions more favorable to its insureds than is provided hereunder.
 - In the event of payment to any person under the coverage required by this section and subject to the terms and conditions of such coverage, the insurer making such payment shall, to the extent thereof, be entitled to the proceeds of any settlement or judgment resulting from the exercise of any rights of recovery of such person against any person or organization legally responsible for the bodily injury for which such payment is made, including the proceeds recoverable from the assets of the insolvent insurer.
 - → Section 1308. KRS 304.20-040 is amended to read as follows:

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- (a) "Policy" means an automobile liability insurance policy, delivered or issued for delivery in this state, insuring a single individual or husband and wife resident of the same household, as named insured, and under which the insured vehicles therein designated are of the following types only:
 - A motor vehicle of the private passenger or station wagon type that is not used as a public or livery conveyance for passengers, nor rented to others;
 - 2. Any other four-wheel motor vehicle with a load capacity of one thousand five hundred (1,500) pounds or less which is not used in the occupation, profession, or business of the insured; provided, however, that this section shall not apply:
 - a. To any policy issued under an automobile assigned risk plan;
 - b. To any policy insuring more than four (4) automobiles; or
 - c. To any policy covering garage, automobile sales agency, repair shop, service station, or public parking place operation hazards;
 - (b) "Automobile liability insurance policy" includes only coverage for bodily injury and property damage liability, basic reparations benefits, and the provisions therein, if any, relating to medical payments, uninsured motorists coverage, underinsured motorists coverage, and automobile physical damage coverage;
 - (c) "Renewal" or "to renew" means the issuance and delivery by an insurer of a policy replacing at the end of the policy period a policy previously issued and delivered by the same insurer, or the issuance and delivery of a certificate or notice extending the term of a policy beyond its policy period or term; provided, however, that any policy with a policy period or term of less than three (3) months shall for the purpose of this section be considered as if

written for a policy period or term of three (3) months. Provided, further, that
any policy written for a term longer than one (1) year or any policy with no
fixed expiration date, shall for the purpose of this section, be considered as if
written for successive policy periods or terms of one (1) year, and the policy
may be terminated at the expiration of any annual period upon giving seventy-
five (75) days' notice of nonrenewal prior to the anniversary date;

- (d) "Nonpayment of premium" means failure of the named insured to discharge when due any of his <u>or her</u> obligations in connection with the payment of premiums on a policy, or any installment of the premium, whether the premium is payable directly to the insurer or its agent or indirectly under any premium finance plan or extension of credit;
- (e) "Declination" or "decline" means either the refusal of an insurer to issue an automobile liability insurance policy upon receipt of a written nonbinding application or written request for coverage from its agent or an applicant, or refusal of an agent to transmit to an insurer a written nonbinding application or written request for coverage received from an applicant. The offering of insurance coverage with a company within an insurance group that is different from the company requested on the nonbinding application or written request for coverage, or the offering of insurance upon different terms than requested in the nonbinding application or written request for coverage, shall be considered to be a declination; and
- (f) "Agent" includes, but is not limited to, surplus lines broker.
- 23 (2) (a) A notice of cancellation of a policy shall be effective only if it is based on one 24 (1) or more of the following reasons:
 - 1. Nonpayment of premium;
 - 2. The driver's license or motor vehicle registration of the named insured or of any other operator who either resides in the same household or

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2				under suspension or revocation during the policy period or, if the policy
3				is a renewal, during its policy period or the one hundred eighty (180)
4				days immediately preceding its effective date;
5			3.	Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation made by or with the
6				knowledge of the named insured in obtaining the policy, continuing the
7				policy, or in presenting a claim under the policy;
8	•	÷	4.	Discovery of willful acts or omissions on the part of the named insured
9				that increase any hazard insured against; or
10			5.	A determination by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> that the
11				continuation of the policy would place the insurer in violation of this
12				chapter or the rules or administrative regulations of the
13				<u>commissioner[executive director]</u> .
14		(b)	This	subsection shall not apply to any policy or coverage which has been in
15	*		effec	ct less than sixty (60) days at the time notice of cancellation is mailed or
16			deliv	vered by the insurer unless it is a renewal policy.
17		(c)	Mod	lification of automobile physical damage coverage by the inclusion of a
18			dedu	actible not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100) shall not be deemed a
19			canc	ellation of the coverage or of the policy.
20		(d)	This	subsection shall not apply to nonrenewal.
21	(3)	No 1	notice	of cancellation of a policy to which subsection (2) of this section applies
22		shal	l be e	ffective unless mailed or delivered by the insurer to the named insured at
23		leas	t twen	ty (20) days prior to the effective date of cancellation; provided, however,
24		that	where	e cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, at least fourteen (14) days'
25		noti	ce of	cancellation accompanied by the reason therefor shall be given. This
26		subs	ection	shall not apply to renewals.
27	(4)	No i	insure	r or agent shall decline, refuse to renew, or cancel a policy of automobile

customarily operates an automobile insured under the policy has been

1	insurance	solely	because:
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- 2 (a) Of the credit history, or lack of credit history, of the applicant or insured;
- 3 (b) The applicant or insured has previously obtained automobile coverage through
 4 a residual market mechanism or from a carrier providing nonstandard
 5 coverage;
 - (c) The applicant or insured has sustained one (1) or more losses that immediately result from a natural cause without the intervention of any person and that could not have been prevented by the exercise of prudence, diligence, and care;
- 10 (d) Of the race, religion, nationality, ethnic group, age, sex, or marital status of 11 the applicant or named insured; or
- 12 (e) Another insurer previously declined to insure the applicant or terminated an 13 existing policy in which the applicant was the named insured.
- 15 No insurer shall fail to renew a policy unless it shall mail or deliver to the named insured, at the address shown in the policy, at least seventy-five (75) days' advance notice of its intention not to renew. If notice is not provided, coverage shall be deemed to be renewed for the ensuing policy period upon payment of the appropriate payment under the same terms and conditions, until the named insured has accepted replacement coverage with another insurer, or until the named insured has agreed to the nonrenewal.
- 21 (6) The transfer of a policyholder between companies within the same insurance group 22 shall be considered a nonrenewal.
- 23 (7) Renewal of a policy shall not constitute a waiver or estoppel with respect to grounds
 24 for cancellation which existed before the effective date of the renewal.
- 25 (8) If the insurer has manifested its willingness to renew by mailing or delivering a 26 renewal notice, bill, certificate, or policy to the first-named insured at his <u>or her</u> last 27 known address at least thirty (30) days before the end of the current policy period

with the amount of the renewal premium charge and its due date clearly set forth therein, then the policy shall expire and terminate without further notice to the insured on the due date, unless the renewal premium is received by the insurer or its authorized agent on or before that date. When any policy terminates pursuant to this subsection because the renewal premium was not received on or before the due date, the insurer shall, within fifteen (15) days, deliver or mail to the first-named insured at his <u>or her</u> last known address a notice that the policy was not renewed and the date on which the coverage under it ceased to exist.

- 9 (9) (a) Proof of mailing of renewal premium to the insurer or its agent, when 10 authorized, on or before the due date, shall constitute a presumption of receipt 11 pursuant to subsection (8) of this section.
 - (b) Proof of mailing of notice of cancellation or of intention not to renew or of reasons for cancellation or nonrenewal to the named insured at the address shown in the policy shall be sufficient proof of notice.
 - (10) No insurer shall impose or request an additional premium higher than its standard premium for automobile insurance, cancel or refuse to issue a policy, or refuse to renew a policy solely because the insured or the applicant is an individual with a disability, so long as the disability does not substantially impair the person's mechanically assisted driving ability.
 - (11) When an automobile liability insurance policy is canceled other than for nonpayment of premium, or in the event of failure to renew a policy of automobile liability insurance, the insurer shall notify the named insured of his *or her* possible eligibility for automobile liability insurance coverage through the Kentucky automobile assigned risk plan. The notice shall accompany or be included in the notice of cancellation or the notice of intent not to renew. The notice shall also inform the insured that he *or she* may, within seven (7) days, request the *commissioner*[executive director] in writing to determine whether there is sufficient

reason to cancel or not to renew the policy. Within fourteen (14) days of receiving
such a written request, the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] shall send his <u>or her</u>
findings to the insurer and to the insured. When he or she sends [his] findings, the
<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] shall notify both parties of their right to request a
hearing under KRS 304.2-310(2)(b) and KRS Chapter 13B. The party requesting
the hearing shall give the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> written confirmation of
attendance at the hearing not more than five (5) days before, nor less than forty-
eight (48) hours before, the scheduled hearing. If the requesting party fails to give
the required written confirmation, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall
cancel the hearing.

- 11 (12) The reason for nonrenewal or cancellation shall accompany or be included in the 12 notice of nonrenewal or cancellation.
- 13 (13) Except where the maximum limits of coverage have been purchased, every notice of
 14 first renewal shall include a provision or be accompanied by a notice stating in
 15 substance that added uninsured motorists, underinsured motorists, and personal
 16 injury protection coverages may be purchased by the insured.
 - (14) There shall be no liability on the part of and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] or against any insurer, its authorized representative, its agents, its employees, or any firm, person, or corporation furnishing to the insurer information as to reasons for cancellation or nonrenewal, for any statement made by any of them in any written notice of cancellation or nonrenewal, or in any other communication, oral or written, specifying the reasons for cancellation or nonrenewal, or the providing of information pertaining thereto, or for statements made or evidence submitted at any hearings conducted in connection therewith.
- 26 (15) (a) If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> determines that an insurer has
 27 violated any provision of this section, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>

1	may require the insurer to:
2	1. Accept the application or written request for insurance coverage at a rate
3	and on the same terms and conditions as are available to other risks
4	similarly situated;
5	2. Reinstate insurance coverage to the end of the policy period; or
6	3. Continue insurance coverage at a rate and on the same terms and
7	conditions as are available to other risks similarly situated.
8	(b) As to any person who has violated any provisions of this section, the
9	commissioner[executive director] may:
10	1. Issue a cease and desist order to restrain the person from engaging in
11	practices that violate this section;
12	2. Suspend or revoke the person's license or certificate of authority;
13	3. Assess a civil penalty against the person in accordance with KRS
14	304.99-020; or
15	4. Take any combination of the actions specified in this paragraph.
16	→ Section 1309. KRS 304.20-045 is amended to read as follows:
17	(1) No insurer shall increase the premium on an automobile liability insurance policy
18	solely as a result of a claim for an automobile accident filed by an insured if the
19	insured was not at fault nor contributorily negligent.
20	(2) An insured may notify in writing the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director of insurance]
21	if the insured believes that an insurer has increased his or her premium in violation
22	of subsection (1) of this section. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall
23	investigate the complaint, take appropriate action, and send written notice of his \underline{or}
24	<u>her</u> actions to the insured.
25	→ Section 1310. KRS 304.20-080 is amended to read as follows:
26	Any public housing authority created pursuant to KRS Chapter 80 may self-insure,
27	subject to approval of the commissioner[executive director] by filing with the

1	commissioner executive director	l in	satisfactory	form:
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- 2 (1) A continuing undertaking by the owner or other appropriate person to pay tort
 3 liabilities;
- 4 (2) Evidence that appropriate provision exists for prompt and efficient administration 5 of all claims; and
- 6 (3) Evidence that reliable financial arrangements, deposits, or commitments exist
 7 providing coverage substantially equivalent to that afforded by a policy of insurance
 8 for payment of claims against a public housing authority.
- 9 Section 1311. KRS 304.20-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 Any insurer providing workers' compensation insurance coverage for a Kentucky location
- shall provide proof of coverage to the commissioner executive director of the
- 12 <u>Department[Office]</u> of Workers' Claims in the [Department of]Labor <u>Cabinet</u> in
- 13 accordance with the requirements of the chapter.
- → Section 1312. KRS 304.20-150 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) As used in KRS 304.20-160 to 304.20-190, "authorized agencies" shall mean:
- 16 (a) State <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of insurance;
- 17 (b) The state fire marshal when authorized or charged with the investigation of 18 fires at the place where the fire actually took place;
- 19 (c) The state Attorney General when authorized or charged with the investigation 20 of fires at the place where the fire actually took place;
- 21 (d) The commissioner of the Department of Kentucky State Police;
- 22 (e) The full-time Commonwealth's or county attorney responsible for 23 prosecutions in the county where the fire occurred;
- 24 (f) The Federal Bureau of Investigation or any other federal agency having the 25 authority to investigate federal offenses arising from arson; and
- 26 (g) Any United States' attorney's office authorized or charged with investigation 27 or prosecution of the fire in question or the violation of any statute arising

l	from	said	fire.

- 2 (2) As used in KRS 304.20-160 to 304.20-190, "relevant" means information having
- any tendency to make the existence of any fact that is of consequence to the
- 4 investigation or determination of the issue more probable or less probable than it
- 5 would be without the evidence.
- 6 (3) For the purposes of KRS 304.20-160 to 304.20-190, information will be "deemed
- 7 important" if such information is requested by an authorized agency.
- 8 (4) "Insurer," as used in KRS 304.20-160 to 304.20-190, shall be defined in the same
- 9 manner as it is defined in KRS 304.1-040, and shall include the Kentucky FAIR
- plan and reinsurance association, and all authorized persons acting on behalf of an
- 11 insurer.
- → Section 1313. KRS 304.20-330 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 After coverage has been in effect more than sixty (60) days or after the effective date of a
- renewal policy a notice of cancellation shall not be issued unless it is based on at least one
- 15 (1) of the following reasons:
- 16 (1) Nonpayment of premium;
- 17 (2) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation made by or with the knowledge of
- the named insured in obtaining the policy, continuing the policy, or in presenting a
- 19 claim under the policy;
- 20 (3) Discovery of willful or reckless acts or omissions on the part of the named insured
- which increase any hazard insured against;
- 22 (4) The occurrence of a change in the risk which substantially increases any hazard
- insured against after insurance coverage has been issued or renewed;
- 24 (5) A violation of any local fire, health, safety, building, or construction regulation or
- ordinance with respect to any insured property or the occupancy thereof which
- substantially increases any hazard insured against;
- 27 (6) The insurer is unable to reinsure the risk covered by the policy; or

1	(7)	A determination by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> that the continuation of
2		the policy would place the insurer in violation of the Kentucky insurance code or
3		regulations of the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director].

- Section 1314. KRS 304.20-350 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> determines that:
- 6 (1) An insurer has violated KRS 304.20-320, 304.20-330 or 304.20-340, the

 7 commissioner[executive director] may require the insurer to:
- 8 (a) Accept the application or written request for insurance coverage at a rate and
 9 on the same terms and conditions as are available to other risks similarly
 10 situated;
- 11 (b) Reinstate insurance coverage to the end of the policy period; or
- 12 (c) Continue insurance coverage at a rate and on the same terms and conditions as 13 are available to other risks similarly situated;
- 14 (2) Any person has violated any provisions of KRS 304.20-320 to this section, the

 15 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may:
- 16 (a) Issue a cease and desist order to restrain such person from engaging in 17 practices which violate KRS 304.20-320 to this section;
- 18 (b) Suspend or revoke such person's license or certificate of authority;
- 19 (c) Assess a civil penalty against such person pursuant to KRS 304.99-020; or
- 20 (d) Take any combination of the actions specified in this section.
- → Section 1315. KRS 304.20-380 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 Every property insurer, as defined in this chapter, authorized to do business in this state
- 23 shall include a premium credit or discount provision in its rates filed with the
- 24 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> for buildings equipped with an automatic sprinkler
- 25 system. The amount of the discount shall reflect the cost savings the insurer expects to
- 26 realize in insuring property equipped with automatic sprinkler systems.
 - → Section 1316. KRS 304.21-020 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) Whenever an insurer has been granted a certificate of authority to transact surety
 2 insurance in this state, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall on or before the
 3 first day of the next succeeding month send to the county clerk of each county in
 4 this state his <u>or her</u> certificate, over the seal of <u>the department</u>[his office], stating
 5 that such insurer has complied with the laws of this state and is authorized to
 6 transact a business as surety in this state. The county clerk shall record the
 7 certificate and it shall become a permanent part of the records of the county clerk.
- 8 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> shall on or before the first day of March of
 9 each year forward to each county clerk a list containing the names of all surety
 10 insurers, foreign and domestic, which are then authorized to transact business in the
 11 state.
- 12 (3) The county clerks shall preserve such list on the files of the court, open to public inspection.
- → Section 1317. KRS 304.21-030 is amended to read as follows:
 - If a theretofore authorized surety insurer withdraws from this state or if its certificate of authority is terminated, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive-director] shall give notice thereof forthwith by mailing a certificate of such fact to the county clerk of each county in this state. Upon receipt of the certificate the county clerk shall enter a notation across the face of the record of the certificate of authority of the insurer as referred to in KRS 304.21-020, showing the withdrawal of the insurer or the termination of its certificate of authority, as the case may be, together with the date thereof.
- ≥ Section 1318. KRS 304.21-040 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> is authorized to issue to any person applying
 24 therefor, a certificate showing that any surety insurer that has complied with the
 25 laws of this state, is qualified to do a surety business in this state, and stating the
 26 general terms of the risks authorized to be so written.
- 27 (2) Any such certificate or any certified copy of any uncanceled certificate shall be

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- received in evidence as a sufficient justification of such surety and its authority to
 do business in this state; provided, however, that the certificate of the county clerk
 to any such certified copy, or any certificate furnished directly by the

 commissioner[executive director] to an applicant therefor, must bear a date the
 same as, or later than the date of the bond, undertaking or obligation upon which
 justification is being made.
- 7 → Section 1319. KRS 304.21-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 Whenever any licensed company writing blanket bonds on banks or credit unions in the
- 9 Commonwealth intends to cancel, terminate or not renew the bond of any bank or credit
- union, it shall notify the **Department**[Office] of Financial Institutions of its intention to
- cancel, terminate or not renew any such bond not less than thirty (30) days prior to the
- 12 effective date of such action.
- → Section 1320. KRS 304.22-020 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) Every title insurer shall, before use in this state, file with the
- 15 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> its schedule of the risk portion of premium rates
- for title insurance, and thereafter every modification or amendment thereof.
- 17 (2) Rates for title insurance shall not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly
- 18 discriminatory.
- 19 (3) The insurer shall adhere to the rates as so filed by it.
- Section 1321. KRS 304.22-040 is amended to read as follows:
- An insurer shall not in any manner guarantee the payment of the principal or the interest
- of bonds or other obligations executed by others, other than (a) in connection with the
- 23 handling of litigation relating to losses or claims involving the insurer, its insureds, its
- 24 agents or its attorneys, or (b) in connection with the settlement of such losses or claims,
- or (c) in the event such guarantee is specifically approved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive
- 26 director].

→ Section 1322. KRS 304.24-050 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) Upon receipt of the articles of incorporation of the proposed insurer, the
 2 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall submit such articles to the Attorney General
 3 for examination. Within ten (10) days after receipt thereof the Attorney General
 4 shall return the articles to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> with a written
 5 statement as to whether the articles comply with law.
- 6 (2) If the Attorney General has found the articles to be in compliance with law and has
 7 so stated to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall stamp or otherwise certify his <u>or her</u> approval thereon, retain one (1)
 9 copy of the articles for his <u>or her</u> files and deliver the remaining three (3) copies of
 10 the articles to the incorporators for filing as provided by laws governing business
 11 corporations generally.
- 12 (3) The incorporators shall concurrently file with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 13 duplicates of filings made on behalf of the corporation with the
 14 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Financial
 15 Institutions pursuant to KRS Chapter 292, and upon compliance with the provisions
 16 of such chapter governing sale of securities, the incorporators may open books to
 17 receive subsections for capital stock of the corporation.
 - (4) After all stock stated by the articles as to the amount of capital with which the corporation will begin business (which shall not be less than the applicable minimum amounts required by the provisions of this code to qualify for authority to transact the kind of insurance specified by the articles) has been subscribed and paid for either in cash or in assets of the kind eligible for investment of a domestic insurer under this code, the incorporators shall make application for a certificate of authority as provided in Subtitle 3.
- 25 (5) In addition to the requirements of this subtitle, the incorporators shall also comply
 26 with such other applicable laws governing the organization of domestic business
 27 corporations as are not in conflict with the provisions of this subtitle.

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- → Section 1323. KRS 304.24-060 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 (1) Upon receiving the application provided for in subsection (4) of KRS 304.24-050, the commissioner executive director shall make an examination of the affairs of 3 the proposed corporation to ascertain whether it has complied with requirements of 4 5 law and has fully paid-in capital stock and assets in amount necessary to qualify for 6 authority to transact the kind or kinds of insurance proposed to be transacted. As a part of such examination the commissioner [executive director] shall require the 7 8 incorporators or directors to certify, under oath, that assets exhibited to him or her are the bona fide property of the proposed corporation. 9
- 10 (2) If after such examination the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> finds that the
 11 proposed corporation is fully entitled thereto, <u>the commissioner[he]</u> shall issue to it
 12 his <u>or her</u> certificate of authority to transact the kind or kinds of insurance for which
 13 it has qualified.
 - → Section 1324. KRS 304.24-070 is amended to read as follows:
 - The incorporation of an insurer shall be effective as of the date of issuance by the Secretary of State of its articles of incorporation; and thereupon the corporation shall be vested with all the powers, rights and privileges, and be subject to all the duties, liabilities and restrictions applicable to insurer corporations; subject, however, to qualification and application for, and issuance to the corporation of, a certificate of authority as an insurer by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> under the provisions of this code.
 - → Section 1325. KRS 304.24-080 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 (1) A domestic mutual insurer heretofore or hereafter formed may amend its articles of
 23 incorporation for any lawful purpose by affirmative vote of a majority of those of its
 24 members present or represented by proxy at any regular annual meeting of its
 25 members, or at any special meeting of members called for the purpose. Written
 26 notice of the proposed amendment shall be given members at least thirty (30) days
 27 prior to the meeting, and may be given in the same manner and at the same time as

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- notice of the meeting is given or in any other appropriate manner.
- 2 (2) Upon adoption of the amendment the insurer shall prepare articles of amendment in
- quadruplicate, setting forth the amendment and the date and manner of the adoption
- 4 thereof. The articles of amendment shall be executed by the insurer's president or
- vice president and secretary or assistant secretary, and be acknowledged by them
- before an officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments of deeds.
- 7 (3) The quadruplicate originals of the articles of amendment shall be delivered to the
- 8 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, shall be subject to examination and certification
- by the Attorney General, to approval by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, and
- to filing, all as provided for original articles of incorporation under KRS 304.24-
- 11 040. For filing articles of amendment of the articles of incorporation of a domestic
- mutual insurer the Secretary of State shall charge and collect a fee of ten dollars
- 13 (\$10), for credit to the general fund.
- → Section 1326. KRS 304.24-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) A domestic stock insurer may amend its articles of incorporation for any lawful
- purpose through the same procedures prescribed in KRS Chapter 271B.
- 17 (2) Quadruplicate originals of articles of amendment shall be delivered to the
- 18 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], shall be subject to examination and certification
- by the Attorney General, to approval by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, and
- to filing, all as provided for original articles of incorporation under KRS 304.24-
- 21 040.
- Section 1327. KRS 304.24-110 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) Before soliciting any applications for insurance required under KRS 304.24-100 as
- 24 qualification for the original certificate of authority, the incorporators of the
- proposed insurer shall file with the commissioner[executive director] a corporate
- surety bond in the penal sum of \$100,000, in favor of the state and for the use and
- benefit of the state and of applicant members and creditors of the corporation. The

bond shall	he condition	oned as	follows:

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- 2 (a) For the prompt return to applicant members of all premiums collected in advance,
- 4 (b) For payment of all indebtedness of the corporation,
- 5 (c) For payment of costs incurred by the state in event of any legal proceedings 6 for liquidation or dissolution of the corporation,
 - all in the event the corporation fails to complete its organization and secure a certificate of authority within one (1) year after the date of its certificate of incorporation, and
- 10 (d) That it is not subject to cancellation unless thirty (30) days' advance notice in
 11 writing of cancellation is given both the incorporators and the
 12 commissioner[executive director].
- **(2)** In lieu such 13 bond, the incorporators deposit with the may 14 commissioner [executive director] \$100,000 in cash or United States government bonds negotiable and payable to the bearer, with a market value of not less than 15 16 \$100,000, to be held in trust upon the same conditions as required for the bond.
- 17 (3) Any such bond filed or deposit or remaining portion thereof held under this section 18 shall be released and discharged upon settlement and termination of all liabilities 19 against it.
- 20 (4) In addition to the bond the proposed insurer shall file with the
 21 commissioner[executive director] copies of any proposed form or policy to be
 22 offered and schedule of premium rates therefor, copies of all advertising and sales
 23 literature proposed to be used in such solicitation, and such other information
 24 relative to the solicitation of such insurance or procuring of such funds as the
 25 commissioner[executive director] may reasonably require, all of which must
 26 comply with the law.
- 27 → Section 1328. KRS 304.24-120 is amended to read as follows:

- Upon receipt of the <u>commissioner's[executive director's]</u> approval of the bond or deposit as provided in KRS 304.24-110, the directors and officers of the proposed domestic mutual insurer may commence solicitation of such requisite applications for insurance policies as they may accept, and may receive deposits of premiums thereon.
- 6 (2) All such applications shall be in writing signed by the applicant, covering subjects
 7 of insurance resident, located or to be performed in this state.
- 8 (3) All such applications shall provide that:
- 9 (a) Issuance of the policy is contingent upon the insurer qualifying for and receiving a certificate of authority;
- 11 (b) No insurance is in effect unless and until the certificate of authority has been 12 issued; and
 - (c) The prepaid premium or deposit, and membership or policy fee, if any, shall be refunded in full to the applicant if organization is not completed and the certificate of authority is not issued and received by the insurer before a specified reasonable date, which date shall be not later than one (1) year after the date of the certificate of incorporation.
- 18 (4) All qualifying premiums collected shall be in cash.
- Solicitation for such qualifying applicants for insurance shall be by licensed agents 19 (5) 20 of the corporation, and the commissioner executive director shall, upon the corporation's application therefor, issue temporary agent's licenses expiring on the 21 date specified pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of this section to 22 23 individuals qualified as for a resident's license except as to the taking or passing of an examination. The commissioner executive director may suspend or revoke any 24 such license for any of the causes and pursuant to the same procedures as are 25 26 applicable to suspension or revocation of licenses of agent's in general under Subtitle 9. 27

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- Section 1329. KRS 304.24-130 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 (1) All sums collected by a domestic mutual corporation as premiums or fees on
 3 qualifying applications for insurance therein shall be deposited in trust in a bank or
 4 trust company in this state under a written trust agreement consistent with this
 5 section and with paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of KRS 304.24-120 and 304.246 140. The corporation shall file an executed copy of such trust agreement with the
 7 commissioner[executive director].
- Upon issuance to the corporation of a certificate of authority as an insurer for the kind of insurance for which such applications were solicited, all funds so held in trust shall become the funds of the insurer, and the insurer shall thereafter in due course issue and deliver its policies for which premiums had been paid and accepted. The insurance provided by such policies shall be effective as of the date of the certificate of authority or thereafter as provided by the respective policies.
- → Section 1330. KRS 304.24-140 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 If the proposed domestic insurer fails to complete its organization and to secure its
 16 original certificate of authority within one (1) year after the date of its certificate of
 17 incorporation, its corporate powers shall cease, and the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 18 shall return or cause to be returned to the persons entitled thereto all advance deposits or
 19 payments of premiums held in trust under KRS 304.24-130.
- 20 → Section 1331. KRS 304.24-150 is amended to read as follows:
- 21 After being authorized to transact one (1) kind of insurance a mutual insurer may be
- 22 authorized by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> to transact additional kinds of
- 23 insurance by compliance with the applicable financial requirements set forth in KRS
- 24 304.24-100 and by otherwise complying with the applicable provisions of this code.
- Section 1332. KRS 304.24-170 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) A domestic mutual insurer shall have bylaws for the government of its affairs. The 27 insurer's initial board of directors shall adopt original bylaws, subject to the

approval of the insurer's members at the r	ext meeting of members.
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- 2 (2) The bylaws shall contain provisions, consistent with this code, relating to:
- 3 (a) The voting rights of members;
- 4 (b) Election of directors, and the number, qualifications, terms of office and powers of directors;
- 6 (c) Annual and special meetings of members;
- 7 (d) The number, designation, election, terms and powers and duties of the 8 respective corporate officers;
- (e) Deposit, custody, disbursement and accounting for corporate funds;
- 10 (f) Fidelity bonds covering officers and employees of the insurer handling its
 11 funds, to be issued by the corporate surety and to be in such amount as may be
 12 reasonable; and
- 13 (g) Such other matters as may be customary, necessary, or convenient for the 14 management or regulation of corporate affairs.
 - (3) The insurer shall promptly file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a copy, certified by the insurer's secretary, of its bylaws and of every modification thereof or addition thereto. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall disapprove any bylaw provision deemed by him <u>or her</u>, after a hearing held thereon, to be unlawful, unreasonable, inadequate, unfair or detrimental to the proper interests or protection of the insurer's members or any class thereof. The insurer shall not, after receiving written notice of such disapproval and during the existence thereof, effectuate any bylaw provision so disapproved.
- → Section 1333. KRS 304.24-190 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) Meetings of members of a domestic mutual insurer shall be held in the city or town
 25 of its registered office in this state, except as may otherwise be provided in the
 26 insurer's bylaws with the <u>commissioner's [executive director's]</u> approval.
- 27 (2) Each such insurer shall, during the first six (6) months of each calendar year, hold

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- 1 the annual meeting of its members to fill vacancies existing or occurring in the board of directors, receive and consider reports of the insurer's officers as to its 2 3 affairs and transact such other business as may properly be brought before it.
- 4 Written notice of the time and place of the annual meeting of members shall be 5 given members not less than thirty (30) days prior to the meeting. Notice may be 6 given by imprinting the notice plainly on the policies issued by the insurer or in any other appropriate manner. Any change of the date or place of the annual meeting 7 8 shall be made only by an annual meeting of members. Notice of such change, among other appropriate methods may be given: 9
 - By imprinting such new date or place on all policies which will be in effect as of the date of such changed meeting;
 - (b) Unless the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] otherwise orders, notice of the new date or place need be given only through policies issued after the date of the annual meeting at which such change was made and in premium notices and renewal certificates issued during the twenty-four (24) months immediately following such meeting.
 - If more than six (6) months are allowed to elapse after an annual meeting of members is due to be held without such annual meeting being held, the commissioner[executive director] shall, upon written request of any officer, director, or member of the insurer, cause written notice of such meeting to be given to the insurer's members, and the meeting shall be held as soon as reasonably possible thereafter.
 - → Section 1334. KRS 304.24-230 is amended to read as follows:
- If at any time the assets of a domestic mutual insurer are less than its liabilities and 25 the minimum amount of surplus required to be maintained by it under this code for 26 authority to transact the kinds of insurance being transacted, and the deficiency is 27 not cured from other sources, its directors may, if the same is approved by the

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- commissioner[executive director], levy an assessment only on its members who held policies providing for contingent liability at any time within the twelve (12) months next preceding the date the levy was authorized by the board of directors, and such members shall be liable to the insurer for the amount so assessed.
- The levy of assessment shall be for such an amount, subject to the

 commissioner's[executive director's] approval, as is required to cure such

 deficiency and to provide a reasonable amount of working funds above such

 minimum amount of surplus, but such working funds so provided shall not exceed

 five percent (5%) of the sum of the insurer's liabilities and such minimum required

 surplus as of the date of the levy.
- 13 As to the respective policies subject to the levy, the assessment shall be computed
 12 upon such reasonable basis as may be approved by the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 13 director] in writing in advance of the levy.
- 14 (4) No member shall have an offset against any assessment for which he <u>or she</u> is 15 liable, on account of any claim for unearned premium or loss payable.
- 16 (5) As to life insurance, any part of such assessment upon a member which remains
 17 unpaid following notice of assessment, demand for payment, and lapse of a
 18 reasonable waiting period as specified in such notice, may, if approved by the
 19 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> as being in the best interests of the insurer and its
 20 members, be secured by placing a lien upon the cash surrender values and
 21 accumulated dividends held by the insurer to the credit of the member.
- Section 1335. KRS 304.24-250 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) A domestic mutual insurer while maintaining unimpaired surplus funds not less in
 24 amount than the minimum paid-in capital stock and surplus required to be
 25 maintained by a domestic stock insurer, formed under this code, for authority to
 26 transact the same kinds or kind of insurance, may, upon receipt of the
 27 commissioner's[executive director's] order so authorizing, extinguish the

1	contingent liability to assessment of its members as to all its policies in force and
2	may omit provisions imposing contingent liability in all policies currently issued.

- The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall not authorize a domestic insurer to extinguish the contingent liability of any of its members or in any of its policies to be issued, unless it qualifies to and does extinguish such liability of all its members and in all such policies for all kinds of insurance transacted by it.
- 7 (3) A foreign or alien mutual insurer may issue nonassessable policies to its members 8 in this state pursuant to its charter and the laws of its domicile.
- 9 → Section 1336. KRS 304.24-260 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall revoke the authority of a domestic

 11 mutual insurer to issue policies without contingent liability if
- 12 (a) At any time the insurer's assets are less than the sum of its liabilities and the 13 surplus required for such authority, or
- 14 (b) The insurer, by resolution of its board of directors approved by a majority of 15 its members, requests that the authority be revoked.
- During the absence of such authority the insurer shall not issue any policy without providing therein for the contingent liability of the policyholder, nor renew any policy which is then in force without indorsing the same to provide for such contingent liability.
- Section 1337. KRS 304.24-280 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) No insurer shall hereafter make any contract whereby any person is granted or is to enjoy in fact the management of the insurer to the substantial exclusion of its board of directors, or to have the controlling or preemptive right to produce substantially all insurance business for the insurer, or, if an officer, director or otherwise part of the insurer's management, is to receive any commission, bonus or compensation based upon the volume of the insurer's business or transactions, unless the contract is filed with and approved by the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u>. The contract

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shall be deemed approved unless disapproved by the commissioner executive
director] within twenty (20) days after date of filing, subject to such reasonable
extension of time as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require by notice
given within such twenty (20) days. Any disapproval shall be delivered to the
insurer in writing, stating the grounds therefor.

- (2) Any such contract shall provide that any such manager or producer of its business shall within ninety (90) days after expiration of each calendar year furnish the insurer's board of directors a written statement of amounts received under or on account of the contract and amounts expended thereunder during such calendar year, including the emoluments received therefrom by the respective directors, officers, and other principal management personnel of the manager or producer, and with such classification of items and further detail as the insurer's board of directors may reasonably require.
- 14 (3) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall disapprove any such contract if he <u>or</u>

 15 she finds that it:
 - (a) Subjects the insurer to excessive charges; or
- 17 (b) Is to extend for any unreasonable length of time; or
- 18 (c) Does not contain fair and adequate standards of performance, or
- 19 (d) Contains other inequitable provision or provisions which impair the proper 20 interests of stockholders or policyholders of the insurer.
- 21 (4) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may, after a hearing held thereon, withdraw
 22 his <u>or her</u> approval of any such contract theretofore approved by him <u>or her</u>, if he
 23 <u>or she</u> finds that the bases of his <u>or her</u> original approval no longer exist, or that the
 24 contract has in actual operation, shown itself to be subject to disapproval on any of
 25 the grounds referred to in subsection (3) of this section.
- 26 (5) This section does not apply as to contracts entered into prior to June 18, 1970, nor 27 to extensions or amendments to such contracts, nor to relationships and agreements

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- between parents, subsidiaries, or affiliates.
- Section 1338. KRS 304.24-290 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 The insurer shall establish and maintain in this state its principal office and place of
- 4 business. The insurer's principal records shall be kept either at its principal office or, with
- 5 the approval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], at its place of business in any other
- state where it, or its affiliate as defined in subsection (4) of KRS 304.37-010, is engaged
- 7 in the business of entering into contracts of insurance.
- 8 → Section 1339. KRS 304.24-300 is amended to read as follows:
- A domestic stock or mutual insurer may borrow money to defray the expenses of its 9 10 organization, provide it with surplus funds, or for any purpose of its business, upon 11 a written agreement that such money is required to be repaid only out of the 12 insurer's surplus in excess of that stipulated in such agreement. The agreement may 13 provide for interest, which interest shall or shall not constitute a liability of the 14 insurer as to its funds other than such excess of surplus, as stipulated in the 15 agreement. No commission or promotion expense shall be paid in connection with 16 any such loan, except that if public offering and sale is made of the loan securities, 17 the insurer may pay the reasonable costs thereof approved by the commissioner[executive director]. 18
 - Money so borrowed, together with the interest thereon if so stipulated in the agreement, shall not form a part of the insurer's legal liabilities except as to its surplus in excess of the amount thereof stipulated in the agreement, or be the basis of any setoff; but until repaid, financial statements filed or published by the insurer shall show as a footnote thereto the amount thereof then unpaid together with any interest thereon accrued but unpaid. A surplus note shall be reported as surplus and not as debt only if the surplus note contains the following provisions:
- 26 (a) Subordination to policyholder;
 - (b) Subordination to claimant and beneficiary claims;

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1	(c)	Subordination to all other classes of creditors other than surplus note holders;
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- (d) Interest payments and principal repayments require prior approval of the state
 of domicile.
- 5 Any such loan shall be subject to the commissioner's [executive director's] approval. The insurer shall in advance of the loan, 6 7 commissioner[executive director] a statement of the purpose of the loan and a copy of the proposed loan agreement. The loan and agreement shall be deemed approved 8 9 unless within fifteen (15) days after date of such filing the insurer is notified of the 10 commissioner's executive director's disapproval and the reasons therefor. The 11 commissioner[executive director] shall disapprove any proposed loan or agreement 12 if he or she finds the loan is unnecessary or excessive for the purpose intended, or 13 that the terms of the loan agreement are not fair and equitable to the parties and to 14 other similar lenders, if any, to the insurer, or that the information so filed by the 15 insurer is inadequate.
- 16 (4) Any such loan or substantial portion thereof shall be repaid by the insurer when no
 17 longer reasonably necessary for the purpose originally intended. No repayment of
 18 such a loan shall be made unless approved in advance by the
 19 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 20 (5) This section shall not apply to other kinds of loans obtained by the insurer in 21 ordinary course of business, nor to loans secured by pledge or mortgage of assets.
- Section 1340. KRS 304.24-350 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) If the assets of an insurer at any time are less than its liabilities, including its capital
 24 stock as a liability, if a stock insurer, or its minimum required surplus if a mutual
 25 insurer, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall forthwith determine the amount
 26 of such deficiency and give notice to the insurer to make good the deficiency within
 27 ninety (90) days after the giving of such notice.

1	(2)	The insurer may cure the deficiency by a decrease of its capital stock or by other
2		lawful means. The deficiency shall be made good in cash or in assets eligible under
3		this code for investment of the insurer's funds or by decrease of the insurer's capital
4		stock to an amount not below the minimum required for the kinds of insurance to be
5		thereafter transacted.

- 6 (3) If the deficiency is not made good and proof thereof filed with the

 7 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> within such ninety-day period, the

 8 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall revoke the insurer's certificate of authority,

 9 the insurer shall be deemed insolvent, and shall be proceeded against as authorized

 10 by this code.
- → Section 1341. KRS 304.24-360 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 (1) A stock insurer may become a mutual insurer under such reasonable plan and
 13 procedure as may be approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> after a
 14 hearing thereon.
- 15 (2) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall not approve any such plan or procedure 16 of mutualization unless:
- 17 (a) <u>The commissioner</u>[He] finds that it is equitable to stockholders and policyholders;
- 19 (b) It is subject to approval by the holders of not less than three-fourths (3/4) of
 20 the insurer's outstanding capital stock having voting rights, and by not less
 21 than two-thirds (2/3) of the insurer's policyholders, who vote on such plan in
 22 person, by proxy, or by mail, pursuant to such reasonable notice and procedure
 23 as may be approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>;
- (c) If a life insurer, the right to vote thereon is limited to holders of policies, other than term or group policies, whose policies have been in force for more than one (1) year;
- 27 (d) Mutualization will result in retirement of shares of the insurer's capital stock

1			at a price not in excess of the fair market value thereof as determined by
2			competent disinterested appraisers;
3		(e)	The plan provides for the purchase of the shares of any dissenting stockholder
4			in the same manner and subject to the same applicable conditions as provided
5			by KRS Chapter 271B as to rights of dissenting stockholders with respect to
6			merger or consolidation of business corporations;
7		(f)	The plan provides for definite conditions to be fulfilled by a designated early
8			date upon which such mutualization will be deemed effective; and
9		(g)	The mutualization leaves the insurer with surplus funds reasonably adequate
10			for the security of its policyholders and to enable it to continue successfully in
11			business in the states in which it is then authorized to transact insurance and
12			for the kinds of insurance included in its certificates of authority in such
13			states.
14	(3)	This	section shall not apply to mutualization under order of court pursuant to
15		reha	bilitation or reorganization of an insurer under Subtitle 33.
16		→ S	ection 1342. KRS 304.24-370 is amended to read as follows:
17	A d	omesi	tic stock insurer may convert to a Kentucky ordinary business corporation
18	thro	ugh th	ne following procedures:
19	(1)	The	insurer shall give the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] written notice of its
20		inter	nt to convert to an ordinary business corporation;
21	(2)	The	insurer shall bulk reinsure all of its insurance, if any, in force, with another
22		auth	orized insurer under a bulk reinsurance agreement approved by the
23		<u>com</u>	missioner[executive-director] as provided in KRS 304.24-420. The agreement
24		of b	pulk reinsurance may be made contingent upon approval of stockholders as
25		prov	vided in subsection (4) of this section;

The insurer shall set aside funds in a special reserve in such amount and subject to

such administration as may be found by the commissioner[executive director] to be

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- reasonable and adequate for the purpose, for payment of all obligations, if any, of
 the insurer incurred by it and remaining unpaid under its insurance contracts prior to
 the effective date of such bulk reinsurance, or make other reasonable disposition
 satisfactory to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> for such payment:
- 5 The proposed conversion shall be approved by affirmative vote of not less than two-6 thirds (2/3) of each class of outstanding securities of the insurer having voting 7 rights, at a special meeting of holders of such securities called for the purpose; and at such meeting and by a like vote the certificate of organization of the corporation 8 9 shall be amended to remove therefrom the power to transact an insurance business 10 as an insurer, to provide for such new powers and purposes authorized by the 11 general corporation laws of this state as may be consistent with the purposes for 12 which the corporation is thereafter to exist, and to make such further alterations in the certificate of organization as may be required under such general corporation 13 14 laws of an ordinary business corporation:
- 15 (5) Security holders of the corporation who dissent from such proposed conversion 16 shall have the same applicable rights as exist under such general corporation laws 17 with respect to dissent from a proposed merger of the corporation; and
- 18 (6) Upon compliance with subsections (1) to (4) of this section, inclusive, and upon
 19 filing of the amendment of the certificate of organization with the
 20 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and otherwise as required by laws applicable to
 21 ordinary business corporations, the conversion shall thereupon become effective.
- ≥ Section 1343. KRS 304.24-390 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) A domestic insurer may merge or consolidate with one (1) or more domestic or 24 foreign insurers, by complying with the applicable provisions of the statutes of this 25 state governing the merger or consolidation of corporations formed for profit, but 26 subject to subsections (2), (3) and (4) of this section.
- 27 (2) No such merger or consolidation shall be effectuated unless in advance thereof the

plan and agreement therefor have been filed with the <u>commissioner</u> [executive
director] and approved in writing by him or her after a hearing thereon. The
<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] shall give such approval within a reasonable time
after such filing unless the commissioner[he] finds such plan or agreement:

(a) Is contrary to law; or

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- (b) Inequitable to the stockholders or members of the insurers involved; or
- 7 (c) Would substantially reduce the security of and service to be rendered to 8 policyholders of the domestic insurer in this state or elsewhere; or
 - (d) Would materially tend to lessen competition in the insurance business in this state or elsewhere as to the kinds of insurance involved, or would materially tend to create a monopoly as to such business; or
- 12 (e) Is subject to other material and reasonable objections.
- 13 (3) No director, officer, agent or employee of any insurer party to such merger or
 14 consolidation, or member of the family of such director, officer, agent, or employee,
 15 shall receive any fee, commission, compensation or other valuable consideration
 16 whatsoever for in any manner aiding, promoting or assisting therein except as set
 17 forth in such plan or agreement.
- 18 (4) If members of an insurer are entitled to vote, two-thirds (2/3) of the votes cast by
 19 such members of such insurer, as are represented at the meeting in person or by
 20 proxy, is necessary for the approval of any such agreement or plan.
- 21 (5) If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> does not approve any such plan or 22 agreement he <u>or she</u> shall so notify the insurer in writing specifying his <u>or her</u> 23 reasons therefor.
- ⇒ Section 1344. KRS 304.24-400 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) A domestic stock insurer shall not acquire a controlling interest in the shares of 26 another stock insurer by an exchange of securities or partly in exchange for 27 securities and partly for cash or property, unless the insurer has first submitted the

- plan for such acquisition and exchange to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] and
 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] has approved the same.
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall not so approve unless he <u>or she</u> finds
 the plan for such acquisition and exchange and the terms and conditions thereof to
 be fair and equitable to all parties concerned therein, after a hearing to which all
 persons to whom it is proposed to issue securities in such exchange shall have the
 right to appear.
- 8 (3) Notice and conduct of such hearing shall be as provided in Subtitle 2.
- 9 → Section 1345. KRS 304.24-415 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 Every insurer domiciled in this state shall file a report with the 11 commissioner[executive director] disclosing material acquisitions and 12 dispositions of assets or material nonrenewals, cancellations, or revisions of 13 ceded reinsurance agreements unless the acquisitions and dispositions of 14 assets or material nonrenewals, cancellations, or revisions of ceded 15 reinsurance agreements have been submitted to the commissioner executive 16 director for review, approval, or information purposes pursuant to other provisions of this chapter. 17
 - (b) The report required in paragraph (a) of this subsection is due within fifteen (15) days after the end of the calendar month in which any of the foregoing transactions occur.
- 21 (c) One (1) complete copy of the report, including any exhibits or other 22 attachments, shall be filed with:
 - 1. The insurance department of the insurer's state of domicile; and
 - 2. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
- 25 (d) All reports obtained by or disclosed to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 26 pursuant to this section shall be given confidential treatment and shall not be
 27 subject to subpoena and shall not be made public by the

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commissioner executive director, the National Association of Insurance
Commissioners, or any other person, except to insurance departments of other
states, without the prior written consent of the insurer to which it pertains
unless the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> , after giving the insurer who
would be affected notice and opportunity to be heard, determines that the
interest of policyholders, shareholders, or the public will be served by
publication, in which event the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] may publish
all or any part in the manner the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may deem
appropriate.

- (2) No acquisitions or dispositions of assets need be reported pursuant to 10 subsection (1) of this section if the acquisitions or dispositions are not 11 12 material. For purposes of this section, a material acquisition, or the aggregate 13 of any series of related acquisitions during any thirty (30) day period, is one 14 that is nonrecurring and not in the ordinary course of business and involves 15 more than five percent (5%) of the reporting insurer's total admitted assets as 16 reported in its most recent statutory statement filed with the insurance 17 department of the insurer's state of domicile.
 - (b) 1. Asset acquisitions subject to this section include every purchase, lease exchange, merger, consolidation, succession, or other acquisition other than the construction or development of real property by or for the reporting insurer or the acquisition of materials for such purpose.
 - Asset dispositions subject to this section include every sale, lease, exchange, merger, consolidation, mortgage, hypothecation, assignment (whether for the benefit of creditors or otherwise), abandonment, destruction, or other disposition.
- 26 (c) 1. The following information is required to be disclosed in any report of a
 27 material acquisition or disposition of assets:

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1				a.	Date of the transaction;
2				b.	Manner of acquisition or disposition;
3				c.	Description of the assets involved;
4				d.	Nature and amount of the consideration given or received;
5				e.	Purpose of, or reason for, the transaction;
6				f.	Manner by which the amount of consideration was determined;
7				g.	Gain or loss recognized or realized as a result of the transaction;
8					and
9				h.	Names of the persons from which the assets were acquired or to
10					whom they were disposed.
11			2.	Insu	rers are required to report material acquisitions and dispositions on a
12				none	consolidated basis unless the insurer is part of a consolidated group
13				of in	surers which utilizes a pooling arrangement or one hundred percent
14				(100	%) reinsurance agreement that affects the solvency and integrity of
15				the i	nsurer's reserves and the insurer ceded substantially all of its direct
16				and	assumed business to the pool. An insurer is deemed to have ceded
17				subs	tantially all of its direct and assumed business to a pool if the
18				insu	rer has less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) total direct plus
19				assu	med written premiums during a calendar year that are not subject to
20				a po	oling arrangement and the net income of the business not subject to
21				the	pooling arrangement represents less than five percent (5%) of the
22				insu	rer's capital and surplus.
23	(3)	(a)	No 1	nonre	newals, cancellations, or revisions of ceded reinsurance agreements
24			need	l be re	eported pursuant to subsection (1) of this section if the nonrenewals,
25			cano	ellatio	ons or revisions are not material. For purposes of this section, a
26			mate	erial n	onrenewal, cancellation, or revision is one that affects:
27			1.	As	respects property and casualty business, including accident and

1			health business written by a property and casualty insurer:
2			a. More than fifty percent (50%) of the insurer's total ceded written
3			premium; or
4			b. More than fifty percent (50%) of the insurer's total ceded
5			indemnity and loss adjustment reserves.
6		2.	As respects life, annuity, and accident and health business, more than
7			fifty percent (50%) of the total reserve credit taken for business ceded,
8			on an annualized basis, as indicated in the insurer's most recent annual
9			statement.
10		3.	As respects either property and casualty or life, annuity, and accident
11			and health business, either of the following events shall constitute a
12			material revision which must be reported:
13			a. An authorized reinsurer representing more than ten percent (10%)
14			of a total cession is replaced by one (1) or more unauthorized
15			reinsurers; or
16			b. Previously established collateral requirements have been reduced
17			or waived as respects one (1) or more unauthorized reinsurers
18			representing collectively more than ten percent (10%) of a total
19			cession.
20	(b)	No i	iling shall be required if:
21		1.	As respects property and casualty business, including accident and
22			health business written by a property and casualty insurer, the insurer's
23			total ceded written premium represents, on an annualized basis, less than
24			ten percent (10%) of its total written premium for direct and assumed
25			business; or
26		2.	As respects life, annuity, and accident and health business, the total
27			reserve credit taken for husiness ceded represents on an annualized

l	basis, less than ten percent (10%) of the statutory re	serve requirements
2	prior to any cession.	

- (c) The following information is required to be disclosed in any report of a material nonrenewal, cancellation, or revision of ceded reinsurance agreements:
 - 1. Effective date of the nonrenewal, cancellation, or revision;
 - 2. The description of the transaction with an identification of the initiator thereof;
 - 3. Purpose of, or reason for, the transaction; and
 - 4. If applicable, the identity of the replacement reinsurers.
 - Insurers are required to report all material nonrenewals, cancellations, or revisions of ceded reinsurance agreements on a nonconsolidated basis unless the insurer is part of a consolidated group of insurers which utilizes a pooling arrangement or one hundred percent (100%) reinsurance agreement that affects the solvency and integrity of the insurer's reserves and the insurer ceded substantially all of its direct and assumed business to a pool if the insurer has less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) total direct plus assumed written premiums during a calendar year that are not subject to a pooling arrangement and the net income of the business not subject to the pooling arrangement represents less than five percent (5%) of the insurer's capital and surplus.
- → Section 1346. KRS 304.24-420 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A domestic insurer may reinsure all or substantially all of its business in force, or all or substantially all of a major class thereof, with another insurer, stock or mutual, by an agreement of bulk reinsurance after compliance with this section. No such agreement shall become effective unless filed with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and approved by him <u>or her</u> in writing.

- 1 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall approve such agreements within a
 2 reasonable time after filing if he <u>or she</u> finds:
- 3 (a) That the plan and agreement are fair and equitable to each insurer and to the 4 policyholders involved;
- 5 (b) That the reinsurance, if effectuated, would not substantially reduce the 6 protection or service to the policyholders of any domestic insurer involved;
 - (c) That the agreement embodies adequate provisions by which the reinsuring insurer becomes liable to the original insureds for any loss or damage occurring under the policies reinsured in accordance with the original terms of such policies, and that the reinsuring insurer shall duly furnish each such insured with a certificate evidencing such assumption of liability;
 - (d) That the assuming reinsurer is authorized to transact such insurance in this state, or is qualified as for such authorization and will appoint the commissioner[executive director] and his or her successors as its irrevocable attorney for service of process, so long as any policy so reinsured or claim thereunder remains in force or outstanding;
 - (e) That such reinsurance would not materially tend to lessen competition in the insurance business in this state or elsewhere as to the kinds of insurance involved, and would not materially tend to create a monopoly as to such business; and
 - (f) That the proposed bulk reinsurance is free of other reasonable objections.
- 22 (3) If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] does not so approve he <u>or she</u> shall
 23 forthwith notify each insurer involved in writing, specifying his <u>or her</u> reasons
 24 therefor.
- 25 (4) If for reinsurance of all or substantially all of the business in force of a mutual 26 insurer at a time when the insurer's surplus is not impaired, the plan and agreement 27 for such reinsurance must be approved by vote of not less than two-thirds (2/3) of

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- the mutual insurer's members voting thereon at a meeting of members called for the purpose, pursuant to such reasonable notice and procedure as is provided for in the agreement. If a life insurer, right to vote may be limited to members whose policies are other than term or group policies, and have been in effect for more than one (1) year.
- No director, officer, agent or employee of any insurer party to such reinsurance, nor
 any other person shall receive any compensation for arranging such bulk
 reinsurance other than as provided in the agreement submitted to and approved by
 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
- → Section 1347. KRS 304.24-430 is amended to read as follows:
- A solvent domestic stock or mutual insurer, which then is not the subject of a 11 12 delinquency proceeding under Subtitle 33, may voluntarily dissolve under a plan 13 therefor in writing authorized by its board of directors, approved or adopted by 14 stockholders or members as hereinafter provided, and filed with and approved by 15 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. The plan shall provide for the disposition, by 16 bulk reinsurance or other lawful procedure, of all insurance in force in the insurer, 17 for full discharge of all obligations of the insurer, and designate or provide for trustees to conduct and administer the settlement of the insurer's affairs. 18
- 19 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> shall approve the plan unless found by him
 20 <u>or her</u> to be unlawful or unfair or inequitable or prejudicial to the interests of
 21 stockholders, policyholders or creditors.
- 22 (3) If a mutual insurer, the plan must have been approved by vote of not less than two-23 thirds (2/3) of the policyholders voting thereon at a special meeting of such 24 policyholders called and held for the purpose pursuant to such reasonable notice and 25 information as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may have approved.
- 26 (4) If a stock insurer, the plan must have been adopted by vote of not less than two-27 thirds (2/3) of all outstanding voting securities of the insurer at a special meeting of

such security holders called and held for the purpose.

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- 2 Following approval of the dissolution and plan therefor by members or adoption thereof by stockholders as 3 above provided, and approval by commissioner[executive director], the trustees designated or provided for in the 5 plan shall proceed to execute the plan. When all liabilities of the corporation have been discharged or otherwise adequately provided for, and all assets of the 6 7 corporation have been liquidated and distributed in accordance with the plan, the trustees shall so certify in quadruplicate under oath in writing. The trustees shall 8 9 deliver the original and the three (3) copies of such certificate to the 10 <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u>. The commissioner[executive_director] shall 11 make such examination of the affairs of the corporation, and of the liquidation and 12 distribution of its assets and discharge of or provision for its liabilities as the 13 commissioner[he] deems advisable. If upon such examination 14 commissioner he finds that the facts set forth in the certificate of the trustees are true, the commissioner he shall inscribe his or her approval on the certificate, file 15 16 the original thereof so inscribed in the office of the Secretary of State, file copy 17 thereof in the <u>department</u> office, and return the remaining two (2) copies to the 18 trustees. The trustees shall file one (1) of such copies for recording in the office of the county clerk of the county in which the corporation's principal place of business 19 20 is located, and retain the fourth copy for the corporate files.
 - (6) Upon filing the certificate of the trustees with the Secretary of State as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the Secretary of State shall issue to the trustees his <u>or</u>

 <u>her</u> certificate of dissolution, and the corporate existence of the corporation shall thereupon forever terminate. The Secretary of State shall charge and collect a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for the filing of the trustee's certificate, and shall deposit the same with the State Treasurer for credit to the general fund.
 - → Section 1348. KRS 304.24-440 is amended to read as follows:

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(1)	Upon any liquidation of a domestic mutual insurer, its assets remaining after
	discharge of its indebtedness, policy obligations, repayment of contributed or
	borrowed surplus, if any, and expenses of administration, shall be distributed to
	currently existing persons who had been members of the insurer for at least one (1)
	year and who were its members at any time within thirty-six (36) months next
	preceding the date such liquidation was authorized or ordered, or date of last
	termination of the insurer's certificate of authority whichever date is the earlier;
	except, that if the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] has reason to believe that those
	in charge of the management of the insurer have caused or encouraged the reduction
	of the number of members of the insurer in anticipation of liquidation and for the
	purpose of reducing thereby the number of persons who may be entitled to share in
	distribution of the insurer's assets, the commissioner[he] may enlarge the thirty-six
	(36) month qualification period above provided for by such additional period as he
	or she may deem to be reasonable.

- (2) The insurer shall make a reasonable classification of its policies so held by such members, and a formula based upon such classification for determining the equitable distributive share of each such member. Such classification and formula shall be subject to the approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- → Section 1349. KRS 304.24-500 is amended to read as follows:
- 20 (1) The purpose of this section is to:
- 21 (a) Provide a means whereby any insurer organized under the laws of any other 22 state may become a domestic insurer;
- 23 (b) Provide a means for any domestic insurer to transfer its domicile to another 24 state; and
- 25 (c) Provide a means for the continuation of a certificate of authority and other 26 approvals pertaining to any foreign insurer which transfers its corporate 27 domicile to another state by merger, consolidation, or any other lawful

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- (2) Any insurer which is organized under the laws of any other state and is admitted to do business in this state for the purpose of writing insurance may, upon approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, become a domestic insurer by complying with all of the requirements of this chapter relating to the organization and authorization of a domestic insurer of the same type and by designating its principal place of business at a place in this state. The domestic insurer shall be entitled to like certificates of authority to transact business in this state, and shall be subject to the authority and jurisdiction of this state.
- (3) Any domestic insurer may, upon approval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], transfer its domicile to any other state in which it is admitted to transact the business of insurance. Upon the transfer, the insurer shall cease to be a domestic insurer, and shall be authorized to transact insurance business in this state if qualified as a foreign insurer. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall approve the proposed transfer unless the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall determine the transfer is not in the interest of the policyholders of this state.
 - The certificate of authority, agents' appointments and licenses, rates, and other items which the <u>commissioner</u>[executive <u>director</u>] allows, in the <u>commissioner's</u>[executive <u>director's</u>] discretion, which are in existence at the time any insurer authorized to transact the business of insurance in this state transfers its corporate domicile to this or any other state by merger, consolidation, or merger pursuant to KRS 271B.11-070, or any other lawful method, shall continue in full force and effect upon the transfer if the insurer remains duly qualified to transact the business of insurance in this state. All outstanding policies of any transferring insurer shall remain in full force and effect and need not be endorsed as to the new name of the insurer or its new location unless so ordered by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. Every transferring insurer shall file new policy

	forms with the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] on or before the effective date of						
the transfer but may use existing policy forms with appropriate endorsements							
allowed by, and under such conditions as approved by, the commissioner executive							
	director]. However, every transferring insurer shall notify the						
	commissioner[executive director] in writing of the details of the proposed transfer						
	and shall file promptly appropriate amendments to corporate documents required to						
	be filed with the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director].						

- 8 (5) (a) Any insurer transferring its domicile in accordance with subsections (2) or (3) 9 of this section shall file an application for redomestication and transfer of 10 domicile with the *commissioner* (executive director). This transfer of domicile must be approved by order of the *commissioner* executive director. If the 11 12 commissioner[executive director] does not approve the transfer of domicile, 13 the applicant insurer may request a hearing in accordance with KRS 304.2-310(2)(b). 14
 - (b) An applicant filing to become a domestic insurer in accordance with subsection (2) of this section shall include a notice of transfer of domicile to the Secretary of State and the articles, amended articles, or restated articles of incorporation in compliance with KRS 271B.2-020.
 - (c) An application filed by a domestic insurer to transfer its domicile to another state in accordance with subsection (3) of this section shall include a copy of the order approving the redomestication issued by the new state of domicile.
- ≥ Section 1350. KRS 304.24-600 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) A domestic mutual insurer may convert to a stock insurer by amendment of its 24 articles of incorporation and upon compliance with the requirements of KRS 25 304.24-600 to 304.24-625 and the applicable requirements of this subtitle and 26 Subtitle 3 of this chapter.
- 27 (2) A domestic mutual insurer shall only convert to a stock insurer in accordance with a

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•		pian	or conversion approved by the commissioner texeographic and conf.				
2		→ S	ection 1351. KRS 304.24-603 is amended to read as follows:				
3	(1)	The	board of directors of the converting mutual shall adopt a resolution proposing				
4		the a	mendment of its articles of incorporation in accordance with KRS 304.24-080				
5		and	proposing a plan of conversion.				
6	(2)	The	plan of conversion shall:				
7		(a)	Describe the manner in which the proposed conversion shall occur and the				
8			insurer and any other business entity that will result from or be directly				
9			affected by the conversion, including the former mutual and any affiliate;				
10		(b)	Provide that the membership interests in the converting mutual shall be				
1			extinguished as of the effective date of the conversion;				
12		(c)	Require the fair and equitable distribution of aggregate consideration to the				
13			eligible members, upon the extinguishing of their membership interests, which				
l4		shall be equal to the fair value of the converting mutual as determined under a					
15		fair formula:					
16		1. Describe the manner in which the fair value of the converting mutual					
17			shall be determined or established;				
18			2. Describe the form or forms of consideration that shall be distributed to				
19			the eligible members; and				
20			3. Specify relevant classes, categories, or groups of eligible members, and				
21			describe the method or formula that shall be used for the equitable				
22			allocation of the aggregate consideration among the eligible members;				
23		(d)	Provide for the determination and preservation of the reasonable dividend				
24			expectations of eligible members and other policyholders with policies that				
25			provide for the distribution of policy dividends that shall be implemented				
26	•	•	through establishment of a closed block or other method acceptable to the				

commissioner[executive director] in compliance with KRS 304.24-600 to

1			304.24-625;
2		(e)	Specify the effective date of the plan of conversion and distributions to
3			eligible members; and
4		(f)	Include all other provisions that are necessary for, or material to, the
5			implementation of the conversion.
6	(3)	The	plan of conversion may include any other provisions that the converting mutual
7		deer	ns necessary or reasonable.
8		→ S	ection 1352. KRS 304.24-605 is amended to read as follows:
9	(1)	The	converting mutual shall file with the commissioner[executive director] an
10		appl	ication for approval of the plan of conversion.
11	(2)	The	application shall consist of the following:
12		(a)	The plan of conversion;
13		(b)	A certificate of the secretary of the converting mutual regarding the adoption
14	*		of the plan of conversion;
15		(c)	A statement of the reasons for the proposed conversion and why it is in the
16			best interests of the converting mutual and its eligible members, including an
17			analysis of the risks and benefits to the converting mutual and its members
18			and a comparison of the risks and benefits of reasonable alternatives to a
19			conversion;
20		(d)	A five (5) year business plan of the former mutual, including five (5) year
21			financial projections, detailed descriptive narrative, and all relevant
22			assumptions;
23		(e)	Any plans or proposals that the former mutual or any affiliate company may
24			have to raise additional capital through the issuance of stock or otherwise; and
25			any other plans that the former mutual or any affiliate company may have to
26			sell or otherwise issue stock to any person, including the adoption of any
27			employee compensation or benefit plan under which stock may be issued;

1	(I)	Any plans or proposals that the former mutual or any affiliate company may
2		have to liquidate or dissolve any company, to sell any material assets, or to
3		merge or consolidate with any person, or to make any other material change in
4		investment policy, business, corporate structure, or management;
5	(g)	Any plans or arrangement for a delayed distribution of consideration to
6		eligible members, or restrictions on sale or transfer of stock or other
7		securities;
8	(h)	A plan of operation for any closed block established for the preservation of the
9		reasonable dividend expectations of eligible members and other policyholders
10		with policies that provide for the distribution of policy dividends;
11	(i)	Copies of the current articles of incorporation and bylaws of the converting
12		mutual;
13	(j)	Copies of any proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws of the former
14		mutual;
15	(k)	A list of individuals who are or have been selected to become directors or
16		officers of the former mutual and of any affiliate, or the individuals who
17		perform or will perform duties customarily performed by a director or officer,
18		including the following information:
19		1. The individual's principal occupation;
20		2. All offices and positions the individual has held in the preceding five (5)
21		years;
22		3. Any criminal convictions of the individual;
23		4. Information concerning any personal bankruptcy of the individual or the
24		individual's spouse during the previous seven (7) years;
25		5. Information concerning the supervision, rehabilitation, or liquidation of
26		any insurer or the bankruptcy of any corporation or other entity of which
27		the individual was an officer or director;

1		6. Information concerning any state or federal securities law allegations				
2		against the individual that resulted in a determination that the individual				
3		violated the state or federal securities law, a plea of nolo contendere, or				
4		a consent decree;				
5		7. Information concerning the revocation of any state or federal license				
6		issued to the individual; and				
7		8. Information as to whether the individual was refused a fidelity or other				
8		bond during the previous ten (10) years.				
9	(1)	A fairness opinion addressed to the board of directors of the converting				
10		mutual from a qualified independent financial advisor, that the provision of				
11		stock, cash, policy benefits, or other forms of consideration upon				
12		extinguishing the converting mutual's membership interests under the plan of				
13		conversion, is fair and equitable to the eligible members, as a group, from a				
14		financial point of view;				
15	(m)	An actuarial opinion and supporting memorandum;				
16	(n)	A description of the plans of the former mutual or its affiliates to assure that				
17		an active trading market for any stock or other securities distributed to eligible				
18		members will develop within a reasonable amount of time after the effective				
19		date of the plan of conversion and that eligible members who receive stock or				
20		other securities will be able to sell their stock or other securities, subject to				
21		any delayed distribution or transfer restrictions, at reasonable cost and effort.				
22		These plans may consist of:				
23		1. Appointing a registrar and transfer agent for the stock or other securities;				
24		2. Making filings, applications, or registrations for the stock or other				
25		securities with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission and				
26		with appropriate state securities regulators;				
27		3. Listing the stock or other securities on a national or other securities				

1				exchange;
2			4.	Facilitating coverage of the stock or other securities by research analysts
3				and securing the commitment of at least one (1) market maker to make a
4				market in the stock or other securities;
5			5.	Conducting an underwritten public offering of the same class of stock or
6				other securities, promptly following the effective date of the plan of
7				conversion, in order to facilitate the development of a public market;
8				and
9			6.	Making available a procedure for eligible members holding small
10				numbers or amounts of stock or other securities to sell their stock or
11				other securities to the former mutual or an affiliate at market value
12				without the payment of brokerage commissions or similar fees, or to sell
13				their stock or other securities in the market through a broker with
14				discounted brokerage commissions or fees;
15		(o)	Any	additional information, documents, or materials that the converting
16			muti	al deems necessary or reasonable; and
17		(p)	Any	other additional information, documents, or materials that the
18			<u>com</u>	missioner[executive director] may request in writing.
19	(3)	(a)	The	actuarial opinion shall address whether:
20			1.	The methodology or formulas used to determine the total aggregate
21				consideration to be distributed to eligible members is reasonable and
22				appropriate;
23			2.	The methodology or formulas used to allocate consideration among the
24				eligible members is reasonable and appropriate;
25			3.	The financial condition of the former mutual will not be adversely
26				diminished; and
27			4	If a closed block is used for the preservation of the reasonable dividend

1		expectations of eligible members and other policyholders with policies				
2		that provide for the distribution of the policy dividends, the plan of				
3		operation, and the sufficiency of the assets allocated to the closed block,				
4		is reasonable.				
5		(b) The actuarial opinion shall be provided by a qualified and independent actuary				
6		who is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries. The opinion shall				
7		be given in accordance with professional standards and practices generally				
8		accepted by the actuarial profession and those other factors as the actuary				
9		believes are reasonable and appropriate in the exercise of professional				
10		judgment at the time the opinion is given.				
11		(c) The opinion shall be supported by a memorandum of the actuary, describing				
12		the calculations made and the assumptions used in the calculations.				
13		→ Section 1353. KRS 304.24-607 is amended to read as follows:				
14	(1)	The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have ninety (90) days to review the				
15		plan of conversion after it is filed. Upon completion of the review, the				
16		<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] shall schedule a public hearing on the plan of				
17		conversion.				
18	(2)	The <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] shall hold a hearing upon the plan of				
19		conversion in accordance with KRS 304.2-310.				
20	(3)	The converting insurer shall present evidence that the plan of conversion complies				
21		with KRS 304.24-600 to 304.24-625.				
22	(4)	Persons wishing to make comments and submit information may submit written				
23		statements prior to the public hearing and may appear and be heard at the hearing.				
24		These comments shall be part of the record and shall be considered by the				
25		<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] before issuing an order on the plan of conversion.				

(5) At least forty-five (45) days prior to the hearing date, the converting mutual shall

provide information regarding the hearing to the eligible members and its other

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policyholders and certificate holders. The information provided shall include a brief
statement of the subject of the hearing, the date, time, and location of the hearing, a
description of members eligible to vote on the plan of conversion, and a statement
indicating the location at which the public portion of the application may be
examined. This information shall be provided by mail or by other means approved
by the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director].

- (6) Following the hearing, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall, by order, approve, conditionally approve, or disapprove the plan of conversion. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require, as a condition of approval of the plan of conversion, modification of the proposed plan of conversion. The insurer shall file the amendments required by the conditional approval within thirty (30) days of the date of the order. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may grant an extension for filing amendments for good cause shown. If the applicant does not timely file the required amendments, the plan of conversion shall be deemed disapproved.
- → Section 1354. KRS 304.24-609 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall approve the plan of conversion if the

 18 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> finds, following the hearing, that the plan of

 19 conversion:
- 20 (a) Complies with the provisions of this chapter and all other applicable laws;
- 21 (b) Is fair and equitable to the eligible members and the other policyholders of the 22 converting mutual;
 - (c) Is actuarially reasonable and appropriate;
- 24 (d) Will not jeopardize the financial stability of the former mutual or prejudice the 25 interest of its policyholders; and
- 26 (e) Provides that the former mutual shall be able to satisfy the requirements for 27 issuance of a certificate of authority to write the kinds of insurance for which

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the converting mutual is presently authorized.

- 2 **(2)** The commissioner executive director shall, at the converting mutual's expense, hire accountants, actuaries, attorneys, financial advisors, investment bankers, and 3 other experts as may be necessary to assist the commissioner executive director in 4 reviewing all matters under KRS 304.24-600 to 304.24-625 that are related to the 5 6 plan of conversion and the application. The commissioner[executive director] may at any time require the converting mutual to deposit an amount of money with the 7 8 <u>department</u> of fice in anticipation of expenses to be incurred by the 9 commissioner executive director under this subsection.
- 10 (3) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may consider the effect of any action taken
 11 by the converting insurer within a three (3) year period immediately prior to the
 12 filing of the plan of conversion if the action taken by the insurer has a material
 13 effect on the fairness and equity of the plan of conversion.
- → Section 1355. KRS 304.24-611 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) The plan of conversion and the proposed amendment to the articles of incorporation 16 of the converting mutual shall be submitted to a vote of the members of the 17 converting mutual, as provided in this section and in KRS 304.24-095.
- 18 (2) The meeting of members shall be held no later than ninety (90) days after the
 19 issuance of the <u>commissioner's</u>[executive director's] order of approval of the plan
 20 of conversion or after the filing of all amendments in compliance with the order of
 21 conditional approval of the plan of conversion.
- The converting mutual shall give written notice of the right to vote on the plan of conversion to the members of the converting mutual entitled to vote. The notice shall be accompanied by explanatory information concerning the plan of conversion and may be accompanied by proxy solicitation materials. The notice and accompanying information and materials shall not be provided to the members until approved by the *commissioner*[executive-director]. The notice and accompanying

1		materials shall include:					
2		(a) A brief statement of the subject of the meeting;					
3		(b) The date, time, and location of the meeting;					
4		(c)	A description of the member's right to attend and participate in the meeting;				
5		(d)	A description of the nature and amount of consideration that will be provided				
6			to the eligible members upon completion of the conversion;				
7		(e)	If reasonably ascertainable by the converting mutual, a description of the form				
8			and amount or approximate amount of consideration to be provided to the				
9			particular member to whom the notice is addressed;				
10		(f)	A copy of the plan of conversion and summary of the plan; and				
l 1		(g)	A reference to the applicable statutory provisions.				
12	(4)	The	notice required by subsection (3) of this section shall achieve a minimum score				
13		of fo	orty (40) on the Flesch reading ease test or an equivalent score on a comparable				
14		test approved by the commissioner [executive director].					
15	(5)	The notice shall be mailed, or provided by some other method or methods as may					
16		be approved by the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director], not less than thirty (30) days					
17		before the date of the meeting of members to vote on the plan of conversion.					
18	(6)	Only persons who are members of the converting mutual on both the date the					
19		converting mutual's board of directors adopts the resolution proposing the plan of					
20		conversion and the record date for the meeting established by the board of directors					
21		shall be entitled to vote on the plan of conversion and the proposed amendment to					
22		the articles of incorporation of the converting mutual. Each voting member shall be					
23		enti	tled to vote in accordance with KRS 304.24-210.				
24	(7)	Not	withstanding KRS 304.24-210, a member may vote by proxy only if:				
25		(a)	The proxy was solicited and obtained from the member for the express and				
26			sole purpose of voting on the plan of conversion, amendments to the articles				

of incorporation and bylaws, and any other matter materially related to the

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- 2 (b) The proxy solicitation materials were provided to the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 3 director] prior to sending the materials to the members.
- The plan of conversion and the proposed amendment to the converting mutual's articles of incorporation shall be approved by the members upon receiving the affirmative votes of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the members voting at the meeting in person or by proxy.
- 8 → Section 1356. KRS 304.24-615 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 (1) The total aggregate consideration to be distributed to the eligible members shall be
 10 determined under a fair formula. The total aggregate consideration shall not be less
 11 than the converting mutual's total surplus or surplus as regards policyholders; plus
 12 the value of all nonadmitted assets; plus a reasonable present equity in reserves, if
 13 any; minus any adjustments for contributed or borrowed surplus.
 - (2) The consideration to be distributed to the eligible members shall be cash, stock, or other securities of the former mutual or of an affiliate, additional paid up insurance or annuity benefits, or any combination of these forms of consideration or other forms of consideration described in the plan of conversion and approved by the commissioner[executive director].
- 19 The form of consideration to be distributed to a class, category, or group of eligible members may differ from the form of consideration to be distributed to another 20 21 class, category, or group of eligible members. The choice of the form of consideration may take into account such factors as the type of policies with respect 22 23 to which the consideration is being distributed, the country or state of residence or 24 tax status of the eligible members, the length of time that eligible members have 25 been members of the converting mutual, or other appropriate factors or 26 circumstances described in the plan of conversion.
- 27 (4) Distribution of all or part of the consideration to some or all of the eligible members

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- may be delayed, or restrictions on sale or transfer of any stock or other securities to
- be distributed to eligible members may be required, for a reasonable period of time
- following the effective date of the conversion. That period of time shall not exceed
- six (6) months, unless approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- Section 1357. KRS 304.24-617 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 In determining whether the method or formula in the plan of conversion is fair and
- 7 equitable, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may consider the following factors:
- 8 (1) Voting rights;
- 9 (2) Number of eligible members;
- 10 (3) Length of membership in the converting mutual;
- 11 (4) Premiums paid by members;
- 12 (5) Policy limits;
- 13 (6) Risk of line of insurance;
- 14 (7) Sources of the proportionate contributions to historical surplus, based on such
- groupings, classification, historical information, assumptions, and projections as are
- actuarially sound and reasonable;
- 17 (8) For a converting mutual that is a property and casualty company, the net earned
- premiums each eligible member has paid to the converting mutual, compared to the
- total net earned premiums paid by all eligible members, in each case during the
- 20 period of time specified in the plan of conversion; and
- 21 (9) Any other relevant factors the commissioner executive director may deem
- 22 appropriate.
- Section 1358. KRS 304.24-619 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) No dividend preservation provisions shall provide in any way or substitute for the
- 25 distribution of consideration to eligible members upon extinguishing their
- 26 membership interests.
- 27 (2) Any dividend preservation provision may be limited to participating individual life

insurance policies and participating individual annuity contracts in force or deemed
to be in force by the plan of conversion on the effective date of the plan of
conversion for which the converting mutual insurer has an experience-based
dividend scale due, paid, or accrued by action of the board of directors of the
converting mutual in the year in which the plan of reorganization is adopted, except
that:

- (a) Policies that would be included but for the fact that their recent issuance results in no dividends for an initial period, may be included;
 - (b) Policies that are in force as extended term insurance may be included; and
- 10 (c) Other categories of policies and benefits not described in this subsection may
 11 be included or excluded with approval of the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 12 <u>director]</u>.
 - → Section 1359. KRS 304.24-621 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) The provisions of this section apply if a closed block is used for the preservation of 15 the reasonable dividend expectations of eligible members and other policyholders.
- 16 (2) The converting mutual shall prepare a written plan of operation for the closed block, 17 consistent with the requirements of this section and the other applicable 18 requirements of KRS 304.24-600 to 304.24-625.
- 19 (3) The closed block shall be operated for the exclusive benefit of policies and
 20 contracts included in it. No costs or expenses incurred in connection with the
 21 conversion shall be charged to the closed block.
- 22 (4) The assets allocated to the closed block, together with the revenue from the closed block, shall be calculated to be reasonably sufficient to support the business in the closed block until the last policy in the closed block has terminated, including payment of claims and those expenses and taxes as are specified in the plan of conversion, and to provide for continuation of dividend scales in effect on the adoption date of the plan of conversion, if the experience underlying those scales

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continues and for appropriate adjustments in the scales if the experience change	1	continues and	for appro	priate adjus	tments in the	e scales if the	experience change
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- 2 (5) The assets to a closed block shall be specified in the plan of operation and must consist of:
- 4 (a) A list of designated assets of the converting mutual's general account or 5 specified segments, which list shall change periodically to reflect the 6 acquisition and disposition of assets;
- 7 (b) A designated portion of each asset of the converting mutual's general account 8 or specified segments thereof, which portion shall change periodically to 9 reflect the cash flows of the closed block; or
- 10 (c) Assets designated by a combination of the methods described in paragraphs
 11 (a) and (b) of this subsection.
- 12 (6) The plan of operation shall specify which of those methods of assignment of closed 13 block assets is being used and shall set forth the methods by which the designations 14 referred to in subsection (5) of this section are changed during the course of closed 15 block operations.
- 16 (7) The former mutual shall submit to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> annual
 17 reports, in a form acceptable to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, that account
 18 for and describe the operations of the closed block; and as specified in the plan of
 19 operation provide for annual reviews of, and reports and opinions on, the closed
 20 block by an independent actuary.
 - 21 (8) The plan of operation shall provide for the conditions under which the former 22 mutual may terminate the closed block.
 - 23 (9) The former mutual shall not distribute any residual assets of the closed block until
 24 the plan for distribution of the residual assets is approved by the
 25 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
 - Section 1360. KRS 304.24-623 is amended to read as follows:
 - 27 (1) Except as specifically provided in the plan of conversion, for a period of five (5)

years following the effective date of the conversion, no person or persons acting ir
concert, other than the former mutual, any affiliate, any employee benefit plans, or
trusts sponsored by the former mutual or affiliate, shall directly or indirectly offer to
acquire or acquire in any manner the beneficial ownership of five percent (5%) or
more of any class of a voting security of the former mutual or any affiliate company
without the prior approval by the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] of a statement
filed by that person with the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director]. The statement shall
contain the information required by KRS 304.37-120(2) and any other information
required by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> .

- 10 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> shall not approve the acquisition if the

 11 <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> finds that:
- 12 (a) The requirements of KRS 304.37-120(4)(a) have not been satisfied;
- 13 (b) The acquisition will frustrate the fair and equitable plan of conversion as
 14 approved by the members and the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director];
 - (c) The acquisition or change of control will result in unjust enrichment of the acquiring persons to the detriment of the eligible members of the converting mutual; and
 - (d) The acquisition would not be in the best interest of the present and future policyholders of the former mutual, without regard to any interest of policyholders as shareholders of the former mutual or any affiliate company.
- 21 (3) The requirements of this section shall be in addition and supplemental to any other 22 filings or approvals required by this chapter or otherwise by law.
- → Section 1361. KRS 304.24-625 is amended to read as follows:
- During the one (1) year period following the effective date of the plan of conversion, neither the former mutual nor any affiliate company shall sell or issue, or adopt any plan or benefit program providing for the sale or issuance of, any stock or other equity security except:

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1	(1)	As d	lisclosed in the approved plan of conversion; or	
2	(2)	As otherwise approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> , upon a finding		
3		that	the stock transaction:	
4		(a)	Will not frustrate the plan of conversion as approved by the members and the	
5			commissioner[executive director]; and	

- (b) Is not adverse to the best interests of the policyholders of the former mutual, without regard to any interests of policyholders as shareholders of the former mutual or any affiliate company.
- 9 → Section 1362. KRS 304.25-020 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) When used in this subtitle, the following terms shall mean and include the 11 following:
- 12 (a) Acting director. Acting director means an acting director elected or appointed 13 in accordance with this subtitle.
 - (b) Acting officer. Acting officer means an acting officer appointed in accordance with this subtitle.
 - (c) Acute emergency. Acute emergency means a period, as formally declared and proclaimed by the Governor of this state, in which, by reason of loss of life, epidemic disease, destruction or damage of property, contamination of property by radiological, chemical or bacteriological means, or disruption of the means of transportation or communication, resulting from an attack, it is impossible or impractical for the business of insurance in this state to be conducted in strict accord with the provision of law or charter applicable thereto.
 - (d) Attack. Attack means any attack, actual or imminent, or series of attacks by an enemy or a foreign nation upon the United States causing, or which may cause, substantial damage or injury to civilian property or persons in the United States in any manner by sabotage or by the use of bombs, shell fire, or

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1			atomic, radiological, chemical, bacteriological or biological means or other
2			weapons or processes.
3		(e)	Board. Board means the board of directors, board of trustees, committee or
4			similar body having control of the affairs of an insurance organization.
5		(f)	Charter. Charter means the certificate of organization or incorporation or
6			special law incorporating a corporation together with its bylaws, or the
7			agreement establishing a fund or association together with its constitution and
8			bylaws.
9		(g)	<u>Commissioner[Executive director]</u> . <u>Commissioner[Executive director]</u> means
10			the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] of <u>the Department of</u> Insurance or
11			person duly designated to exercise the powers of that <u>department</u> [office]
12			during an attack or acute emergency.
13		(h)	Director. Director means a director, trustee or member of a board.
14		(i)	Domestic organization. Domestic organization means any insurance
15			organization which is domiciled in this state.
16		(j)	Insurance organization. Insurance organization means any insurer, rating
17			organization, service or advisory organization, joint underwriting association,
18			which is subject, in whole or in part, to the insurance laws of this state.
19		(k)	Officer. Officer means an officer of a domestic insurance organization.
20		(1)	Quorum. Quorum means the minimum number of directors required by
21			charter and bylaw, exclusive of the provisions of this subtitle, to be present for
22			valid action to be taken at a meeting of a board with respect to each particular
23			item of business which may come before such meeting.
24	(2)	This	subtitle does not and shall not be construed to limit the powers of, or permit or
25		requ	ire, any insurance organization which is not domiciled in this state or of any
26		bran	ch office, or agents of such insurance organization, or the directors, officers,

members, policyholders, or stockholders of any such organization to act, or fail to

- act, in such fashion as would violate the laws of the jurisdiction wherein such organization has its domicile.
- 3 → Section 1363. KRS 304.25-030 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) With the approval of the commissioner executive director, any domestic 5 organization may, at any time, adopt, in the same manner as in the case of ordinary bylaws, emergency bylaws to become operative during a period of acute emergency. 6 7 Emergency bylaws may contain provisions with respect to the number of directors capable of acting which shall constitute its board, the number of such directors 8 9 which shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of the board, the number of votes 10 necessary for action by such board, the manner in which vacancies on the board shall be filled, the line of succession of its officers, and the interim management of 11 12 the affairs of the insurance organization; such provisions, if approved by the 13 commissioner[executive-director], need not comply with the requirement of the 14 charter of such domestic organization or of the insurance or incorporation laws of this state. 15
- 16 (2) KRS 304.25-040 and subsections (2) to (6), inclusive, of KRS 304.25-050, shall not
 17 be applicable during a period of acute emergency to any domestic organization
 18 operating in accordance with and under emergency bylaws theretofore approved by
 19 the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- Section 1364. KRS 304.25-040 is amended to read as follows:

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(1) Notwithstanding any provision of its charter, any domestic insurance organization, without complying with any provision of law requiring approval, or application for approval, of a change of location of its principal office may, from time to time, change the location thereof during an acute emergency to a suitable location within the United States, and may carry on its business at such new location during such acute emergency, and for a reasonable time thereafter. Any insurance organization which changes the location of its principal office during an acute emergency shall

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- notify the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] thereof in writing as soon as practical, stating the address of the new location, the address of the former location, and the dates when business is ceasing at the former location and commencing at the latter location.
- Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law or its charter, if at any time during an acute emergency affecting any domestic insurance organization, no person otherwise empowered to call meetings of the board is capable of acting, a meeting thereof may be called by any director or acting director or if no director or acting director is capable of acting, by any officer or acting officer. If it shall be impractical or impossible to give notice of a meeting of the board in the manner prescribed by charter and law, other than this subtitle, the person calling such a meeting may give notice thereof by making such reasonable efforts as circumstances may permit to notify each director and acting director of the time and place of the meeting, but need not specify the purposes thereof. Failure of any director or acting director to receive actual notice of a meeting of directors and acting directors shall not affect the power of the directors and acting directors present at such meeting to exercise the powers of an emergency board of directors as prescribed in this section. Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as requiring a meeting of the board of such an organization to be convened in any manner different from that prescribed by its charter and by the provisions of law other than this subtitle.
- (3) If three (3) or more directors and acting directors of any domestic insurance organization are present at any meeting of its board duly convened during an acute emergency affecting such domestic insurance organization, they shall constitute its emergency board of directors which, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law or of its charter, shall have the power, subject to the limitations prescribed by this subtitle, by a majority of those present, to take any and every action which may be

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- necessary to enable such domestic insurance organization to meet the exigencies of the acute emergency and conduct its business during such period, but no other powers. The powers of an emergency board of directors shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following powers:
- (a) Fill vacancies and absentees. At any meeting, to elect such acting directors as it may deem necessary, without regard to the number of directors which would otherwise be required, to serve in any positions on such board which are vacant or in place of any directors or acting directors who are absent from such meeting, but not to elect any director on a permanent basis.
- (b) Acting officers and duties. To elect such acting officers as it may deem necessary, without regard to the number of officers which would otherwise be required, to serve in any offices which are vacant or in place of any officers or acting officers who fail to appear and assume their duties, to fix the compensation and determine the powers and duties of acting officers and to remove acting officers but not to remove any officer or to fill any vacancy on a permanent basis or to cause the insurance organization to enter into any contract of employment for a term in excess of one (1) year.
- (c) Change of location. To cause the insurance organization to change the location of its principal office, pursuant to this section, or any of its places of business, and to authorize such action as it may deem appropriate to acquire space and facilities at new locations, but not to acquire for use of its principal office property in fee or for a term in excess of one (1) year.
- (d) Postpone meetings. To postpone any meeting of the stockholders, policyholders or members or directors of such organization if, in the judgment of a majority of the members of such emergency board of directors, it would be impracticable to hold such meeting at the time it would otherwise have been held or conducted.

- (e) Call meetings. If it shall appear to an emergency board of directors that a quorum of the board cannot be assembled within a reasonable time, to call a meeting of the stockholders, policyholders or members of the insurance organization to be held as soon as the circumstances may reasonably permit, at a place to be designated by the emergency board of directors within this state or a contiguous state, for the purpose of electing directors to fill vacancies on the board, but for no other purpose, and to propose nominees for such election. Any such meetings of stockholders, policyholders or members shall be held upon notice given in accordance with the charter of the organization and applicable law other than this section.
- (4) As soon as practicable after each meeting of an emergency board of directors, the person who presided thereat shall notify the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> in writing of the time and place of such meeting, of the manner in which notice thereof was given, of the persons present and of all actions taken at such meeting.
 - No person prohibited by law or by the charter of a domestic insurance organization from serving as a member of its board shall be eligible to serve as an acting director except that no person shall be disqualified to serve as an acting director by reason of his <u>or her</u> not being a stockholder, policyholder or member of such insurance organization, by reason of his <u>or her</u> not being a resident of this state or of a contiguous state, or by reason of the number of directors or acting directors who are officers, acting officers or employees of the insurance organization. Any person may serve as an acting director of a fund who is a director, acting director, officer or acting officer of an organization which is a party to the agreement creating the fund. No oath of acting directors shall be required.
- 25 (6) Acting directors elected under this section or appointed under KRS 304.25-060 26 shall be entitled to vote at all meetings of emergency board of directors equally with 27 directors. Acting directors shall not be entitled to take part in the deliberations or to

- vote at any meeting of the board which is duly convened in accordance with the applicable provisions of its charter and of law other than this subtitle and at which a quorum is present. Each acting director shall serve until the director or acting director in whose place he <u>or she</u> was elected or appointed shall attend the meeting of the board or until the director is duly elected to fill the vacancy in which such acting director has been serving, whichever event occurs earlier. An acting director shall be entitled to the compensation, if any, payable to a director.
- 8 (7) Acting officers elected pursuant to this section shall have powers and duties and
 9 receive such compensation as may from time to time be determined by the
 10 emergency board of directors. Each acting officer shall serve until the officer in
 11 whose place he <u>or she</u> was elected shall appear and assume his <u>or her</u> duties or until
 12 his <u>or her</u> successor officer or acting officer shall be elected, whichever event
 13 occurs earlier.
- 14 (8) This section shall not be deemed applicable during a period of acute emergency to
 15 any domestic organization operating in accordance with and under emergency
 16 bylaws theretofore approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- → Section 1365. KRS 304.25-050 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 Designate additional acting directors. If at any time during an acute emergency, the number of directors or acting directors of a domestic insurance organization who 19 20 are capable of acting shall be less than three (3), as determined by the 21 commissioner[executive director] after a reasonable investigation, the 22 commissioner executive director shall have the power to designate additional 23 acting directors in such number as will bring to three (3) the number of directors and acting directors who are capable of acting. 24
- 25 (2) Resolve controversies. To resolve controversy as to the power of any group of
 26 persons purporting to act as an emergency board of directors so to act, the
 27 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall, upon a determination that such action will

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- tend to promote the safe and sound and orderly conduct of the business of any domestic insurance organization, have power to issue orders declaring that any such group shall or shall not have the powers of an emergency board of directors, or confirming, modifying or vacating in whole or in part any action taken or purportedly taken by any such group or by removing any acting director.
- (3) (a) Declare provisions of law operative or inoperative. At any time after an attack, upon his determination that such action will tend to promote certainty as to the powers of insurance organizations or individuals pursuant to this subtitle or that such action is desirable to enable insurance organizations to take preparatory precautions prior to the occurrence of an acute emergency, the commissioner[executive director] shall have power to declare that any provision of this subtitle which he may specify shall be operative with respect to any domestic insurance organization or to the Kentucky business of any other insurance organization which he may designate. Upon such declaration such organization and its directors, officers, acting directors and acting officers shall have all powers conferred by this subtitle. The failure of the commissioner[executive director] so to declare shall not be deemed to limit the powers of any organization or its directors, officers, acting directors or acting officers where an acute emergency exists in fact.
 - (b) At any time after the commencement of an acute emergency or after the commissioner[executive director] shall have declared any provision of this subtitle operative under this subsection upon his determination that an insurance organization is able, in whole or in part, to carry on its business in compliance with its charter and the laws, other than this subtitle, the <a href="mailto:commissioner[executive director] shall have power to declare that any provision of this subtitle which he may specify shall be inoperative with respect to any domestic insurance organization or to the Kentucky business of

any other insurance organization which he may designate. Upon such declaration, such organization shall be governed by its charter and the provisions of law other than this subtitle, except insofar as they remain inoperative.

- Possession of business and property. Upon the determination that, as a result of an acute emergency, the business and affairs of an insurance organization cannot otherwise be conducted in a safe and sound manner, the commissioner executive director may forthwith take possession of the business and property of the insurance organization within this state or, if a domestic insurance organization, its business and property wherever situated. This subtitle shall be applicable in any case in which the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> takes possession of an insurance organization under this subsection as though the insurance organization were an insurer of which the commissioner[executive director] had taken possession under this subtitle, except that no such provision shall be applicable which the commissioner[executive director] shall have declared inapplicable under this subsection. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have power to declare inapplicable any such provision upon his determination that the same is inappropriate or unnecessary to protect the interest of the public or the stockholders or creditors of the insurance organization, in view of the acute emergency and the nature of the organization.
- by subsections (2) and (4) of this section shall be exercised by him only in the event that there is no court of competent jurisdiction available to which an application can be made for an order permitting him to exercise such powers with respect to a particular insurance organization. The powers conferred by subsection (4) of this section shall not be exercised in a case of an insurance organization which is not insolvent within the meaning of this subtitle, unless the *commissioner*[executive]

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- director finds that such insurance organization lacks personnel able to manage its
- business in the interest of the public, stockholders and policyholders.
- 3 (6) Regulations. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have power to issue
- 4 general and specific regulations, directives and orders consistent with and in
- 5 furtherance of the purpose of this subtitle.
- Section 1366. KRS 304.25-060 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) Presumption. In any action or proceeding it shall be presumed that an acute
- 8 emergency existing within this state constitutes an acute emergency affecting every
- 9 insurance organization doing business within this state.
- 10 (2) Powers of board. During an acute emergency the board of a domestic insurance
- organization which has adopted emergency bylaws approved by the
- 12 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have all of the powers conferred by such
- bylaws, and no other or different powers with respect to the subject matter of this
- subtitle, and the board of a domestic insurance organization which has not adopted
- emergency bylaws approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have all
- of the powers of an emergency board of directors as the same are provided for under
- this subtitle.
- → Section 1367. KRS 304.26-020 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 The term "equity security" when used in this subtitle means:
- 20 (1) Any stock or similar security; or
- 21 (2) Any security convertible, with or without consideration, into such a security, or
- carrying any warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase such a security; or
- 23 (3) Any such warrant or right; or
- 24 (4) Any other security which the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> deems to be of
- similar nature and considers necessary or appropriate, by such rules and regulations
- as <u>the commissioner[he]</u> may prescribe in the public interest or for the protection of
- investors, to treat as an equity security.

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- Section 1368. KRS 304.26-030 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 Every person who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than ten percent
- 3 (10%) of any class of any equity security of a domestic stock insurer, or who is a director
- 4 or an officer of such insurer, shall:
- 5 (1) File in the office of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] within ten (10) days after
- he <u>or she</u> becomes such beneficial owner, director or officer, a statement, in such
- form as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may prescribe, of the amount of all
- 8 equity securities of such insurer of which he or she is the beneficial owner; and
- 9 (2) Within ten (10) days after the close of each calendar month thereafter, if there has
- been a change in such ownership during such month, file in the office of the
- 11 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> a statement, in such form as the
- 12 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may prescribe, indicating his <u>or her</u> ownership at
- the close of the calendar month and such changes in his or her ownership as have
- occurred during such calendar month.
- Section 1369. KRS 304.26-040 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) For the purpose of preventing the unfair use of information which may have been
- obtained by such beneficial owner, director, or officer by reason of his or her
- relationship to such insurer, any profit realized by him <u>or her</u> from any purchase
- and sale, or any sale and purchase, of any equity security of such insurer within any
- period of less than six (6) months, unless such security was acquired in good faith in
- connection with a debt previously contracted, shall inure to and be recoverable by
- 22 the insurer, irrespective of any intention on the part of such beneficial owner,
- director, or officer in entering into such transaction or holding the security
- purchased or of not repurchasing the security sold for a period exceeding six (6)
- 25 months.
- 26 (2) Suit to recover such profit may be instituted at law or in equity in any court of
- competent jurisdiction by the insurer, or by the owner of any security of the insurer

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1	in the name and in behalf of the insurer if the insurer fails or refuses to bring such
2	suit within sixty (60) days after request or fails diligently to prosecute the same
3	thereafter; but no such suit shall be brought more than two (2) years after the date
4	such profit was realized.

- This section shall not be construed to cover any transaction where such beneficial owner was not such both at the time of the purchase and sale, or the sale and purchase, of the security involved, or any transaction or transactions which the commissioner[executive director] by rules and regulations may exempt as not comprehended within the purpose of this section.
- Description 1370. KRS 304.26-050 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 (1) It is unlawful for any such beneficial owner, director or officer, directly or indirectly, to sell any equity security of such insurer if the person selling the security or his *or her* principal:
 - (a) Does not own the security sold, or
 - (b) If the owner of the security does not deliver it against such sale within twenty (20) days thereafter, or does not within five (5) days after such sale deposit it in the mails or other usual channels of transportation, but no person shall be deemed to have violated this section if he <u>or she</u> proves that notwithstanding the exercise of good faith he <u>or she</u> was unable to make such delivery or deposit within such time, or that to do so would cause undue inconvenience or expense.
- 22 (2) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall establish, and from time to time amend,
 23 regulations with regard to proxies, consents, or authorizations in respect of
 24 securities issued by any domestic stock insurer, such regulations to conform to those
 25 prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
- Section 1371. KRS 304.26-060 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) The provisions of KRS 304.26-040 do not apply to any purchase and sale, or sale

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- and purchase, and the provisions of subsection (1) of KRS 304.26-050 do not apply
 to any sale, of an equity security of a domestic stock insurer not then or theretofore
 held by him <u>or her</u> in an investment account, by a dealer in the ordinary course of
 his <u>or her</u> business and incident to the establishment or maintenance by him <u>or her</u>
 of a primary or secondary market (otherwise than on an exchange as defined in the
 Securities Exchange Act of 1934) for such security.
- 7 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may, by such rules and regulations as he <u>or</u>
 8 <u>she</u> deems necessary or appropriate in the public interest, define and prescribe terms
 9 and conditions with respect to securities held in an investment account and
 10 transactions made in the ordinary course of business and incident to the
 11 establishment or maintenance of a primary or secondary market.
- → Section 1372. KRS 304.26-070 is amended to read as follows:
- The provisions of KRS 304.26-030 and 304.26-040 and subsection (1) of KRS 304.26-050, do not apply to foreign or domestic arbitrage transactions unless made in contravention of such rules and regulations as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may adopt in order to carry out the purposes of this subtitle.
- → Section 1373. KRS 304.26-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have the power to make such rules and
 19 regulations as may be necessary for the execution of the functions vested in him <u>or</u>
 20 <u>her</u> by KRS 304.26-030 to 304.26-080, inclusive, and may for such purpose classify
 21 domestic stock insurers, securities and other persons or matters within his <u>or her</u>
 22 jurisdiction.
 - (2) No provision of KRS 304.26-030 to 304.26-050, inclusive, imposing any liability shall apply to any act done or omitted in good faith in conformity with any rule or regulation of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, notwithstanding that such rule or regulation may, after such act or omission, be amended or rescinded or determined by judicial or other authority to be invalid for any reason.

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1		7 0	ection 1574. RRS 504.27-000 is amended to read as ionows:
2	(1)	Twe	nty-five (25) or more persons domiciled in this state may organize a domestic
3		recip	procal insurer and make application to the commissioner executive director for
4		a cer	rtificate of authority to transact insurance.
5	(2)	The	proposed attorney shall fulfill the requirements of and shall execute and file
6		with	the commissioner[executive director] when applying for a certificate of
7		auth	ority, a declaration setting forth:
8	,	(a)	The name of the insurer;
9		(b)	The location of the insurer's principal office, which shall be the same as that
10			of the attorney and shall be maintained within this state;
11		(c)	The kinds of insurance proposed to be transacted;
12		(d)	The names and addresses of the original subscribers;
13		(e)	The designation and appointment of the proposed attorney and a copy of the
14			power of attorney;
15		(f)	The names and addresses of the officers and directors of the attorney, if a
16			corporation, or its members, if a firm;
17		(g)	The powers of the subscribers' advisory committee; and the names and terms
18			of office of the members thereof;
19		(h)	A copy of the subscribers' agreement;
20		(i)	That all moneys paid to the reciprocal insurer shall, after deducting therefrom
21			any sum payable to the attorney, be held in the name of the insurer and for the
22			purposes specified in the subscribers' agreement;
23		(j)	A statement that each of the original subscribers has in good faith applied for
24			insurance of a kind proposed to be transacted, and that the insurer has received
25			from each such subscriber the full premium or premium deposit required for
26			the policy applied for, for a term of not less than six (6) months at an adequate
27			rate theretofore filed with the commission or leverative director!

1		(K)	A statement of the financial condition of the insurer, a schedule of its assets,
2			and a statement that the surplus as required by KRS 304.3-120 is on hand; and
3		(1)	A copy of each policy, indorsement and application form it then proposes to
4			issue or use.
5	(3)	The	declaration shall be acknowledged by the attorney in the manner required for
6		the a	cknowledgment of deeds.
7		→ Se	ection 1375. KRS 304.27-070 is amended to read as follows:
8	(1)	The	certificate of authority of a reciprocal insurer shall be issued to its attorney in
9		the n	ame of the insurer.
10	(2)	The	commissioner[executive director] may refuse, suspend or revoke the certificate
11		of a	uthority, in addition to other grounds therefor, including those provided in
12		Subt	itles 2 and 3 of this chapter, for failure of the attorney to comply with any
13		appli	cable provision of this code.
14		→ Se	ection 1376. KRS 304.27-080 is amended to read as follows:
15	(1)	The	rights and powers of attorney of a reciprocal insurer shall be as provided in the
16		powe	er of attorney given it by the subscribers.
17	(2)	The	power of attorney must set forth:
18		(a)	The powers, duties and compensation of the attorney;
19		(b)	That the attorney is empowered to accept service of process on behalf of the
20			insurer in actions against the insurer upon contracts exchanged;
21		(c)	The general services to be performed by the attorney;
22		(d)	The maximum amount to be deducted from advance premiums or deposits to
23		-	be paid to the attorney and the general items of expense in addition to losses,
24			to be paid by the insurer; and
25		(e)	Except as to nonassessable policies, a provision for a contingent several
26			liability of each subscriber in a specified amount which amount shall be not

less than one (1) nor more than ten (10) times the premium or premium

1			deposit stated in the policy.
2	(3)	The	power of attorney may:
3		(a)	Provide for the right of substitution of the attorney and revocation of the
4			power of attorney and rights thereunder;
5		(b)	Impose such restrictions upon the exercise of the power as are agreed upon by

- 5 (b) Impose such restrictions upon the exercise of the power as are agreed upon by
 6 the subscribers;
- 7 (c) Provide for the exercise of any right reserved to the subscribers directly or 8 through their advisory committee; and
- 9 (d) Contain other lawful provisions deemed advisable.
- 10 (4) The terms of any power of attorney or agreement collateral thereto shall be
 11 reasonable and equitable, and no such power or agreement, or any amendment
 12 thereof, shall be used or be effective in this state until approved by the
 13 commissioner[executive director].
- → Section 1377. KRS 304.27-100 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) Concurrently with the filing of the declaration provided for in KRS 304.27-060, the
 16 attorney of a domestic reciprocal insurer shall file with the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 17 director] a bond in favor of this state for the benefit of all persons damaged as a
 18 result of breach by the attorney of the conditions of his <u>or her</u> bond as set forth in
 19 subsection (2) of this section. The bond shall be executed by the attorney and by an
 20 authorized corporate surety, and shall be subject to the <u>commissioner's[executive</u>
 21 director's] approval.
- 22 (2) The bond shall be in the penal sum of \$100,000, aggregate in form, conditioned that
 23 the attorney will faithfully account for all moneys and other property of the insurer
 24 coming into his <u>or her</u> hands, and that he <u>or she</u> will not withdraw or appropriate to
 25 his <u>or her</u> own use from the funds of the insurer, any moneys or property to which
 26 he <u>or she</u> is not entitled under the power of attorney.
- 27 (3) The bond shall provide that it is not subject to cancellation unless thirty (30) days'

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- advance notice in writing of cancellation is given both the attorney and the
- 2 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 3 → Section 1378. KRS 304.27-110 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 In lieu of such bond, the attorney may maintain on deposit with the
- 5 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> a like amount in cash or in value of securities qualified
- 6 under this code as insurer's investments, and subject to the same conditions as the bond.
- 7 Section 1379. KRS 304.27-140 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 The attorney or other parties may advance to a domestic reciprocal insurer upon
- 9 reasonable terms such funds as it may require from time to time in its operations. Sums so
- advanced shall not be treated as a liability of the insurer, and except upon liquidation of
- the insurer, shall not be withdrawn or repaid except out of the insurer's realized earned
- 12 surplus in excess of its minimum required surplus. No such withdrawal or repayment
- shall be made without the advance approval of the *commissioner* [executive director].
- 14 This section does not apply to bank loans, or to other loans made upon security.
- Section 1380. KRS 304.27-150 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) The annual statement of a reciprocal insurer shall be made and filed by its attorney.
- 17 (2) The statement shall be supplemented by such information as may be required by the
- 18 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] relative to the affairs and transactions of the
- 19 attorney.
- 20 → Section 1381. KRS 304.27-160 is amended to read as follows:
- 21 In determining the financial condition of a reciprocal insurer the commissioner executive
- 22 director] shall apply the following rules:
- 23 (1) <u>The commissioner[He]</u> shall charge as liabilities the same reserves as are required
- of incorporated insurers issuing nonassessable policies on a reserve basis.
- 25 (2) The surplus deposits of subscribers shall be allowed as assets, except that any
- 26 premium deposit delinquent for ninety (90) days shall first be charged against such
- 27 surplus deposit.

- 1 (3) The surplus deposits of subscribers shall not be charged as a liability.
- 2 (4) All premium deposits delinquent less than ninety (90) days shall be allowed as
- 3 assets.
- 4 (5) An assessment levied upon subscribers, and not collected shall be allowed as assets.
- 5 (6) The contingent liability of subscribers shall not be allowed as an asset.
- 6 (7) The computation of reserves shall be based upon premium deposits other than
- 7 membership fees and without any deduction for the compensation of the attorney.
- Section 1382. KRS 304.27-210 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 (1) Assessments may from time to time be levied upon subscribers of a domestic
- reciprocal insurer liable therefor under the terms of their policies by the attorney
- upon approval in advance by the subscribers' advisory committee and the
- 12 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>; or by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> in
- liquidation of the insurer.
- 14 (2) Each subscriber's share of a deficiency for which an assessment is made, but not
- exceeding in any event his <u>or her</u> aggregate contingent liability as computed in
- accordance with KRS 304.27-230, shall be computed by applying to the premium
- earned on the subscriber's policy or policies during the period to be covered by the
- assessment, the ratio of the total deficiency to the total premiums earned during
- such period upon all policies subject to the assessment.
- 20 (3) In computing the earned premiums for the purposes of this section, the gross
- premium received by the insurer for the policy shall be used as a base, deducting
- therefrom solely charges not recurring upon the renewal or extension of the policy.
- 23 (4) No subscriber shall have an offset against any assessment for which he <u>or she</u> is
- liable, on account of any claim for unearned premium or losses payable.
- Section 1383. KRS 304.27-220 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 Every subscriber of a domestic reciprocal insurer having contingent liability shall be
- 27 liable for, and shall pay his or her share of any assessment, as computed and limited in

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- 1 accordance with this subtitle, if:
- 2 (1) While his <u>or her</u> policy is in force or within one (1) year after its termination, he <u>or</u>
- 3 <u>she</u> is notified by either the attorney or the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of his
- 4 or her intention to levy such assessment, or
- 5 (2) If an order to show cause why a receiver, conservator, rehabilitator or liquidator of
- the insurer should not be appointed is issued while his <u>or her</u> policy is in force or

If a reciprocal insurer has a surplus of assets over all liabilities at least equal to the

- within one (1) year after its termination.
- Section 1384. KRS 304.27-240 is amended to read as follows:
- minimum capital stock and surplus required to be maintained by a domestic stock insurer authorized to transact like kinds of insurance, upon application of the attorney and as approved by the subscribers' advisory committee the commissioner[executive director] shall issue his or her certificate authorizing the insurer to extinguish the contingent liability of subscribers under its policies then in force in this state, and to omit provisions imposing contingent liability in all
- policies delivered or issued for delivery in this state for so long as all such surplus
- 17 remains unimpaired.

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- 18 (2) Upon impairment of such surplus, the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> shall
- 19 forthwith revoke the certificate. Such revocation shall not render subject to
- 20 contingent liability any policy then in force and for the remainder of the period for
- which the premium has theretofore been paid; but after such revocation no policy
- shall be issued or renewed without providing for contingent assessment liability of
- 23 the subscriber.
- 24 (3) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall not authorize a domestic reciprocal
- 25 insurer so to extinguish the contingent liability of any of its subscribers or in any of
- its policies to be issued, unless it qualifies to and does extinguish such liability of
- all its subscribers and in all such policies for all kinds of insurance transacted by it.

Except, that if required by the laws of another state in which the insurer is transacting insurance as an authorized insurer, the insurer may issue policies providing for the contingent liability of such of its subscribers as may acquire such policies in such state, and need not extinguish the contingent liability applicable to policies theretofore in force in such state.

→ Section 1385. KRS 304.27-260 is amended to read as follows:

Upon the liquidation of a domestic reciprocal insurer, its assets remaining after discharge of its indebtedness and policy obligations, the return of any contributions of the attorney or other persons to its surplus, and the return of any unused premium, savings, or credits then standing on subscribers' accounts, shall be distributed to its subscribers who were such within the twelve (12) months prior to the last termination of its certificate of authority, according to such reasonable formula as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may approve.

- → Section 1386. KRS 304.27-270 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) A domestic reciprocal insurer upon affirmative vote of not less than two-thirds (2/3)
 16 of its subscribers who vote on such merger pursuant to due notice and the approval
 17 of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of the terms therefor, may merge with
 18 another reciprocal insurer or be converted to a stock or mutual insurer.
- 19 (2) Such a stock or mutual insurer shall be subject to the same capital or surplus
 20 requirements and shall have the same rights as a like domestic insurer transacting
 21 like kinds of insurance.
- 22 (3) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall not approve any plan for such merger
 23 or conversion which is inequitable to subscribers, or which, if for conversion to a
 24 stock insurer, does not give each subscriber preferential right to acquire stock of the
 25 proposed insurer proportionate to his <u>or her</u> interest in the reciprocal insurer as
 26 determined in accordance with KRS 304.27-260 and a reasonable length of time
 27 within which to exercise such right.

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	1	→ Section 1387.	KRS 304.27-280 is amended to read as follows:	ows:
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- If the assets of a domestic reciprocal insurer are at any time insufficient to discharge its liabilities, other than any liability on account of funds contributed by the attorney or others, and to maintain the required surplus, its attorney shall forthwith make up the deficiency or levy an assessment upon the subscribers for the amount needed to make up the deficiency; but subject to the limitation set forth in the power of attorney or policy.
- 8 (2) If the attorney fails to make up such deficiency or to make the assessment within
 9 thirty (30) days after the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> orders him <u>or her</u> to do
 10 so, or if the deficiency is not fully made up within sixty (60) days after the date the
 11 assessment was made, the insurer shall be deemed insolvent and shall be proceeded
 12 against as authorized by this code.
- 13 (3) If liquidation of such an insurer is ordered, an assessment shall be levied upon the
 14 subscribers for such an amount, subject to limits as provided by this subtitle, as the
 15 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> determines to be necessary to discharge all
 16 liabilities of the insurer, exclusive of any funds contributed by the attorney or other
 17 persons, but including the reasonable cost of the liquidation.
- Section 1388. KRS 304.28-030 is amended to read as follows:
- Underwriters shall file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] for an original certificate of authority, an application, signed and sworn to by their duly authorized attorney, setting forth in addition to matters required in KRS 304.3-150:
- 22 (1) The name of the attorney and title under which the business is to be conducted, 23 which title shall contain the name Lloyd's and shall not be so similar to any name or 24 title in use in this state as to be likely to confuse or deceive.
- 25 (2) The names and addresses of all the underwriters proposing to engage in the business.
- 27 (3) The number of underwriters, which shall not be less than twenty-five (25), and that

- each underwriter is worth in his <u>or her</u> own right not less than \$20,000 over and above all his <u>or her</u> liabilities.
- 3 (4) A copy of each form of policy or contract by which such insurance is to be effected.
- 4 (5) A copy of the form of power of attorney by virtue of which the attorney is to act for 5 and bind the several underwriters and a copy of the articles of agreement entered 6 into between the underwriters themselves and the attorney.
- A financial statement showing in detail the assets contributed or accumulated in the hands of the attorney, committee of underwriters, trustees and/or other officers of such underwriters at Lloyd's, together with the liabilities incurred and outstanding and the income received and disbursements made by the attorney for the underwriters.
- 12 (7) An instrument executed by each and all of the underwriters specially empowering
 13 the attorney to accept services of process for each underwriter in any action on any
 14 policy or contract of insurance and an instrument from the attorney to the
 15 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, delegating the attorney's powers in this respect
 16 to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- → Section 1389. KRS 304.28-040 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) Upon the filing of the documents required, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 19 shall examine them. If it appears that all the statements made are true and that the
 20 rights of the policyholders will be protected thereunder, and that the insurer is
 21 otherwise qualified therefor, <u>the commissioner[he]</u> shall issue a certificate of
 22 authority to the underwriters under the name chosen and approved, authorizing
 23 them to transact the business of insurance as specified in the application.
 - (2) Prior to the issuance of an original certificate of authority, a Lloyd's organization shall submit to examination of its affairs, by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], or, if acceptable to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], shall file with <u>the</u>

 <u>commissioner</u>[him] a certified copy of an examination of its affairs made within

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1	two (2) years by the proper supervising official of some other state.				
2	→ Section 1390. KRS 304.28-050 is amended to read as follows:				
3	Additional or substituted underwriters shall be bound in the same manner and to the same				
4	extent as original subscribers to the articles of agreement and power of attorney on file				
5	with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> , and the acts of the duly appointed deputy or				
6	substitute attorney of any attorney licensed under this subtitle in accepting powers of				
7	attorney from underwriters and in making and issuing policies and contracts of insurance				
8	and in doing any additional acts incident thereto shall be deemed authorized by the				
9	license issued to the original attorney.				
10	→ Section 1391. KRS 304.29-101 is amended to read as follows:				
11	A domestic society organized on or after January 1, 1989, shall be formed as follows:				
12	(1) Seven (7) or more citizens of the United States, a majority of whom are citizens of				
13	this state, who desire to form a fraternal benefit society, may make, sign and				
14	acknowledge before some officer competent to take acknowledgment of deeds,				
15	articles of incorporation, in which shall be stated:				
16	(a) The proposed corporate name of the society, which shall not so closely				
17	resemble the name of any society or insurance company as to be misleading or				
18	confusing;				
19	(b) The purposes for which it is being formed and the mode in which its corporate				
20	powers are to be exercised. The purposes shall not include more liberal				
21	powers than are granted by this subtitle; and				
22	(c) The names and residences of the incorporators and the names, residences and				
23	official titles of all the officers, trustees, directors, or other persons who are to				

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have and exercise the general control of the management of the affairs and

funds of the society for the first year or until the ensuing election at which all

such officers shall be elected by the supreme governing body, which election

shall be held not later than one (1) year from the date of issuance of the

permanent certificate of authority.

- The articles of incorporation, duly certified copies of the society's bylaws and rules, copies of all proposed forms of certificates, applications therefor, and circulars to be issued by the society and a bond conditioned upon the return to applicants of the advanced payments if the organization is not completed within one (1) year shall be filed with the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u>, who may require further information. The bond with sureties approved by the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u> shall be in an amount, not less than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) nor more than one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000), as required by the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u>. All documents filed shall be in the English language. If the purposes of the society conform to the requirements of this subtitle and all provisions of the law have been complied with, the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u> shall so certify, retain and file the articles of incorporation and furnish the incorporators a preliminary certificate of authority authorizing the society to solicit members.
- No preliminary certificate of authority granted under the provisions of this section shall be valid after one (1) year from its date or after such further period, not exceeding one (1) year, as may be authorized by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> upon cause shown, unless the five hundred (500) applicants hereinafter required have been secured and the organization has been completed as herein provided. The articles of incorporation and all other proceedings thereunder shall become null and void in one (1) year from the date of the preliminary certificate of authority, or at the expiration of the extended period, unless the society shall have completed its organization and received a certificate of authority to do business.
- (4) Upon receipt of a preliminary certificate of authority from the commissioner[executive director], the society may solicit members for the purpose of completing its organization, shall collect from each applicant the amount of not

less than one (1) regular monthly premium in accordance with its table of rates, and
shall issue to each applicant a receipt for the amount so collected. No society shall
incur any liability other than for the return of advance premium, nor issue any
certificate, nor pay, allow, or offer or promise to pay or allow, any benefit to any
person until:

- (a) Actual bona fide applications for benefits have been secured on not less than five hundred (500) applicants, and any necessary evidence of insurability has been furnished to and approved by the society;
- (b) At least ten (10) subordinate lodges have been established into which the five hundred (500) applicants have been admitted;
- (c) There has been submitted to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], under oath of the president or secretary, or corresponding officer of the society, a list of the applicants, giving their names, addresses, date each was admitted, name and number of the subordinate lodge of which each applicant is a member, amount of benefits to be granted and premiums therefor; and
- (d) It shall have been shown to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], by sworn statement of the treasurer, or corresponding officer of the society, that at least five hundred (500) applicants have each paid in cash at least one (1) regular monthly premium, which premiums in the aggregate shall amount to at least one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000). The advance premiums shall be held in trust during the period of organization; and if the society has not qualified for a certificate of authority within one (1) year, the premiums shall be returned to the applicants.
- (5) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may make examination and require further information as he <u>or she</u> deems advisable. Upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the society has complied with all the provisions of law, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall issue to the society a certificate of authority

- to that effect and that the society is authorized to transact business pursuant to the provisions of KRS Chapter 304. The certificate of authority shall be prima facie evidence of the existence of the society at the date of the certificate. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall cause a record of the certificate of authority to be made. A certified copy of the record may be given in evidence with like effect as the original certificate of authority.
- 7 (6) Any incorporated society authorized to transact business in this state at the time this 8 subtitle becomes effective shall not be required to reincorporate.
- 9 (7) No unincorporated or voluntary association shall be permitted to transact business in this state as a fraternal benefit society.
- → Section 1392. KRS 304.29-111 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 (1) A domestic society may amend its laws in accordance with the provisions thereof by action of its supreme governing body at any regular or special meeting or, if its laws 13 14 so provide, by referendum. The referendum may be held in accordance with the provisions of its laws by the vote of the voting members of the society, by the vote 15 of delegates or representatives of voting members, or by the vote of local lodges. A 16 17 society may provide for voting by mail. No amendment submitted for adoption by 18 referendum shall be adopted unless, within six (6) months from the date of 19 submission, a majority of the members voting shall have signified their consent to 20 the amendment by one (1) of the methods herein specified.
 - by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], who shall approve the amendment if he <u>or</u>

 <u>she</u> finds that it has been duly adopted and is not inconsistent with any requirement of the laws of this state or with the character, objects and purposes of the society.

 Unless the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall disapprove any amendment within sixty (60) days after the filing, the amendment shall be considered approved.

 The approval or disapproval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall be in

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- writing and mailed to the secretary or corresponding officer of the society at its principal office. In case the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> disapproves the amendment, the reasons therefor shall be stated in the written notice.
- Within ninety (90) days from the approval by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>,

 all amendments, or a synopsis, shall be furnished to all members of the society,

 either by mail or by publication in full in the official publication of the society. The

 affidavit of any officer of the society or of anyone authorized by it to mail any

 amendments or synopsis, stating facts which show that same have been duly

 addressed and mailed, shall be prima facie evidence that the amendments or

 synopsis, have been furnished the addressee.
- 11 (4) Every foreign or alien society authorized to do business in this state shall file with
 12 the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> a duly certified copy of all amendments of, or
 13 additions to, its laws within ninety (90) days after the enactment of same.
- 14 (5) Printed copies of the laws as amended, certified by the secretary or corresponding 15 officer of the society, shall be prima facie evidence of the legal adoption thereof.
- → Section 1393. KRS 304.29-131 is amended to read as follows:

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(1) A domestic society may, by a reinsurance agreement, cede any individual risk or risks in whole or in part to an insurer, other than another fraternal benefit society, having the power to make reinsurance and authorized to do business in this state, or if not so authorized, one (1) which is approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>; but no society may reinsure substantially all of its insurance in force without the written permission of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>. It may take credit for the reserves on the ceded risks to the extent reinsured; but no credit shall be allowed as an admitted asset or as a deduction from liability, to a ceding society for reinsurance made, ceded, renewed, or otherwise becoming effective after January 1, 1989, unless the reinsurance is payable by the assuming insurer on the basis of the liability of the ceding society under the contract or contracts reinsured

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1		with	out diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding society.
2	(2)	Not	withstanding the limitation in subsection (1) of this section, a society may
3		reins	sure the risks of another society in a consolidation or merger approved by the
4		<u>com</u>	missioner[executive director] under KRS 304.29-141.
5		→ S	ection 1394. KRS 304.29-141 is amended to read as follows:
6	(1)	A do	omestic society may consolidate or merge with any other society by complying
7		with	the provisions of this section. It shall file with the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
8		direc	e tor] :
9		(a)	A certified copy of the written contract containing in full the terms and
10			conditions of the consolidation or merger;
11		(b)	A sworn statement by the president and secretary or corresponding officers of
12			each society showing the financial condition thereof on a date fixed by the
13			commissioner[executive director] but not earlier than December 31, next
14			preceding the date of the contract;
15		(c)	A certificate of the officers, duly verified by their respective oaths, that the
16			consolidation or merger has been approved by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the
17			supreme governing body of each society, the vote being conducted at a regular
18			or special meeting of each body, or, if the society's laws so permit, by mail;
19			and
20		(d)	Evidence that at least sixty (60) days prior to the action of the supreme
21			governing body of each society, the text of the contract has been furnished to
22			all members of each society either by mail or by publication in full in the
23			official publication of each society.
24	(2)	If the	e <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> finds that the contract is in conformity with
25		the t	provisions of this section, that the financial statements are correct and that the

consolidation or merger is just and equitable to the members of each society, the

commissioner[executive director] shall approve the contract and issue a certificate

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society which is a party to the contract is incorporated under the laws of any other state or territory. If the consolidation or merger shall not become effective unless and until it has been approved as provided by the laws of the state or territory and a certificate of approval filed with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of this state or, if the laws of the state or territory contain no such provision, the consolidation or merger shall not become effective unless and until it has been approved by the commissioner of insurance of the state or territory and a certificate of the approval filed with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of this state.

- Upon the consolidation or merger becoming effective, all the rights, franchises and interests of the consolidated or merged societies in and to every species of property, real, personal or mixed, and things in action thereunto belonging shall be vested in the society resulting from or remaining after the consolidation or merger without any other instrument, except that conveyances of real property may be evidenced by proper deeds; and the title to any real estate or interest therein, vested under the laws of this state in any of the societies consolidated or merged, shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of the consolidation or merger, but shall vest absolutely in the society resulting from or remaining after the consolidation or merger.
- (4) The affidavit of any officer of the society or of anyone authorized by it to mail any notice or document, stating that the notice or document has been duly addressed and mailed, shall be prima facie evidence that the notice or document has been furnished the addressees.
- Section 1395. KRS 304.29-151 is amended to read as follows:
- Any domestic fraternal benefit society may be converted and licensed as a mutual life insurance company by compliance with all the requirements of the insurance laws of this state for mutual life insurance companies. A plan of conversion shall be prepared in

- writing by the board of directors setting forth in full the terms and conditions of conversion. The affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3) of all members of the supreme governing body at a regular or special meeting shall be necessary for the approval of the plan. No conversion shall take effect unless and until approved by the commissioner[executive director] who may give approval if he or she finds that that proposed change is in conformity with the requirements of law and not prejudicial to the certificate holders of the society.
- 8 → Section 1396. KRS 304.29-191 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 (1) Every society authorized to do business in this state shall issue to each owner of a benefit contract a certificate specifying the amount of benefits provided. The 10 certificate, together with any riders or endorsements attached thereto, the laws of the 11 12 society, the application for membership, the application for insurance and declaration of insurability, if any, signed by the applicant, and all amendments to 13 14 each, shall constitute the benefit contract, as of the date of issuance, between the society and the owner, and the certificate shall so state. A copy of the application 15 for insurance and declaration of insurability, if any, shall be endorsed upon or 16 17 attached to the certificate. All statements on the application shall be representations 18 and not warranties. Any waiver of this provision shall be void.
 - (2) Any changes, additions or amendments to the laws of the society duly made or enacted subsequent to the issuance of the certificate, shall bind the owner and the beneficiaries, and shall govern and control the benefit contract in all respects the same as though the changes, additions or amendments had been made prior to and were in force at the time of the application for insurance, except that no change, addition or amendment shall destroy or diminish benefits which the society contracted to give the owner as of the date of issuance.
- 26 (3) Any person upon whose life a benefit contract is issued prior to attaining the age of
 27 majority shall be bound by the terms of the application and certificate and by all the

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1	laws and rules of the society to the same extent as though the age of majority had
2	been attained at the time of application.

- (4) A society shall provide in its laws that, if its reserves as to all or any class of certificates become impaired, its board of directors or corresponding body may require that there shall be paid by the owner to the society the amount of the owner's equitable proportion of the deficiency as ascertained by its board, and that if the payment is not made either:
 - (a) It shall stand as an indebtedness against the certificate and draw interest not to exceed the rate specified for certificate loans under the certificates; or
 - (b) In lieu of or in combination with paragraph (a), the owner may accept a proportionate reduction in benefits under the certificate.
- The society may specify the manner of the election and which alternative is to be presumed if no election is made.
- 14 (5) Copies of any of the documents mentioned in this section, certified by the secretary 15 or corresponding officer of the society, shall be received as evidence of the terms 16 and conditions thereof.
 - (6) No certificate shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless a copy of the form has been filed with and approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> in the manner provided for like policies issued by life insurers in this state. Every life, accident, health, or disability insurance certificate and every annuity certificate issued on or after one (1) year from January 1, 1989 shall meet the standard contract provision requirements not inconsistent with this subtitle for like policies issued by life insurers in this state, except that a society may provide for a grace period for payment of premiums of one (1) full month in its certificates. The certificates shall also contain a provision stating the amount of premiums which are payable under the certificate and a provision reciting or setting forth the substance of any sections of the society's laws or rules in force at the time of issuance of the certificate which,

if violated, will result in the termination or reduction of benefits payable under the
certificate. If the laws of the society provide for expulsion or suspension of a
member, the certificate shall also contain a provision that any member so expelled
or suspended, except for nonpayment of a premium or within the contestable period
for material misrepresentation in the application for membership or insurance, shall
have the privilege of maintaining the certificate in force by continuing payment of
the required premium.

- (7) Benefit contracts issued on the lives of persons below the society's minimum age for adult membership may provide for transfer of control or ownership to the insured at an age specified in the certificate. A society may require approval of an application for membership in order to effect this transfer, and may provide in all other respects for the regulation, government and control of certificates and all rights, obligations and liabilities incident thereto and connected therewith. Ownership rights prior to transfer shall be specified in the certificate.
- 15 (8) A society may specify the terms and conditions on which benefit contracts may be 16 assigned.
- → Section 1397. KRS 304.29-251 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) Standards of valuation for certificates issued prior to one (1) year after January 1,
 19 1989, shall be those provided by the laws applicable immediately prior to January 1,
 20 1989.
- 21 (2) The minimum standards of valuation for certificates issued on or after one (1) year 22 from January 1, 1989, shall be based on the following tables:
- 23 (a) For certificates of life insurance the commissioner's 1941 standard ordinary
 24 mortality table, the commissioner's 1941 standard industrial mortality table,
 25 the commissioner's 1958 standard ordinary mortality table, the commissioner's
 26 1980 standard ordinary mortality table, or any more recent table made
 27 applicable to life insurers;

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(b)	For annuity and pure endowment certificates, for total and permanent
	disability benefits, for accidental death benefits and for noncancellable
	accident and health benefits such tables as are authorized for use by life
	insurers in this state.

- All of the above shall be under valuation methods and standards, including interest assumptions, in accordance with the laws of this state applicable to life insurers issuing policies containing like benefits.
- (3) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may, in his <u>or her</u> discretion, accept other standards for valuation if he <u>or she</u> finds that the reserves produced thereby will not be less in the aggregate than reserves computed in accordance with the minimum valuation standard herein prescribed. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may, in his <u>or her</u> discretion, vary the standards of mortality applicable to all benefit contracts on substandard lives or other extra hazardous lives by any society authorized to do business in this state.
- (4) Any society, with the consent of the commissioner of insurance of the state of domicile of the society and under the conditions, if any, which the commissioner[executive director] may impose, may establish and maintain reserves on its certificates in excess of the reserves required thereunder, but the contractual rights of any benefit member shall not be affected thereby.
- Description 1398. KRS 304.29-261 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Every society transacting business in this state shall annually, on or before the first day of March, file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a true statement of its financial condition, transactions and affairs for the preceding calendar year and pay the fee required under KRS 304.4-010 for filing it. The statement shall be in general form and context as approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners for fraternal benefit societies and as supplemented by additional information required by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].

- 1 (2) As part of the annual statement, each society shall, on or before the first day of March, file with the commissioner executive director a valuation of its certificates 2 3 in force on December 31 last preceding. The commissioner executive director may, in his or her discretion for cause shown, extend the time for filing the valuation for not more than two (2) calendar months. The valuation shall be done in 5 6 accordance with the standards specified in KRS 304.29-251. The valuation and 7 underlying data shall be certified by a qualified actuary or, at the expense of the 8 society, verified by the actuary of the department of insurance of the state of domicile of the society. 9
- 10 (3) A society failing to file the annual statement in the form and within the time
 11 provided by this section shall forfeit one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day during
 12 which the default continues; and, upon notice by the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 13 director], its authority to do business in this state shall cease while the default
 14 continues.
- 15 (4) Each society authorized to transact business in this state pursuant to this subtitle 16 shall comply with KRS 304.2-205.
- → Section 1399. KRS 304.29-271 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 Societies which are now authorized to transact business in this state may continue to do business until May 1 next succeeding January 1, 1989. The authority of the societies, and 19 all societies hereafter licensed, may be renewed annually, but in all cases shall terminate 20 21 on the succeeding April 30. However, a license so issued shall continue in full force and 22 effect until the new license be issued or specifically refused. For each license or renewal, 23 the society shall, prior to May 1, pay to the commissioner executive director a fee as 24 specified in Subtitle 4 of this chapter. A duly certified copy or duplicate of the license 25 shall be prima facie evidence that the licensee is a fraternal benefit society within the meaning of this subtitle. 26
 - → Section 1400. KRS 304.29-291 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 No foreign or alien society shall transact business in this state without a license issued by
- 2 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. Any society desiring admission to this state shall
- 3 comply substantially with the requirements and limitations of this subtitle applicable to
- 4 domestic societies. Any society may be licensed to transact business in this state upon
- 5 filing with the *commissioner* [executive director]:
- 6 (1) A duly certified copy of its articles of incorporation;
- 7 (2) A copy of its bylaws, certified by its secretary or corresponding officer;
- 8 (3) A power of attorney to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> as prescribed in KRS
- 9 304.29-351;
- 10 (4) A statement of its business under oath of its president and secretary or
- 11 corresponding officers in a form prescribed by the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
- director, duly verified by an examination made by the supervising insurance
- official of its home state or other state, territory, province or country, satisfactory to
- the <u>commissioner[executive director];</u>
- 15 (5) Certification from the proper official of its home state, territory, province or country
- that the society is legally incorporated and licensed to transact business therein;
- 17 (6) Copies of its certificate forms; and
- 18 (7) Such other information as the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may deem
- 19 necessary; and upon a showing that its assets are invested in accordance with the
- 20 provisions of this subtitle.
- ≥ Section 1401. KRS 304.29-301 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 (1) If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive-director], upon investigation, finds that a domestic
- 23 society:
- 24 (a) Has exceeded its powers;
- 25 (b) Has failed to comply with any provision of this subtitle;
- 26 (c) Is not fulfilling its contracts in good faith;
- 27 (d) Has a membership of less than four hundred (400) after an existence of one

1	(1) year or more;	or
-	(1) your or more,	v

- (e) Is conducting business fraudulently or in a manner hazardous to its members, creditors, the public or the business,
- the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall notify the society of the deficiency or deficiencies and state in writing the reasons for his <u>or her</u> dissatisfaction. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall issue a written notice to the society requiring that the deficiency or deficiencies which exist be corrected. After the notice, the society shall have a thirty (30) day period in which to comply with the <u>commissioner's</u>[executive director's] request for correction; and if the society fails to comply, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall notify the society of the findings of noncompliance and require the society to show cause on a date named why it should not be enjoined from carrying on any business until the violation complained of shall have been corrected, or why an action in Franklin Circuit Court should not be commenced against the society.
 - (2) If on that date the society does not present good and sufficient reasons why it should not be so enjoined or why such action should not be commenced, the commissioner[executive-director] may present the facts to the Attorney General who shall, if he or she deems the circumstances warrant, commence an action to enjoin the society from transacting business.
- 20 (3) The court shall notify the officers of the society of a hearing. If after a full hearing it
 21 appears that the society should be so enjoined or liquidated or a receiver appointed,
 22 the court shall enter the necessary order. No society so enjoined shall have the
 23 authority to do business until:
- 24 (a) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> finds that the violation complained of has been corrected;
- 26 (b) The costs of the action shall have been paid by the society, if the court finds 27 that the society was in default as charged;

1		(c) The court has dissolved its injunction; and				
2		(d) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> has reinstated the certificate of				
3		authority.				
4	(4)	If the court orders the society liquidated, it shall be enjoined from carrying on any				
5		further business. The receiver of the society shall take possession of the books,				
6		papers, money and other assets of the society, and, under the direction of the court,				
7		close the affairs of the society and distribute its funds to those entitled to them.				
8	(5)	No action under this section shall be recognized in any court of this state unless				
9		brought by the Attorney General upon request of the commissioner[executive				
10		director]. If a receiver is to be appointed for a domestic society, the court shall				
11		appoint the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> as receiver.				
12	(6)	The provisions of this section relating to hearing by the <u>commissioner</u> [executive				
13		director], action by the Attorney General at the request of the				
14		<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] of insurance, hearing by the court, injunction and				
15		receivership shall be applicable to a society which shall voluntarily determine to				
16		discontinue business.				
17		→ Section 1402. KRS 304.29-311 is amended to read as follows:				
18	(1)	If the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> upon investigation finds that a foreign or				
19		alien society transacting or applying to transact business in this state:				
20		(a) Has exceeded its powers;				
21		(b) Has failed to comply with any of the provisions of this subtitle;				
22		(c) Is not fulfilling its contracts in good faith; or				
23		(d) Is conducting its business fraudulently or in a manner hazardous to its				
24		members or creditors or the public,				
25		the commissioner[executive director] shall notify the society of the deficiency or				

deficiencies and state in writing the reasons for his or her dissatisfaction. The

commissioner[executive director] shall issue a written notice to the society

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requiring that the deficiency or deficiencies which exist are corrected. After the notice, the society shall have a thirty (30) day period in which to comply with the commissioner's executive director's request for correction; and if the society fails to comply, the commissioner executive director shall notify the society of the findings of noncompliance and require the society to show cause on a date named why its license should not be suspended, revoked or refused. If on that date the society does not present good and sufficient reason why its authority to do business this in state should suspended, not be revoked or refused. commissioner executive director may suspend or refuse the license of the society to do business in this state until satisfactory evidence is furnished to the commissioner executive director that suspension or refusal should be withdrawn or the *commissioner* [executive director] may revoke the authority of the society to do business in this state.

- 14 (2) Nothing contained in this section shall be taken or construed as preventing any
 15 society from continuing in good faith all contracts made in this state during the time
 16 the society was legally authorized to transact business herein.
- → Section 1403. KRS 304.29-321 is amended to read as follows:
- No application or petition for injunction against any domestic, foreign or alien society, or lodge thereof, shall be recognized in any court of this state unless made by the Attorney General upon request of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
 - → Section 1404. KRS 304.29-351 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 (1) Every society authorized to do business in this state shall appoint in writing the
 23 Secretary of State and each successor in office to be its true and lawful attorney
 24 upon whom all lawful process in any action or proceeding against it shall be served,
 25 and shall agree that any lawful process against it which is served on the attorney
 26 shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served upon the society, and that
 27 the authority shall continue in force so long as any liability remains outstanding in

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1	this state. Copies of the appointment, certified by the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
2	director], shall be deemed sufficient evidence thereof and shall be admitted in
3	evidence with the same force and effect as the original might be admitted.

- 4 (2) Service of process in any action may be made by service upon the Secretary of State 5 as provided in KRS 304.3-230.
- Section 1405. KRS 304.29-361 is amended to read as follows:
- All decisions and findings of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] made under the provisions of this subtitle shall be subject to review by proper proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction in this state.
- Section 1406. KRS 304.29-371 is amended to read as follows:

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- 11 (1) Nothing contained in this chapter shall be so construed as to affect or apply to:
 - (a) Grand or subordinate lodges of societies, orders or associations now doing business in this state which provide benefits exclusively through local or subordinate lodges;
 - (b) Orders, societies or associations which admit to membership only persons engaged in one (1) or more crafts or hazardous occupations, in the same or similar lines of business, insuring only their own members and their families, and the ladies societies or ladies' auxiliaries to such orders, societies or associations;
 - (c) Domestic societies which limit their membership to employees of a particular city or town, designated firm, business house or corporation which provide for a death benefit of not more than four hundred dollars (\$400) or disability benefits of not more than three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) to any person in any one (1) year, or both; or
 - (d) Domestic societies or associations of a purely religious, charitable or benevolent description, which provide for a death benefit of not more than four hundred dollars (\$400) or for disability benefits of not more than three

1	hundred fifty dollars	(\$350) to any one (1) person in any one	(1) year, or both
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- Any society or association described in paragraphs (c) or (d) of subsection (1) of this section which provides for death or disability benefits for which benefit certificates are issued, and any society or association included in paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of this section which has more than one thousand (1000) members, shall not be exempted from the provisions of this subtitle but shall comply with all requirements therein.
- No society which, by the provisions of this section, is exempt from the requirements of this subtitle, except any society described in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of this section, shall give or allow, or promise to give or allow to any person any compensation for procuring new members.
- 12 (4) Every society which provides for benefits in case of death or disability resulting
 13 solely from accident, and which does not obligate itself to pay natural death or sick
 14 benefits, shall have all of the privileges and be subject to all the applicable
 15 provisions and regulations of this subtitle except that the provisions thereof relating
 16 to medical examination, valuations of benefit certificates, and incontestability, shall
 17 not apply to the society.
- 18 (5) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require from any society or association,
 19 by examination or otherwise, such information as will enable the
 20 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> to determine whether the society or association is
 21 exempt from the provisions of this subtitle.
- 22 (6) Societies, exempted under the provisions of this section, shall also be exempt from 23 all other provisions of the insurance laws of this state.
- → Section 1407. KRS 304.30-020 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 For the purpose of this subtitle:
- 26 (1) The term "insurance premium finance company" or "premium finance company"
 27 means a person engaged in the business of entering into insurance premium finance

1	agreements.

- The term "premium finance agreement" means an agreement by which an insured or prospective insured promises to pay to a premium finance company the amount advanced or to be advanced under the agreement to an insurer or to an insurance agent in payment of premiums on an insurance contract together with a service charge as authorized and limited by this subtitle.
- 7 (3) The term "licensee" means a premium finance company, holding a license issued by
 8 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] under this subtitle.
- 9 → Section 1408. KRS 304.30-030 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) No person shall engage in the business of financing insurance premiums in this state
 11 without first having obtained a license as a premium finance company from the
 12 commissioner[executive director].
- 13 (2) The annual license fee shall be as specified in Subtitle 4 of this chapter. Licenses
 14 may be renewed from year to year as of the first day of May of each year upon
 15 payment of the fee.
 - (3) The person to whom the license or the renewal thereof may be issued shall file sworn answers, subject to the penalties of perjury, to such interrogatories as the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may require. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall have authority, at any time, to require the applicant fully to disclose the identity of all stockholders, partners, officers, and employees and he <u>or she</u> may, in his <u>or her</u> discretion, refuse to issue or renew a license in the name of any firm, partnership, or corporation if <u>the commissioner</u>[he] is not satisfied that any officer, employee, stockholder, or partner thereof who may materially influence the applicant's conduct meets the standards of this subtitle.
- Section 1409. KRS 304.30-040 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) Upon the filing of an application and the payment of the license fee, the
 27 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall make an investigation of each applicant and

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1		shall issue a license if the applicant is qualified in accordance with this subtitle. If
2		the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> does not so find, he <u>or she</u> shall, within sixty
3		(60) days after he or she has received the application, at the request of the applicant,
4		give the applicant an administrative hearing. Hearings under this subtitle shall be
5		conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
6	(2)	The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall issue or renew a license as may be
7		applied for when he or she is satisfied that the person to be licensed:
8		(a) Is competent and trustworthy and intends to act in good faith in the capacity
9		involved by the license applied for;
10		(b) Has a good business reputation and has had experience, training, or education
11		so as to be qualified in the business for which the license is applied for; and
12		(c) If a corporation, is a corporation incorporated under the laws of this state or a
13		foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state.
14		→ Section 1410. KRS 304.30-050 is amended to read as follows:
15	(1)	The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may revoke or suspend the license of any
16		premium finance company when and if, after investigation, it appears to the
17		commissioner[executive director] that:
18	,	(a) Any license issued to the company was obtained by fraud,
19		(b) There was any misrepresentation in the application for the license,
20		(c) The holder of the license has otherwise shown himself or herself
21		untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a premium finance company,
22		(d) The company has violated any of the provisions of this chapter, or
23		(e) The company has been rebating part of the service charge as allowed and
24		permitted by KRS 304.30-090 to any insurance agent or any employee of an
25		insurance agent or to any other person as an inducement to the financing of
26		any insurance policy with the premium finance company.
27	(2)	Before the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] shall revoke, suspend, or refuse to

- renew the license of any premium finance company, he <u>or she</u> shall give to the person an opportunity for a hearing to be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B. In lieu of or in addition to revoking or suspending the license for any of the causes enumerated in the section, after hearing as provided in this subsection, the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u> may subject the company to a penalty specified in Subtitle 99 of this chapter when <u>the commissioner determines[in his judgment he finds]</u> that the public interest would not be harmed by the continued operation of the company. The amount of any penalty shall be paid by the company through the <u>department[office]</u> of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> to the State Treasurer.
- 11 (3) If any applicant or licensee is aggrieved by any final order of the

 12 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, the applicant or licensee shall have the right to

 13 appeal to the Franklin Circuit Court in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- → Section 1411. KRS 304.30-060 is amended to read as follows:

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- 15 (1) Every licensee shall maintain records of its premium finance transactions and the 16 records shall be open to examination and investigation by the 17 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 18 (2) Every licensee shall preserve its records of premium finance transactions, including
 19 cards used in a card system, for at least five (5) years after making the final entry in
 20 respect to any premium finance agreement. The preservation of records in
 21 photographic form shall constitute compliance with this requirement.
- 22 (3) For the purpose of determining market conduct, business practices, financial
 23 condition, ability to fulfill and manner of fulfillment of its obligations, the nature of
 24 its operations and compliance with law, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall
 25 examine the affairs, transactions, accounts, records and assets of each licensed
 26 premium finance company as often as reasonably necessary.
- 27 (4) Premium finance companies shall be subject to the provisions of KRS 304.2-220,

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- 304.2-230, 304.2-240, 304.2-250, 304.2-260, 304.2-270, 304.2-280, 304.2-290, 304.2-300, and Subtitle 2 of this chapter for determining financial condition, market
- 3 conduct, and business practices.
- Section 1412. KRS 304.30-070 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have the authority to make and enforce such
- 6 reasonable rules and regulations as may be necessary to make effective the provisions of
- 7 this subtitle and to establish the manner in which licensees shall conduct their business,
- 8 but such rules and regulations shall not be contrary to nor inconsistent with the provisions
- 9 of this subtitle.

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- → Section 1413. KRS 304.32-045 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 Any nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical, dental and health service corporation subject to the provisions of this subtitle, possessed of admitted assets in excess of 12 all liabilities at least equal to the original surplus required of a domestic mutual 13 14 insurance company transacting the same kind or kinds of business may, at its option 15 and without reincorporation, adopt and become subject to the provisions of Subtitle 16 24 of this chapter governing domestic mutual insurers in lieu of this subtitle: provided, however, that upon becoming subject to the provisions of Subtitle 24 of 17 18 this chapter, as hereinafter provided, such companies may continue to provide 19 services to their present or like services to future members and subscribers and may 20 make provision for the payment for health care services directly to hospitals or other 21 agencies or institutions or persons rendering such health care service or related services or may make direct payment to the member or subscriber. 22
 - (2) Any nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical, dental and health service corporation subject to the provisions of this subtitle may adopt and become subject to the provisions of Subtitle 24 of this chapter by the adoption of a resolution by its board of directors declaring the election of said nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical, dental and health service corporation to become subject to the provisions of Subtitle

24 of this chapter governing domestic mutual insurers, and after the adoption of such resolution the board of directors shall adopt such amendments to the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical, dental and health service corporation as shall be necessary and file the same with the commissioner[executive-director] of the Department[Office] of Insurance of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Upon such filing, said nonprofit hospital, medicalsurgical, dental and health service corporation shall no longer be subject to the provisions of this subtitle, but shall be subject to Subtitle 24 of this chapter governing domestic mutual insurers and shall honor all legitimate claims presented by its member policyholders under the terms and conditions of its policy who have incurred claims in any private hospital with acute care in the State of Kentucky as long as the hospital is duly licensed and certified by the State of Kentucky; provided, however, that group certificate holders may also be members of the insurer, if so specified in the bylaws of the insurer; and further provided that the conversion of a nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical, dental and health service corporation, subject to this subtitle, into a domestic mutual insurance company shall not impair the rights or obligations of the nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical, dental and health service corporation or its members on any contract heretofore or hereafter made.

- → Section 1414. KRS 304.32-050 is amended to read as follows:
- 21 (1) Whenever any number of persons shall associate to form a corporation for any of
 22 the purposes in KRS 304.32-030, they shall submit proposed articles of
 23 incorporation in triplicate to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> for examination.
 24 After being approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and the Attorney
 25 General, the articles shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, who shall
 26 issue a certificate of incorporation pursuant to the provisions of KRS Chapter 273.
 - (2) When not less than the amount required by KRS 304.32-140 is deposited with the

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- commissioner[executive director], he <u>or she</u> shall cause an examination to be made either by <u>the commissioner[himself]</u> or some disinterested person, especially appointed by him <u>or her</u> for the purpose, who shall certify that the corporation has complied with the provisions of this subtitle. The certificate shall be filed in the office of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, who shall issue a certificate of authority to the corporation.
- 7 (3) Whenever any such corporation shall desire to amend its articles of incorporation, it
 8 shall file its articles of amendment with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 9 before filing them with the Secretary of State. When the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 10 director] shall find the articles of amendment to have been legally adopted, the
 11 articles of amendment shall be filed with the Secretary of State.
- → Section 1415. KRS 304.32-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 Corporations subject to the provisions of this subtitle doing business in this state on June 18, 1970, or which thereafter do business in this state, shall make and file 14 15 annually with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], on or before the first day of 16 March of each year, a statement under oath upon a form to be prescribed by the 17 commissioner [executive director], stating the amount of all membership dues, or 18 subscriber fees, collected in this state by the corporation during the year ending the 19 last day of December next preceding; the amounts actually paid during the year for 20 hospital, medical-surgical, dental and other health services for the subscribers or 21 members of the corporation, and the amounts placed in established reserves for cases billed but not yet paid, unreported and unbilled cases, retroactive cost 22 adjustments, and membership dues or fees paid in advance but not yet earned. 23
- 24 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall require that domestic companies 25 subject to this subtitle file quarterly statements according to the form and 26 instructions approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
 - → Section 1416. KRS 304.32-110 is amended to read as follows:

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- 1 No corporation subject to the provisions of this subtitle shall transact any business in this
- 2 state unless it shall first procure from the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a certificate
- 3 of authority stating that the requirements of the laws of this state have been complied with
- 4 and authorizing it to do business. The certificate of authority shall expire on the last day
- of February of each year and shall be renewed annually if the corporation has continued to
- 6 comply with the provisions of this subtitle.
- 7 → Section 1417. KRS 304.32-120 is amended to read as follows:
- When the annual statement of a corporation subject to the provisions of this subtitle shall
- 9 have been filed and all fees due from the corporation shall have been paid, the
- 10 corporation's certificate of authority to do business in this state shall automatically be
- extended until such time as the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] refuses to relicense the
- 12 corporation.

- → Section 1418. KRS 304.32-130 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall not issue or renew a certificate of authority to
- any corporation operating or proposing to operate a nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical,
- dental, or other health service plan unless:
- 17 (1) The subscription or membership certificates which the corporation offers to its
- subscribers or members, together with a schedule of the dues and fees to be paid by
- subscribers or members, or the formula for developing dues or fees, has been filed
- with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] in accordance with the provisions of
- 21 KRS 304.32-160.
- 22 (2) The schedule of the dues and fees to be paid by subscribers or members is one
- which will enable the corporation to meet the expenses of the hospital, medical-
- surgical, and other health services which are made available to its subscribers or
- 25 members without impairing the guarantee fund required by KRS 304.32-140, and
- one which will not result in an accumulation of excess reserves over and above
- 27 reserves established for claims in process, unreported and unbilled claims,

retroactive cost adjustment to the purveyors of hospital, medical-surgical, and other health services and membership dues or fees received in advance but not yet earned. So long as a corporation's unencumbered reserve or surplus over and above the required reserves specified in this section do not exceed a sum equal to one-half (1/2) of the corporation's total membership dues or subscription fees received during the immediate preceding calendar year, the unencumbered reserve or surplus shall not be deemed an excessive accumulation for the purposes of this section.

→ Section 1419. KRS 304.32-140 is amended to read as follows:

No corporation subject to provisions of this subtitle shall be permitted to do any business in this state unless, in addition to the other requirements of law, it shall have and maintain liquid reserves in an amount not less than five percent (5%) of the corporation's subscription income collected in the preceding year not exceeding two million dollars (\$2,000,000), plus two and one-half percent (2.5%) of income exceeding two million dollars (\$2,000,000) but not exceeding ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), plus one percent (1%) of income exceeding ten million dollars (\$10,000,000); but in no event shall reserves be less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000). All corporations subject to the provisions of this subtitle shall place on deposit with the commissioner[executive director] a guarantee fund of cash or approved securities in an amount determined by this formula, but not less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) nor more than one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000). Any amount of liquid reserves required by this subsection in excess of one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000) shall be maintained by the corporation at all times, but shall not be required to be placed on deposit, provided that the corporation shall be allowed a period of five (5) years after July 15, 1982, to establish the liquid reserves and deposit the guarantee fund with the commissioner executive director. A corporation subject to the provisions of this subtitle shall at all times comply with the risk-based capital

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- requirements as established in administrative regulations promulgated by the commissioner[executive director].
- The cash or securities representing the guarantee fund required by this section shall be acceptable to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and the securities shall be negotiable securities.
- 6 (3) The investments of a corporation subject to the provisions of this subtitle shall be
 7 the same kind of investments which life insurance companies are authorized to
 8 have.
- 9 → Section 1420. KRS 304.32-160 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) On or after June 18, 1970, no corporation subject to the provisions of this subtitle

 11 shall deliver or issue for delivery in this state any subscription certificate or

 12 membership certificate describing health benefits available, or any indorsement,

 13 rider, or application which becomes a part thereof, or the schedule of rates, dues,

 14 fees, or other periodic charges, to be paid by subscribers or members, until a copy of

 15 such form has been filed with and approved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive

 16 director].
 - At the expiration of thirty (30) days the form so filed shall be deemed approved unless prior thereto it has been affirmatively approved or disapproved by order of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], or a hearing has been scheduled by order of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. In the event that a hearing is held, the thirty (30) day waiting period shall begin anew after the close of such hearing. Approval of any such form by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall constitute a waiver of any unexpired portion of such waiting period. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may extend by not more than an additional thirty (30) day period within which <u>the commissioner</u>[he] may so affirmatively approve or disapprove any such form, by giving notice to the insurer of such extension before expiration of the initial thirty (30) day period. At the expiration of any such period as so extended,

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and in the absence of such prior affirmative approval or disapproval, any such form
shall be deemed approved. The <u>commissioner</u> [executive-director] may at any time
withdraw any such approval. Any notice of the commissioner [executive director]
withdrawing a previous approval shall state the grounds therefor and the particulars
thereof in such detail as reasonable to inform the insurer thereof. Any such
withdrawal of a previously approved form shall be effective at the expiration of
such period, not less than thirty (30) days after the giving of the notice of
withdrawal, as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall in such notice prescribe.

- 9 (3) The <u>commissioner's [executive director's]</u> order disapproving any form or withdrawing previous approval shall state the grounds for disapproval or withdrawal.
- 12 (4) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may, by order, exempt from the 13 requirements of this section for so long as he <u>or she</u> deems proper, any document or 14 form specified in the order, to which in his <u>or her</u> opinion this section may not 15 practicably be applied, or the filing and approval of which are, in his <u>or her</u> opinion, 16 not desirable or necessary for the protection of the public.
- → Section 1421. KRS 304.32-210 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) Nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical, dental, and health service corporations shall be
 19 subject to the provisions of KRS 304.2-210, 304.2-220, 304.2-230, 304.2-240,
 20 304.2-250, 304.2-260, 304.2-270, 304.2-280, 304.2-290, 304.2-300, and Subtitle 2
 21 of this chapter for determining financial condition, market conduct, and business
 22 practice.
- 23 (2) Each corporation subject to the provisions of this subtitle may own and invest or
 24 have invested any of its funds in its principal office building not to exceed an
 25 amount which would reduce its surplus, exclusive of the investment, below
 26 \$50,000, unless approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
 - → Section 1422. KRS 304.32-240 is amended to read as follows:

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- 1 Any individual subscriber or member of a corporation subject to the provisions of this
- subtitle who believes himself or herself to be aggrieved by any act or omission of a
- 3 corporation or its officers, trustees, directors, agents, or representatives, may file a
- 4 statement in writing of his or her grievance in the office of the commissioner executive
- 5 director, and the commissioner executive director in his or her discretion may make an
- 6 investigation of the grievance. Investigation by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]
- 7 shall not act as a bar to any suit in a court of competent jurisdiction instituted by any
- 8 member or subscriber, or as a bar to any defense by the corporation.
- 9 → Section 1423. KRS 304.32-250 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may promulgate reasonable rules and regulations
- not inconsistent with the provisions of this subtitle that <u>the commissioner[he]</u> deems
- 12 necessary for the proper administration of this subtitle.
- → Section 1424. KRS 304.32-260 is amended to read as follows:
- Nothing contained in this subtitle shall be construed to affect or apply to hospitals, or
- other licensed health care institutions, nor to any individuals, partnerships, associations,
- or corporations which are the direct purveyors of health services; nor shall it be construed
- to limit in any way the rights of hospitals, or other licensed health care institutions or
- purveyors of health services to establish methods of payment directly with purchasers of
- 19 their services; but the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require from any institution
- 20 or purveyor of medical services information that will enable him or her to determine
- 21 whether arrangements for payment of medical services are subject to the provisions of
- 22 this subtitle.
- Section 1425. KRS 304.32-270 is amended to read as follows:
- Nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical, dental, and health service corporations shall be
- subject to the provisions of this subtitle, and to the following provisions of this code, to
- the extent applicable and not in conflict with the express provisions of this subtitle:
- 27 (1) Subtitle 1 -- Scope -- General Definitions and Provisions;

- 1 (2) Subtitle 2 -- <u>Commissioner of the Department of Insurance</u> [Executive Director];
- 2 (3) Subtitle 7 -- Investments;
- 3 (4) Subtitle 8 -- Administration of Deposits;
- 4 (5) Subtitle 12 Trade Practices and Frauds;
- 5 (6) Subtitle 25 Continuity of Management;
- 6 (7) Subtitle 33 -- Insurers Rehabilitation and Liquidation;
- 7 (8) Subtitle 18 -- KRS 304.18-110, 304.18-120 -- Group Conversion and KRS 304.18-
- 8 045;
- 9 (9) Subtitle 4 -- Fees and Taxes;
- 10 (10) Subtitle 99 -- Penalties;
- 11 (11) Subtitle 14 -- KRS 304.14-500 to 304.14-560;
- 12 (12) Subtitle 17A -- Health Benefit Plans;
- 13 (13) Subtitle 17B -- Kentucky Access;
- 14 (14) Subtitle 9 -- Agents, Consultants, Solicitors and Adjusters; and
- 15 (15) Subtitle 3 -- Authorization of Insurers and General Requirements.
- Section 1426. KRS 304.32-315 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 Any private employer doing business in this state who provides for his employees, on a
- self-insured basis, hospital or surgical benefits shall be subject to KRS 304.14-135.
- 19 Failure to accept forms prescribed by the commissioner executive director shall be
- 20 punishable pursuant to KRS 304.99-010.
- Section 1427. KRS 304.32-320 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 Any private employer doing business in this state who provides for his *or her* employees
- on a self-insured basis hospital or surgical benefits shall notify the **Department** Office of
- 24 Insurance of the existence of the program within sixty (60) days of June 17, 1978. Any
- 25 employer doing business in this state who implements for his *or her* employees on a self-
- 26 insured basis a plan for providing hospital or surgical benefits shall notify the
- 27 <u>Department Office</u> of Insurance not less than thirty (30) days prior to implementing such

- plan, and shall include in the notice the name of any outside third-party administrator.
- 2 Any change in third-party administrators shall be reported to the **Department**[Office] of
- Insurance within thirty (30) days of the change. The **Department Office** of Insurance
- 4 shall make this information available upon request.
- 5 Section 1428. KRS 304.33-010 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) Short title. This subtitle may be cited as the "Insurers Rehabilitation and Liquidation

 7 Law."
- 8 (2) Construction. No limitation of powers. This subtitle shall not be interpreted to limit
 9 the powers granted the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> by other provisions of the
- 10 law.

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- 11 (3) Liberal construction. This subtitle shall be liberally construed to effect the purpose 12 stated in subsection (4) of this section.
- 13 (4) Purpose. The purpose of this subtitle is the protection of the interests of insureds, 14 creditors, and the public generally, with minimum interference with the normal 15 prerogative of proprietors, through:
 - (a) Early detection of any potentially dangerous condition in an insurer, and prompt application of appropriate corrective measures, neither unduly harsh nor subject to the kind of publicity that would needlessly damage or destroy the insurer;
- 20 (b) Improved methods for rehabilitating insurers, by enlisting the advice and
 21 management expertise of the insurance industry;
 - (c) Enhanced efficiency and economy of liquidation, through the consolidation of matters relating to the liquidation under the supervision of a single court so as to avoid divergent rulings by a multiplicity of judicial tribunals and through clarification and specification of the law, to minimize legal uncertainty and litigation;
 - (d) Equitable apportionment of any unavoidable loss;

- (e) Lessening the problems of interstate rehabilitation and liquidation by facilitating cooperation between states in the liquidation process, and by extension of the scope of personal jurisdiction over debtors of the insurer outside this state;
 - (f) Regulation of the insurance business by the impact of the law relating to delinquency procedures and substantive rules on the entire insurance business; and
 - (g) Provision for a comprehensive scheme for the supervision, rehabilitation, and liquidation of insurance companies and those subject to this subtitle as part of the regulation of the business of insurance, insurance industry, and insurers in this state. Proceedings in cases of insurer insolvency and delinquency shall be deemed an integral aspect of the business of insurance and are of vital public interest and concern.
- (5) All persons who voluntarily transact business with an insurer which is subsequently the subject of a delinquency proceeding under this subtitle shall be conclusively presumed to have transacted business with the intent that the provisions of this subtitle would control if there is any delinquency proceeding in this state.
 - If there is a delinquency proceeding under this subtitle, the provisions of this subtitle shall govern those proceedings, and all conflicting contractual provisions contained in any contract between the insurer which is subject to the delinquency proceeding and any third party shall be deemed subordinated to the provisions of this subtitle. However, notwithstanding the foregoing, in any delinquency proceeding commenced against an insurer after July 15, 1996, nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to subordinate or restrict the rights of parties to submit their disputes to arbitration pursuant to a contractual arbitration clause contained in a reinsurance agreement.
 - → Section 1429. KRS 304.33-030 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 For the purposes of this subtitle:
- 2 (1) "Agent" means all persons who have collected or are holding premiums or other
- assets of the insurer, including, but not limited to, brokers, intermediaries, managing
- 4 general agents, underwriting managers, and reinsurance managers, and any other
- 5 persons who have entered into a fiduciary relationship with the insurer subject to
- delinquency proceedings, including, but not limited to, persons holding licenses
- 7 under Subtitles 9, 32, 38, and 43 of KRS Chapter 304.
- 8 (2) "Commissioner Executive director" means the commissioner executive director
- 9 of the Department of Insurance of this state.
- 10 (3) "Receiver" means receiver, liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator, as the context
- 11 requires.
- 12 (4) "Insurer" has the meaning defined in Subtitle 1 of this chapter. For purposes of this
- subtitle, all other persons included under KRS 304.33-020 shall be deemed to be
- insurers.
- 15 (5) "Delinquency proceeding" means any proceeding commenced against an insurer for
- the purpose of liquidating, rehabilitating, reorganizing, or conserving such insurer,
- and any summary proceeding under KRS 304.33-110 to 304.33-130, inclusive.
- 18 (6) "State" has the meaning defined in Subtitle 1 of this chapter.
- 19 (7) "Foreign country" means territory not in any state.
- 20 (8) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer is incorporated or organized
- or, in the case of an alien insurer, the state in which the insurer has, at the
- commencement of delinquency proceedings, the largest amount of its assets held in
- 23 trust and on deposit for the benefit of policyholders and creditors in the United
- 24 States.
- 25 (9) "Ancillary state" means any state other than a domiciliary state.
- 26 (10) "Reciprocal state" means any state other than this state in which in substance and
- 27 effect subsection (1) of KRS 304.33-200, subsections (1) and (3) of KRS 304.33-

- 530, KRS 304.33-540, and KRS 304.33-560 to 304.33-590, inclusive, are in force, and in which provisions are in force requiring that the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] be the receiver of a delinquent insurer, and in which some provision exists for the avoidance of fraudulent conveyances and preferential transfers.
- 5 (11) "General assets" means all property, real, personal or otherwise, not specifically mortgaged, pledged, deposited or otherwise encumbered for the security or benefit 6 7 of specified persons or limited classes of persons, and as to specifically encumbered 8 property the term includes all such property or its proceeds in excess of the amount 9 necessary to discharge the sums secured thereby, except as otherwise expressly 10 provided in this subtitle. Assets held in trust and on deposit for the security or 11 benefit of all policyholders or all policyholders and creditors, in more than a single 12 state, shall be treated as general assets.
- 13 (12) "Reinsurance intermediary" means any person who acts as a broker in soliciting, 14 negotiating, or procuring the making of any reinsurance contract or binder, or acts 15 as an agent in accepting any reinsurance contract or binder on behalf of an insurer.
- 16 (13) "Court" means the Franklin Circuit Court.
- 17 (14) "Preferred claim" means any claim with respect to which the law accords priority of 18 payment from the general assets of the insurer.
- 19 (15) "Special deposit claim" means any claim secured by a deposit made pursuant to law
 20 for the security or benefit of one (1) or more limited classes of persons, but not
 21 including any claim secured by general assets.
- 22 (16) "Secured claim" means any claim secured by mortgage, trust deed, pledge, deposit
 23 as security, escrow or otherwise, but not including special deposit claims or claims
 24 against general assets including, but not limited to, claims of setoff, counterclaim,
 25 or recoupment against obligations to pay premiums to the insurer. The term also
 26 includes claims which have become liens upon specific assets by reason of judicial
 27 process, except where they have been invalidated.

- 1 (17) "Premium" has the meaning set forth in Subtitle 14 of this chapter.
- 2 (18) "Insolvency" means that the insurer is unable to pay its debts or meet its obligations
 3 as they mature or that its assets do not exceed its liabilities plus the greater of:
 - (a) Any capital and surplus required by law to be constantly maintained, or
- 5 (b) Its authorized and issued capital stock. For purposes of this subsection,
 6 "assets" includes one-half (1/2) of the maximum total assessment liability of
 7 the policyholders of the insurer, and "liabilities" includes reserves required by
 8 law. For policies issued on the basis of unlimited assessment liability, the
 9 maximum total liability, for purposes of determining solvency only, shall be
 10 deemed to be that amount that could be obtained if there were one hundred
 11 percent (100%) collection of an assessment at the rate of ten (10) mills.
- 12 (19) "Fair consideration" is given for property or an obligation:
 - (a) When in exchange for such property or obligation, as a fair equivalent therefor, and in good faith, property is conveyed or services are rendered or obligation is incurred or an antecedent debt is satisfied; or
 - (b) When such property or obligation is received in good faith to secure a present advance or antecedent debt in amount not disproportionately small as compared to the value of the property or obligation obtained.
- 19 (20) "Creditor" is a person having any claim, whether matured or unmatured, liquidated 20 or unliquidated, secured or unsecured, absolute, fixed or contingent.
 - (21) "Transfer" includes the sale and every other method, direct or indirect, of disposing of or of parting with property or with an interest therein or with the possession thereof or of fixing a lien upon property or upon an interest therein, absolutely or conditionally, voluntarily or involuntarily, by or without judicial proceedings. The retention of a security title to property delivered to a debtor shall be deemed a transfer suffered by the debtor.
 - (22) "Doing business" has the meaning designated in Subtitle 1.

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1	(23)	"Guaranty association" means the Kentucky Insurance Guaranty Association, the
2		Kentucky Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association and any other similar
3		entity now or hereafter created by the Legislature of this state for the payment of
4		claims of insolvent insurers. "Foreign guaranty association" means any similar
5		entities now in existence in, or hereafter created by the legislature of, any other
6		state.
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- → Section 1430. KRS 304.33-040 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) Actions by <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. Except as provided in subsection (2)
 9 of this section, and subsection (1) of KRS 304.33-230, no delinquency proceeding
 10 shall be commenced under this subtitle by anyone other than the
 11 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] and no court shall have jurisdiction to entertain,
 12 hear or determine any proceeding commenced by any other person.
- 13 (2) Action by judgment creditors:

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- 14 (a) The judgment creditors of three (3) or more unrelated judgments may
 15 commence proceedings under the conditions and in the manner prescribed in
 16 this subsection, by serving notice upon the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 17 and the insurer of intention to file a petition for liquidation under KRS
 18 304.33-190 or 304.33-520. Each of the judgments must:
 - 1. Have been rendered against the insurer by a court in this state having jurisdiction over the subject matter and the insurer;
 - 2. Have been entered more than sixty (60) days before the service of notice;
 - 3. Not have been paid in full;
- 4. Not be the subject of a valid contract between the insurer and any judgment creditor for payment of the judgment, unless the contract has been breached by the insurer; and
 - 5. Not be a judgment on which an appeal or review is pending.

- (b) If any one (1) of the judgments in favor of a petitioning creditor remains unpaid for thirty (30) days after service of the notice, and the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> has not then filed a petition for liquidation, the creditor may file in the name of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> a verified petition for liquidation of the insurer under KRS 304.33-190 or 304.33-520 alleging the conditions stated in this subsection. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall be served and joined in the action.
- (3) Exclusiveness of proceedings.

- (a) The court shall have exclusive jurisdiction to entertain, hear, or determine all matters in any way relating to any delinquency proceeding under this subtitle, including, but not limited to, all disputes involving purported assets of the insurer.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection, the court may authorize the receiver to seek injunctive or other appropriate relief from other courts, either within or without this state, if, in the opinion of the court, this action will be an aid to any delinquency proceeding.
- (c) The court may issue any order, process, or judgment that is necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this subtitle. No provisions in this subtitle shall be construed to preclude the court from, on its own motion, taking any action or making any determination necessary or appropriate to enforce or implement court orders or rules or to prevent an abuse of process.
- (4) Change of venue. Venue for proceedings arising under this subtitle shall be laid initially as specified in the sections providing for such proceedings. All other actions and proceedings initiated by the receiver may be commenced and tried where the delinquency proceedings are then pending, or where venue would be laid by KRS Chapter 452 or other applicable law. All other actions and proceedings against the receiver shall be commenced and tried in the county where the

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delinquency proceedings are pending. At any time upon motion of any party, ve	nue
may be changed by order of the court or the presiding judge thereof to any o	ther
Circuit Court in this state, as the convenience of the parties and witnesses and	l the
ends of justice may require. This subsection relates only to venue and is	not
jurisdictional.	,

- (5) Personal jurisdiction, grounds for. In addition to other grounds for jurisdiction provided by the law of this state, a court of this state having jurisdiction of the subject matter shall have jurisdiction over a person served in an action brought by the receiver of a domestic insurer or an alien insurer domiciled in this state:
 - (a) If the person served is obligated to the insurer in any way as an incident to any agency or brokerage arrangement that may exist or has existed between the insurer and the agent or broker, in any action on or incident to the obligation;
 - (b) If the person served is a reinsurer who has at any time issued a contract of reinsurance to an insurer against which a rehabilitation or liquidation order is in effect when the action is commenced, or is an agent or broker of or for the reinsurer, in any action on or incident to the reinsurance contract;
 - (c) If the person served is or has been an officer, manager, trustee, organizer, promoter or person in a position of comparable authority or influence in an insurer against which a rehabilitation or liquidation order is in effect when the action is commenced, in any action resulting from the relationship with the insurer;
 - (d) If the person served is or was at the time of the institution of the delinquency proceedings holding assets in which the receiver claims an interest on behalf of the insurer;
- 25 (e) If the person served has filed a claim against the insurer under the provisions 26 of KRS 304.33-360;
 - (f) If the person served is otherwise amenable to the exercise of personal

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- jurisdiction by the courts of this state under the provisions of the due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution; or
- 3 (g) If the person served is obligated to the insurer in any way in any action on or incident to the obligation.
- 5 (6) Service of process.

- (a) If personal jurisdiction is authorized by this section, service of process may be made on the person, or any agent of the person, in the county of this state where he <u>or she</u> may be found, or on the Secretary of State who, for this purpose, shall be deemed to be the statutory agent of the person.
 - (b) The clerk of the court in which the action is brought shall issue a summons against the defendant named in the complaint. The clerk shall execute the summons by sending by certified mail a true copy to the Secretary of State and shall also mail with the summons an attested copy of the complaint. The Secretary of State shall, within seven (7) days of receipt thereof in his <u>or her</u> office, mail the copy of the summons and complaint to the defendant at the address given in the complaint. The letter shall be posted by certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall bear the return address of the Secretary of State. The clerk shall make the usual return to the court, and, in addition, the Secretary of State shall make a return to the court showing that the acts contemplated by this statute have been performed, and shall attach to his <u>or</u> <u>her</u> return the registry receipt, if any. Summons shall be deemed to be served upon the return of the Secretary of State and the action shall proceed as provided in the Rules of Civil Procedure.
 - (c) The clerk mailing the summons to the Secretary of State shall mail to him <u>or</u>

 <u>her</u>, at the same time, a fee of ten dollars (\$10), which shall be taxed as costs in the action.
- (7) Forum non conveniens. If the court on motion of any party finds that any action

l	commenced under subsection (5) of this section should as a matter of substantial
2	justice be tried in a forum outside this state, the court may enter an order to stay
3	further proceedings on the action in this state.

- → Section 1431. KRS 304.33-070 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 (1) Duty to cooperate. Any officer, manager, trustee or agent of any insurer, and any
 6 other person with executive authority over or in charge of any segment of the
 7 insurer's affairs or in possession of property to which the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, or
 8 director] has a claim shall cooperate with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, or
 9 anyone acting on behalf of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, in any
 10 delinquency proceeding. "To cooperate" includes, but is not limited to, the
 11 following:
- 12 (a) To reply promptly in writing to any inquiry from the <u>commissioner[executive</u> 13 director] requesting such a reply; and
- 14 (b) To make available and deliver to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] any
 15 books, accounts, documents, or other records, or information or property of or
 16 pertaining to the insurer and in his <u>or her</u> possession, custody or control.
- 17 (2) Duty not to obstruct. No person shall obstruct or interfere with the

 18 <u>commissioner</u> executive director in the conduct of any delinquency proceeding.
- 19 (3) Any person who fails to cooperate with or obstructs the efforts of the
 20 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> in the conduct of any delinquency proceeding
 21 shall have denied any claims the person has filed pursuant to KRS 304.33-360 and
 22 shall also be subject to such other sanctions as the court may impose.
- 23 (4) Right to defend. This section shall not render it illegal to resist by legal proceedings
 24 the petition for liquidation or other delinquency proceedings, or other orders.
- Section 1432. KRS 304.33-080 is amended to read as follows:
- In any proceeding under this subtitle the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] and his <u>or her</u>

 deputies shall be responsible on their official bonds for the faithful performance of their

- duties. If the court deems it desirable for the protection of the assets, it may at any time
- 2 require an additional bond from the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or his <u>or her</u>
- 3 deputies.
- Section 1433. KRS 304.33-100 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 Every proceeding commenced before June 18, 1970, is deemed to have commenced under
- 6 this subtitle for the purpose of conducting the proceeding thereafter, except that in the
- 7 discretion of the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> the proceeding may be continued, in
- 8 whole or in part, as it would have been continued had this subtitle not been enacted.
- 9 → Section 1434. KRS 304.33-105 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 Every proceeding heretofore commenced under the laws in effect before July 13, 1990,
- shall be deemed to have commenced under this subtitle for the purpose of conducting the
- 12 proceeding henceforth, except that in the discretion of the commissioner executive
- director the proceeding may be continued, in whole or in part, as it would have been
- 14 continued had this subtitle not been enacted.
- Section 1435. KRS 304.33-110 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) Whenever the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> has reasonable cause to believe,
- and determines that any insurer has committed or engaged in, or is committing or
- engaging in or is about to commit or engage in any act, practice, or transaction that
- 19 would subject it to formal delinquency proceedings under this subtitle, the
- 20 <u>commissioner[he]</u> may make and serve upon the insurer and any other persons
- 21 involved an emergency order in accordance with KRS 13B.125, other than seizure
- orders under KRS 304.33-120, as is reasonably necessary to correct, eliminate, or
- 23 remedy the conduct, condition, or ground. If the emergency order is for a restoration
- of or addition to capital, it shall be carried out as provided in KRS 304.24-350.
- 25 (2) The commissioner[executive director] may apply for and any court of general
- 26 jurisdiction may grant, restraining orders, temporary and permanent injunctions, and
- other orders as are deemed necessary to enforce an emergency order.

- → Section 1436. KRS 304.33-115 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, <u>the commissioner's[his]</u> special deputies, and all
- 3 others appointed to act on the commissioner's [his] behalf in connection with any
- 4 delinquency proceedings under this subtitle shall not be liable for any acts or omissions
- done in good faith and within the scope of their authority during the course of the
- delinquency proceedings, including, but not limited to, the settlement of disputed claims,
- 7 and shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred
- 8 or imposed based upon the acts or omissions.

- 9 → Section 1437. KRS 304.33-120 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 Issuance. Upon the filing by the commissioner executive director in any Circuit Court in this state of a verified petition alleging any ground that would justify a 11 12 court order for a formal delinquency proceeding against an insurer under this 13 subtitle and that the interests of policyholders or creditors will be endangered by 14 delay, and setting out the order deemed necessary by the commissioner executive 15 director, the court may issue forthwith, ex parte and without a hearing, the 16 requested order which may (a) direct the commissioner executive director to take 17 possession and control of all or a part of the property, books, accounts, documents 18 and other records of an insurer and of the premises occupied by it for the transaction of its business, and (b) until further order of the court, enjoin the insurer and its 19 20 officers, managers, agents, and employees from disposition of its property and from 21 transaction of its business except with the written consent of the 22 commissioner[executive director].
 - Duration. The court shall specify in the order what its duration shall be, which shall be such time as the court deems necessary for the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] to ascertain the condition of the insurer. On motion of either party or on its own motion, the court may hold such hearings as it deems desirable after such notice as it deems appropriate, and may extend, shorten or modify the terms of the seizure

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- order. The court shall vacate the seizure order if the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] fails to commence a formal proceeding under this subtitle after having had a reasonable opportunity to do so. The issuance of an order of the court pursuant to a formal proceeding under this subtitle vacates the seizure order.
- 5 (3) Anticipatory breach. Entry of a seizure order under this section shall not constitute 6 an anticipatory breach of any contract of the insurer.
- 7 Section 1438. KRS 304.33-130 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) Confidentiality of <u>commissioner's[executive director's]</u> hearings. The
 9 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall hold all hearings in summary proceedings
 10 privately unless the insurer requests a public hearing, in which case the hearing shall
 11 be public.
- 12 (2) Confidentiality of court hearings. The court may hold all hearings in summary 13 proceedings and judicial reviews thereof privately in chambers, and shall do so on 14 request of the insurer proceeded against.
 - (3) Records. In all summary proceedings and judicial reviews thereof, all records of the company, other documents, and all <u>Department[Office]</u> of Insurance files and court records and papers, so far as they pertain to or are a part of the record of the summary proceedings, shall be and remain confidential except as is necessary to obtain compliance therewith, unless the court, after hearing arguments from the parties in chambers, shall order otherwise, or unless the insurer requests that the matter be made public. Until such court order, all papers filed with the clerk of the court shall be held by him <u>or her</u> in a confidential file.
- 23 (4) Parties. If at any time it appears to the court that any person whose interest is or will
 24 be substantially affected by an order did not appear at the hearing and has not been
 25 served, the court may order that notice be given and the proceedings be adjourned to
 26 give him <u>or her</u> opportunity to appear on such terms as may be just.
- → Section 1439. KRS 304.33-140 is amended to read as follows:

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1	(1)	The <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] may apply by verified petition to the court
2		for an order directing the commissioner him to rehabilitate a domestic insurer or
3		an alien insurer domiciled in this state on any one (1) or more of the following
4		grounds:

- (a) Any ground on which <u>the commissioner</u>[he] may apply for an order of liquidation under KRS 304.33-190, whenever <u>the commissioner</u>[he] believes that the insurer may be successfully rehabilitated without substantial increase in the risk of loss to creditors of the insurer or to the public.
- (b) That the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] has reasonable cause to believe that there has been embezzlement from the insurer, wrongful sequestration or diversion of the insurer's assets, forgery or fraud affecting the insurer, or other illegal conduct in, by, or with respect to the insurer, that if established would endanger assets in an amount threatening the solvency of the insurer.
- (c) That any one (1) of the following circumstances has occurred and the commissioner[executive director] has reasonable cause to believe that the insurer is insolvent or that assets are endangered in an amount threatening the solvency of the insurer:
 - 1. That information coming into the <u>commissioner's</u>[executive director's] possession has disclosed substantial and not adequately explained discrepancies between the insurer's records and the most recent annual report or other official company reports;
 - 2. That the insurer has failed to remove any person who in fact has executive authority in the insurer, whether an officer, manager, general agent, employee, or other person, if the person has been found by the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u> after notice and hearing to be dishonest or untrustworthy in a way affecting the insurer's business;
 - 3. That control of the insurer, whether by stock ownership or otherwise,

1		and whether direct or indirect, is in one (1) or more persons found by the
2		commissioner[executive director] after notice and hearing to be
3		dishonest or untrustworthy;
4		4. That any person who in fact has executive authority in the insurer,
5		whether an officer, manager, general agent, employee, or other person,
6		has refused to be examined under oath by the commissioner executive
7		director] concerning its affairs, whether in this state or elsewhere, and
8		after reasonable notice of the fact the insurer has failed promptly and
9		effectively to terminate the employment and status of the person and all
10		his or her influence on management;
11		5. That the insurer has refused to submit its books, accounts, documents, or
12		other records to the reasonable examination or inspection of the
13		<u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or <u>the commissioner's[his]</u>
14		authorized representative.
15	(d)	That the insurer is or is about to become insolvent.
16	(e)	That the insurer is engaging in a systematic practice of reaching settlements
17		with and obtaining releases from policyholders or third-party claimants and
18		then unreasonably delaying payment of or failing to pay the agreed upon
19		settlements.
20	(f)	That the insurer is in such condition that the further transaction of business
21		would be hazardous, financially or otherwise, to its policyholders, its
22		creditors, or the public.
23	(g)	That within the previous twelve (12) months the insurer has systematically
24		attempted to compromise with its creditors on the ground that it is financially
25		unable to pay its claims in full.
26	(h)	That without first obtaining the written consent of the
27		<u>commissioner[executive director]</u> , the insurer has transferred, or attempted to

transfer, substantially its entire property or business, or has entered into any
transaction the effect of which is to merge, consolidate, or reinsure
substantially its entire property or business in or with the property or business
of any other person.

- (i) That the insurer or its property has been or is the subject of an application for the appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian, conservator, or sequestrator or similar fiduciary of the insurer or its property otherwise than as authorized under this subtitle, and that such appointment has been made or is imminent, and that such appointment might oust the courts of this state of jurisdiction or prejudice orderly delinquency proceedings under this subtitle.
- (j) That within the previous year the insurer has willfully violated its charter or articles of incorporation or any insurance law or regulation of this state, or having become aware within the previous year of an unintentional violation has failed to take all reasonable steps to remedy the situation resulting from the violation and to prevent future violations.
- (k) That the directors of the insurer are deadlocked in the management of the insurer's affairs and that the members or shareholders are unable to break the deadlock and that irreparable injury to the insurer, its creditors or its policyholders is threatened by reason thereof.
- (l) That the insurer has failed to file its annual report or other report within the time allowed by law, and after written demand by the commissioner[executive director] has failed to give an adequate explanation immediately.
- (m) That two-thirds (2/3) of the board of directors, or the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote, or a majority of members or policyholders of an insurer subject to control by its members or policyholders, consent to rehabilitation under this subtitle.

- Upon the issuance of an order directing the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] to rehabilitate a domestic insurer, the court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all matters relating to the rehabilitation, including, but not limited to, the proper scope and application of the provisions of this subtitle to the rehabilitation as well as all interpretation and enforceability of all contracts of insurance to which the insurer is a party.
- 7 → Section 1440. KRS 304.33-150 is amended to read as follows:

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- Appointment of rehabilitator. An order to rehabilitate the business of a domestic insurer, or an alien insurer domiciled in this state, shall appoint the commissioner[executive director] and his or her successors in office rehabilitator and shall direct the rehabilitator forthwith to take possession of the assets of the insurer and to administer them under the orders of the court. The filing or recording of the order with any county clerk in the state shall impart the same notice as a deed, bill of sale, or other evidence of title duly filed or recorded with that county clerk.
 - (2) Any order issued under this section shall require accountings to the court by the rehabilitator. Accountings shall be at such intervals as the court specifies in its order, but no less frequently than semiannually. Each accounting shall include a report concerning the rehabilitator's opinion as to the likelihood that a plan under KRS 304.33-160(5) will be prepared by the rehabilitator and the timetable for doing so.
- 21 (3) Anticipatory breach. Entry of an order of rehabilitation shall not constitute an
 22 anticipatory breach of any contracts of the insurer, and it shall not be grounds for
 23 revocation or cancellation of any contracts of the insurer.
- → Section 1441. KRS 304.33-160 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) Special deputy[<u>director</u>]. The <u>commissioner[executive_director</u>] as rehabilitator 26 shall appoint one (1) or more special deputies, who are active or retired senior 27 executives from a successful insurer, and who shall have all the powers and

responsibilities of the rehabilitator granted under this section, and the commissioner executive director may employ such counsel, clerks, and assistants as deemed necessary. The compensation of the special deputy, counsel, clerks, and assistants and all expenses of taking possession of the insurer and of conducting the proceedings shall be fixed by the commissioner executive director, with the approval of the court and shall be paid out of the funds or assets of the insurer. The persons appointed under this section shall serve at the pleasure of the commissioner executive director. If the property of the insurer does not contain sufficient cash or liquid assets to defray the costs incurred, the commissioner executive director may advance the costs so incurred out of any appropriation for the maintenance of the Department of Insurance. Any amounts so advanced for expenses of administration shall be repaid to the commissioner executive director for the use of the Department of the Insurance out of the first available money of the insurer.

- (2) General power. The rehabilitator may take action as he <u>or she</u> deems necessary or appropriate to reform and revitalize the insurer. He <u>or she</u> shall have all the powers of the directors, officers, and managers, whose authority shall be suspended, except as they are redelegated by the rehabilitator. He <u>or she</u> shall have full power to direct and manage, to hire and discharge employees subject to any contract rights they may have, and to deal with the property and business of the insurer.
- 21 (3) Advice from experts. The rehabilitator may consult with and obtain formal or informal advice and aid of insurance experts.
- 23 (4) Pursuit of insurer's claims against insiders. If the rehabilitator finds that there has
 24 been criminal or tortious conduct or breach of any contractual or fiduciary
 25 obligation detrimental to the insurer by any officer, manager, agent, employee, or
 26 other person, he <u>or she</u> may pursue all appropriate legal remedies on behalf of the
 27 insurer.

1	(5)	Reorganization plan. The rehabilitator may prepare a plan for the reorganization,
2		consolidation, conversion, reinsurance, merger, or other transformation of the
3		insurer. Upon application of the rehabilitator for approval of the plan, and after the
4		notice and hearing as the court prescribes, the court may either approve or
5		disapprove the plan proposed, or may modify it and approve it as modified. If it is
6		approved, the rehabilitator shall carry out the plan. In the case of a life insurer, the
7		plan proposed may include the imposition of liens upon the equities of
8		policyholders of the insurer, if all rights of shareholders are first extinguished. A
9		plan for a life insurer may also propose imposition of a moratorium upon loan and
10		cash surrender rights upon policies, for such period and to such an extent as are
11		necessary.

- 12 (6) Fraudulent transfers. The rehabilitator shall have the power to avoid fraudulent transfers under KRS 304.33-290 and 304.33-300.
 - → Section 1442. KRS 304.33-190 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may apply by petition to the Circuit Court
 16 for Franklin County or for the county in which the principal office of the insurer is
 17 located for an order directing him <u>or her</u> to liquidate a domestic insurer or an alien
 18 insurer domiciled in this state on any one (1) or more of the following grounds:
 - (a) Any ground on which <u>the commissioner</u>[he] may apply for an order of rehabilitation under KRS 304.33-140, whenever he <u>or she</u> believes that attempts to rehabilitate the insurer would substantially increase the risk of loss to its creditors, its policyholders or the public, or would be futile, or that rehabilitators would serve no useful purpose;
- 24 (b) That the insurer has commenced, or within the previous year has attempted to
 25 commence, voluntary liquidation otherwise than under the insurance laws of
 26 this state;
- 27 (c) That the holders of two-thirds (2/3) of the shares entitled to vote, or two-thirds

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- 1 (2/3) of the members or policyholders entitled to vote in an insurer controlled 2 by its members or policyholders, have consented to a petition.
- Upon the issuance of an order directing the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] to liquidate a domestic insurer, the court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all matters relating to the liquidation, including, but not limited to, the proper scope and application of the provisions of this subtitle to the liquidation as well as all interpretation and enforceability of all contracts of insurance to which the insurer is a party.
- 9 → Section 1443. KRS 304.33-200 is amended to read as follows:
 - Order to liquidate. An order to liquidate the business of a domestic insurer shall appoint the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] and his <u>or her</u> successors in office liquidator and shall direct the liquidator forthwith to take possession of the assets of the insurer and to administer them under the orders of the court. The liquidator shall be vested by operation of law with the title to all of the property, contracts, and rights of action and all of the books and records of the insurer ordered liquidated, wherever located, as of the date of the filing of the petition for liquidation. He <u>or</u> <u>she</u> may recover and reduce the same to possession except that ancillary receivers in reciprocal states shall have, as to assets located in their respective states, the rights and powers which are prescribed in subsection (3) of KRS 304.33-540 for ancillary receivers appointed in this state as to assets located in this state. The filing or recording of the order with any county clerk in this state shall impart the same notice as a deed, bill of sale, or other evidence of title duly filed or recorded with that county clerk.
- 24 (2) Fixing of rights.

(a) Upon issuance of the order, the rights and liabilities of any such insurer and of its creditors, policyholders, shareholders, members, and all other persons interested in its estate are fixed as of the date of filing of the petition for

- liquidation, except as provided in KRS 304.33-210 and 304.33-380.
- 2 (b) Entry of an order of liquidation shall not constitute an anticipatory breach of
 3 any contracts of the insurer, and it shall not be grounds for rescission,
 4 revocation, or cancellation of any contracts of the insurer in force as of the
 5 date of liquidation, except as provided in KRS 304.33-210.
- Alien insurer. An order to liquidate the business of an alien insurer domiciled in this
 state shall be in the same terms and have the same legal effect as an order to
 liquidate a domestic insurer, except that the assets and the business in the United
 States shall be the only assets and business included under the order.
- 10 (4) Declaration of insolvency. At the time of petitioning for an order of liquidation, or 11 at any time thereafter, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may petition the court 12 to declare the insurer insolvent, and after such notice and hearing as it deems 13 proper, the court may make the declaration.
 - → Section 1444. KRS 304.33-220 is amended to read as follows:
 - The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may petition for an order dissolving the corporate existence of a domestic insurer or the United States branch of an alien insurer domiciled in this state at the time <u>the commissioner</u> [he] applies for a liquidation order. If the court issues a liquidation order, it also shall order dissolution if the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] has petitioned for it. The court shall order dissolution of the corporation upon petition by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] at any time after a liquidation order has been granted. If the dissolution has not previously occurred, it shall be effected by operation of law upon the discharge of the liquidator.
- → Section 1445. KRS 304.33-230 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) Petition for federal receiver. Whenever in the <u>commissioner's</u>[executive director's]
 25 opinion, liquidation of a domestic insurer or an alien insurer domiciled in this state
 26 would be facilitated by a federal receivership, and when any ground exists upon
 27 which the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> might petition the court for an order of

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rehabilitation or liquidation under KRS 304.33-140 or 304.33-190, or if an order of rehabilitation or liquidation has already been entered, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may request the <u>insurance</u> commissioner or other willing resident of another state to petition any appropriate federal District Court for the appointment of a federal receiver. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may intervene in any such action to support or oppose the petition, and may accept appointment as the receiver if he <u>or she</u> is so designated. So much of this subtitle shall apply to the receivership as can be made applicable and is appropriate. Upon motion of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], the courts of this state shall relinquish all jurisdiction over the insurer for purposes of rehabilitation or liquidation.

- 12 (2) Compliance with federal requirements. If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] is
 12 appointed receiver under this section, he <u>or she</u> shall comply with any requirements
 13 necessary to give him <u>or her</u> title to and control over the assets and affairs of the
 14 insurer.
- Section 1446. KRS 304.33-240 is amended to read as follows:
- The liquidator shall report to the court monthly, or at other intervals specified by the court, on the progress of the liquidation in whatever detail the court orders. The liquidator may:
- 19 (1) Appoint a special deputy to act for him <u>or her</u> under this subtitle, and, subject to the 20 court's approval, determine his <u>or her</u> compensation. The special deputy shall have 21 all powers of the liquidator granted by this section. The special deputy shall serve at 22 the pleasure of the liquidator.
- 23 (2) Appoint or engage employees and agents, legal counsel, actuaries, accountants, appraisers, consultants, and other personnel he <u>or she</u> deems necessary to assist in the liquidation.
- 26 (3) Fix the compensation of persons under subsection (2) of this section, subject to the control of the court.

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- Defray all expenses of taking possession of, conserving, conducting, liquidating, disposing of or otherwise dealing with the business and property of the insurer. If the property of the insurer does not contain sufficient cash or liquid assets to defray the costs incurred, the liquidator may advance the costs so incurred out of any available appropriation. Any amounts so paid shall be deemed expense of administration and shall be repaid for the credit of the *Department[Office]* of Insurance out of the first available moneys of the insurer.
 - (5) Hold hearings, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, administer oaths, examine any person under oath, and compel any person to subscribe to his <u>or her</u> testimony after it has been correctly reduced to writing, and in connection therewith require the production of any books, papers, record, or other documents which he <u>or she</u> deems relevant to the inquiry.
 - Collect all debts and moneys due and claims belonging to the insurer, wherever located, and for this purpose institute timely action in other jurisdictions to marshal the assets of the insurer; forestall garnishment and attachment proceedings against such debts; do such other acts as are necessary or expedient to collect, conserve or protect its assets or property, including sell, compound, compromise or assign for purposes of collection, subject to court approval and upon such terms and conditions as the liquidator[he] deems best, any disputed claims; and pursue any creditor's remedies available to enforce his or her claims. In lieu of collecting funds representing unearned premium of a policyholder which are in the possession of the insurer's agent with respect to the kinds of direct insurance protected under KRS 304.36-030, the liquidator may authorize the use of such funds to replace the insurance coverage terminated pursuant to KRS 304.33-210, upon receipt from the agent of appropriate notice of such replacement of the insurance coverage with an insurer within sixty (60) days after the date of the liquidation order.
 - (7) Audit the books and records of all agents of the insurer insofar as these records

- relate to the business activities of the insurer.
- 2 (8) Conduct public and private sales of the property of the insurer in a manner prescribed by the court.
- Use assets of the estate to transfer policy obligations to a solvent assuming insurer, if the transfer can be arranged without prejudice to applicable priorities under KRS 304.33-430.
- (10) Acquire, hypothecate, encumber, lease, improve, sell, transfer, abandon, or 7 8 otherwise dispose of or deal with any property of the insurer at its market value or 9 upon such terms and conditions as are fair and reasonable, except that no 10 transaction involving property the market value of which exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) shall be concluded without express permission of the court. The 11 12 liquidator [He] also may execute, acknowledge, and deliver any deeds, assignments, 13 releases, and other instruments necessary or proper to effectuate any sale of property 14 or other transaction in connection with the liquidation. In cases where real property sold by the liquidator is located other than in the county where the liquidation is 15 16 pending, the liquidator shall cause to be filed with the county clerk for the county in 17 which the property is located a certified copy of the order appointing him or her.
- 18 (11) Borrow money, subject to court approval, on the security of the insurer's assets or
 19 without security and execute and deliver all documents necessary to that transaction
 20 for the purpose of facilitating the liquidation.
- 21 (12) Enter into such contracts as are necessary to carry out the order to liquidate, and 22 affirm or disavow any contracts to which the insurer is a party.
- 23 (13) Continue to prosecute and institute in the name of the insurer or in his <u>or her</u> own
 24 name any suits and other legal proceedings, in this state or elsewhere, and abandon
 25 the prosecution of claims he <u>or she</u> deems unprofitable to pursue further. If the
 26 insurer is dissolved under KRS 304.33-220, he <u>or she</u> may apply to any court in this
 27 state or elsewhere for leave to substitute himself <u>or herself</u> for the insurer as

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- 2 (14) Prosecute any action which may exist in behalf of the creditors, members,
- policyholders, or shareholders of the insurer against any officer of the insurer, or
- 4 any other person.
- 5 (15) Remove any records and property of the insurer to the offices of the
- 6 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or to such other place as is convenient for the
- 7 purposes of efficient and orderly execution of the liquidation.
- 8 (16) Deposit in one (1) or more banks in this state such sums as are required for meeting
- 9 current administration expenses and dividend distributions.
- 10 (17) File any necessary documents for record in the office of any county clerk or record
- office in this state or elsewhere where property of the insurer is located.
- 12 (18) Assert all defenses available to the insurer as against third persons, including
- statutes of limitations, statutes of frauds, and the defense of usury. A waiver of any
- defense by the insurer after a petition for liquidation has been filed shall not bind
- 15 the liquidator.
- 16 (19) Exercise and enforce all the rights, remedies and powers of any creditor,
- shareholder, policyholder, or member, including any power to avoid any transfer or
- lien that may be given by law and that is not included within KRS 304.33-290 to
- 19 304.33-310, inclusive.
- 20 (20) Intervene in any proceeding wherever instituted that might lead to the appointment
- of a receiver or trustee, and act as the receiver or trustee whenever the appointment
- 22 is offered.
- 23 (21) Enter into agreements with any receiver or commissioner of any other state relating
- to the rehabilitation, liquidation, conservation, or dissolution of an insurer doing
- business in both states.
- 26 (22) Exercise all powers now held or hereafter conferred upon receivers by the laws of
- 27 this state not inconsistent with this subtitle.

- 1 (23) The enumeration in this section of the powers and authority of the liquidator is not a
 2 limitation upon him <u>or her</u>, nor does it exclude his <u>or her</u> right to do such other acts
 3 not herein specifically enumerated or otherwise provided for as are necessary or
 4 expedient for the accomplishment of or in aid of the purpose of liquidation.
 - → Section 1447. KRS 304.33-250 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Notice required; General requirements. The liquidator shall give notice of the 6 7 liquidation order as soon as possible by first-class mail and either by telegram or telephone to the insurance commissioner of each jurisdiction in which the 8 insurer is licensed to do business, by first-class mail and by telephone to the 9 10 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of the <u>Department</u>[Office] of Workers' 11 Claims of this state if the insurer is or has been an insurer of workers' 12 compensation, by first-class mail to all insurance agents having a duty under 13 KRS 304.33-260, and by first-class mail at the last known address to all persons known or reasonably expected to have claims against the insurer, 14 15 including all policyholders. He or she also shall publish a notice, under KRS 16 Chapter 424, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the 17 liquidation is pending and in Franklin County, the last publication to be not less than three (3) months before the earliest deadline specified in the notice 18 under subsection (2) of this section; 19
 - (b) Special requirements. Notice to agents shall inform them of their duties under KRS 304.33-260 and inform them what information they must communicate to insureds. Notice to policyholders shall include notice of impairment and termination of coverage under KRS 304.33-210. When it is applicable, notice to policyholders shall include:
 - 1. Notice of withdrawal of the insurer from the defense of any case in which the insured is interested; and
 - 2. Notice of the right to file a claim under subsection (2) of KRS 304.33-

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- (c) Notice under subsection (1)(a) of this section to agents of the insurer and to potential claimants who are policyholders or insureds shall include, where applicable, notice that guaranty association or foreign guaranty association coverage may be available for all or part of certain claims, and that policyholders or certificate holders may be entitled to continuation of coverage through the guaranty association. The notice shall also include as an insert a separate notice from any guaranty association or foreign guaranty association obligated to provide coverage, if the notice is made available to the liquidator on a timely basis;
- (d) Reports and further notice. Within fifteen (15) days of the date of entry of the order, the liquidator shall report to the court what notice has been given. The court may order such additional notice as it deems appropriate.
- Notice respecting claims filing. Except as otherwise established by the liquidator with approval of the court, notice to potential claimants under subsection (1) of this section shall require claimants to file with the liquidator their claims together with proper proofs thereof under KRS 304.33-370, on or before a date the liquidator specifies in the notice, which shall be not less than six (6) months nor more than a reasonable time specified in the court's order, except that the liquidator need not require persons claiming unearned premium and persons claiming cash surrender values or other investment values in life insurance and annuities to file a claim. The liquidator may specify different dates for the filing of different kinds of claims.
- (3) Notice conclusive. If notice is given in accordance with this section, all persons to whom this notice is directed shall be bound by the terms and provisions of the liquidation order and all further orders and notices similarly served on them, and the distribution of the assets of the insurer under this subtitle shall be conclusive with respect to all claimants, whether or not they received notice.

- → Section 1448. KRS 304.33-270 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 (1)Termination of actions against insurer by order appointing liquidator. Upon 3 issuance of any order appointing the commissioner executive director liquidator of a domestic insurer or of an alien insurer domiciled in this state, no actions may be 4 instituted against the insurer or the liquidator without approval of the court and all 5 6 actions and all proceedings against the insurer whether in this state or elsewhere shall be abated and the liquidator shall not intervene in them, except as provided in 7 8 this subsection. Whenever in the liquidator's judgment an action in this state has proceeded to a point where fairness or convenience would be served by its 9 10 continuation to judgment, he or she may apply to the court for leave to defend or to be substituted for the insurer, and if the court gives him or her leave, the action 11 12 shall not be abated. Whenever in the liquidator's judgment, protection of the estate 13 of the insurer necessitates intervention in an action against the insurer that is 14 pending outside this state, with approval of the court the liquidator [he] may 15 intervene in the action. The liquidator may defend any action in which he or she 16 intervenes under this section at the expense of the estate of the insurer.
 - Statute of limitations on claims by insurer. The liquidator may, within two (2) years subsequent to the entry of an order for liquidation or within such further time as applicable law permits, institute an action or proceeding on behalf of the estate of the insurer upon any cause of action against which the period of limitation fixed by applicable law has not expired at the time of the filing of the petition upon which such order is entered. Where, by any agreement, a period of limitation is fixed for instituting a suit or proceeding upon any claim or for filing any claim, proof of claim, proof of loss, demand, notice or the like, or where in any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, a period of limitation is fixed, either in the proceeding or by applicable law, for taking any action, filing any claim or pleading or doing any act, and where in any such case the period had not expired at the date of the filing of the

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- petition, the liquidator may, for the benefit of the estate, take any such action or do any such act, required of or permitted to the insurer, within a period of sixty (60) days subsequent to the entry of an order for liquidation, or within such further period as is permitted by the agreement, or in the proceeding or by applicable law, or within such further period as is shown to the satisfaction of the court not to be unfairly prejudicial to the other party.
- (3) Statutes of limitations on claims against insurer. The time between the filing of a petition for liquidation against an insurer and the denial of the petition shall not be considered to be a part of the time within which any action may be commenced against the insurer. Any action against the insurer that might have been commenced when the petition was filed may be commenced for at least sixty (60) days after the petition is denied.
 - → Section 1449. KRS 304.33-300 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Effect of petition: real property. After a petition for rehabilitation or liquidation, a transfer of any of the real property of the insurer made to a person acting in good faith shall be valid against the receiver if made for a present fair equivalent value or, if not made for a present fair equivalent value, then to the extent of the present consideration actually paid therefor, for which amount the transferee shall have a lien on the property so transferred. The recording of a copy of the petition for or order of rehabilitation or liquidation with the county clerk in the county where any real property in question is located shall be constructive notice of the commencement of a proceeding in rehabilitation or liquidation. The exercise by a court of the United States or any state of jurisdiction to authorize or effect a judicial sale of real property of the insurer within any county in any state shall not be impaired by the pendency of such a proceeding unless the copy is recorded in the county prior to the consummation of the judicial sale.
 - (2) Effect of petition: personal property. After a petition for rehabilitation or liquidation

- and before either the receiver takes possession of the property of the insurer or an order of rehabilitation or liquidation is granted:
 - (a) A transfer of any of the property of the insurer, other than real property, made to a person acting in good faith shall be valid against the receiver if made for a present fair equivalent value or, if not made for a present fair equivalent value, then to the extent of the present consideration actually paid therefor, for which amount the transferee shall have a lien on the property so transferred.
 - (b) A person indebted to the insurer or holding property of the insurer may, if acting in good faith, pay the indebtedness or deliver the property or any part thereof to the insurer or upon his <u>or her</u> order, with the same effect as if the petition were not pending.
 - (c) A person having actual knowledge of the pending rehabilitation or liquidation shall be deemed not to act in good faith unless he <u>or she</u> has reasonable cause to believe that the petition is not well founded.
 - (d) A person asserting the validity of a transfer under this section shall have the burden of proof. Except as elsewhere provided in this section, no transfer by or in behalf of the insurer after the date of the petition for liquidation by any person other than the liquidator shall be valid against the liquidator.
- 19 (3) Every person receiving any property from the insurer or any benefit thereof which is 20 a fraudulent transfer under this section shall be personally liable therefor and shall 21 be bound to account to the liquidator.
- 22 (4) Negotiability. Nothing in this subtitle shall impair the negotiability of currency or 23 negotiable instruments.
- → Section 1450. KRS 304.33-460 is amended to read as follows:
- Unclaimed funds. All unclaimed funds subject to distribution remaining in the liquidator's hands when <u>the liquidator</u>[he] is ready to apply to the court for discharge, including the amount distributable to any creditor, shareholder, member

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or other person who is unknown or cannot be found or who is under disability with no person legally competent to receive his <u>or her</u> distributive share, shall be deposited with the State Treasurer, and shall be paid over without interest except in accordance with KRS 304.33-430 to the person entitled thereto or his <u>or her</u> legal representative upon proof satisfactory to the State Treasurer of his <u>or her</u> right thereto. Any amount on deposit not claimed within six (6) years from the discharge of the liquidator is deemed abandoned and shall become property of the state. The State Treasurer shall at the end of each fiscal year transfer these amounts to the common school fund.

- 10 (2) Withheld funds. All funds withheld under KRS 304.33-390 and not distributed shall
 11 upon discharge of the liquidator be deposited with the State Treasurer and paid by
 12 him *or her* in accordance with KRS 304.33-390. Any sums remaining which under
 13 KRS 304.33-390 would revert to the undistributed assets of the insurer shall be
 14 transferred to the State Treasurer and become the property of the state under
 15 subsection (1) of this section unless the *commissioner*[executive director] petitions
 16 the court to reopen the liquidation under KRS 304.33-480.
 - → Section 1451. KRS 304.33-480 is amended to read as follows:
 - After the liquidation proceeding has been terminated and the liquidator discharged, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] or other interested party may at any time petition the court to reopen the proceedings for good cause, including the discovery of additional assets. If the court is satisfied that there is justification for reopening, it shall so order.
 - → Section 1452. KRS 304.33-490 is amended to read as follows:
 - Whenever it appears to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] that the records of any insurer in process of liquidation or completely liquidated are no longer useful, <u>the commissioner[he]</u> may recommend to the court what records should be retained for future reference and what should be disposed of. The court shall enter an order thereon.

 The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall keep all records the court orders preserved,

- in accordance with KRS 304.2-150.
- Section 1453. KRS 304.33-500 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 The court in which the proceeding is pending may as it deems desirable, cause audits to
- 4 be made of the books of the commissioner[executive director] relating to any
- 5 receivership established under this subtitle, and a report of each audit shall be filed with
- 6 the counties of the court the books, records and other
- 7 documents of the receivership shall be made available to the auditor at any time without
- 8 notice. The expense of each audit shall be considered a cost of administration of the
- 9 receivership.
- → Section 1454. KRS 304.33-510 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 (1) Grounds for petition. If a domiciliary liquidator has not been appointed, the
- 12 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may apply to the Franklin Circuit Court by
- petition for an order directing him or her to conserve the property of an alien
- insurer not domiciled in this state or a foreign insurer on any one (1) or more of the
- 15 following grounds:
- 16 (a) Any of the grounds in KRS 304.33-140;
- 17 (b) Any of the grounds in KRS 304.33-190;
- 18 (c) That any of its property has been sequestered by official action in its
- 19 domiciliary state, or in any other state;
- 20 (d) That enough of its property has been sequestered in a foreign country to give
- reasonable cause to fear that the insurer is or may become insolvent;
- 22 (e) That
- 1. Its certificate of authority to do business in this state has been revoked or
- 24 that none was ever issued, and
- 25 2. There are residents of this state with outstanding claims or outstanding
- 26 policies.
- 27 (2) Terms of order. The court may issue the order in whatever terms it deems

- appropriate. The filing or recording of the order with any county clerk in this state imparts the same notice as a deed, bill of sale or other evidence of title duly filed or recorded with that county clerk.
- Transformation to liquidation or ancillary receivership. The conservator may at any time petition for and the court may grant an order under KRS 304.33-520 to liquidate the assets of a foreign or alien insurer under conservation or, if appropriate, for an order under KRS 304.33-540 to be appointed ancillary receiver.
- Order to return to insurer. The conservator may at any time petition the court for an order terminating conservation of an insurer. If the court finds that the conservation is no longer necessary, it shall order that the insurer be restored to possession of its property and the control of its business. The court may also make such finding and issue such order at any time upon its own motion.
- → Section 1455. KRS 304.33-520 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) Ground for petition. If no domiciliary receiver has been appointed, the

 15 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may apply to the Franklin Circuit Court by

 16 petition for an order directing <u>the commissioner[him]</u> to liquidate the assets found

 17 in this state of a foreign insurer or an alien insurer not domiciled in this state, on any

 18 of the following grounds:
- 19 (a) Any of the grounds in KRS 304.33-140;
- 20 (b) Any of the grounds in KRS 304.33-190;
- 21 (c) Any of the grounds in KRS 304.33-510.
- 22 (2) Terms of order. If it appears to the court that the best interests of creditors,
 23 policyholders and the public so require, the court may issue an order to liquidate in
 24 whatever terms it deems appropriate. The filing or recording of the order with any
 25 county clerk in this state imparts the same notice as a deed, bill of sale or other
 26 evidence of title duly filed or recorded with that county clerk.
- 27 (3) Conversion to ancillary proceeding. If a domiciliary liquidator is appointed in a

- reciprocal state while a liquidation is proceeding under this section, the liquidator under this section shall thereafter act as ancillary receiver under KRS 304.33-540. If a domiciliary liquidator is appointed in a nonreciprocal state while a liquidation is proceeding under this section, the liquidator under this section may petition the court for permission to act as ancillary receiver under KRS 304.33-540.
- Federal receivership. On the same grounds as are specified in subsection (1) of this 7 section, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may petition any appropriate federal District Court to be appointed receiver to liquidate that portion of the insurer's assets and business over which the court will exercise jurisdiction; or any lesser part 10 thereof that the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] deems desirable for the protection of the policyholders and creditors in this state. The 12 commissioner[executive director] may accept appointment as federal receiver if another person files a petition.
- 14 → Section 1456. KRS 304.33-530 is amended to read as follows:
- Property rights and title: reciprocal state. The domiciliary liquidator of an insurer 15 16 domiciled in a reciprocal state shall be vested by operation of law with the title to all of the property, contracts and rights of action, and all of the books, accounts and 17 other records of the insurer located in this state. The date of vesting shall be the date 18 19 of the filing of the petition, if that date is specified by the domiciliary law for the vesting of property in the domiciliary state; otherwise, the date of vesting shall be 20 21 the date of entry of the order directing possession to be taken. The domiciliary liquidator shall have the immediate right to recover balances due from agents and to 22 23 obtain possession of the books, accounts and other records of the insurer located in this state. The domiciliary liquidator He also shall have the right to recover the 24 other assets of the insurer located in this state, subject to subsection (3) of KRS 25 304.33-540. 26
 - Property rights and title: state not a reciprocal state. If a domiciliary liquidator is

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appointed for an insurer not domiciled in a reciprocal state, the
<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] of this state shall be vested by operation of law
with the title to all of the property, contracts and rights of action, and all of the
books, accounts and other records of the insurer located in this state, at the same
time that the domiciliary liquidator is vested with title in the domiciling state. The
<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] of this state may petition for a conservation or
liquidation order under KRS 304.33-510 or 304.33-520, or for an ancillary
receivership under KRS 304.33-540, or after approval by the Franklin County
Circuit Court, may transfer title to the domiciliary liquidator, as the interests of
justice and the equitable distribution of the assets require.

- (3) Filing claims. Claimants residing in this state may file claims with the liquidator or ancillary receiver, if any, in this state or with the domiciliary liquidator, if the domiciliary law permits. The claims must be filed on or before the last date fixed for the filing of claims in the domiciliary liquidation proceedings.
- Section 1457. KRS 304.33-540 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) Appointment of ancillary receiver in this state. If a domiciliary liquidator has been
 17 appointed for an insurer not domiciled in this state, the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 18 director] shall file a petition with the Franklin Circuit Court requesting appointment
 19 as ancillary receiver in this state:
- 20 (a) If <u>the commissioner</u>[he] finds that there are sufficient assets of the insurer
 21 located in this state to justify the appointment of an ancillary receiver;
- 22 (b) If ten (10) or more persons resident in this state having claims against the
 23 insurer file a petition with the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> requesting
 24 appointment of an ancillary receiver; or
- 25 (c) If the protection of creditors or policyholders in this state so requires.
- 26 (2) Terms of order. The court may issue an order appointing an ancillary receiver in 27 whatever terms it deems appropriate. The filing or recording of the order with any

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- county clerk in this state imparts the same notice as a deed, bill of sale or other evidence of title duly filed or recorded with that county clerk.
 - Property rights and title: ancillary receivers in this state. When a domiciliary liquidator has been appointed in a reciprocal state the ancillary receiver appointed in this state under subsection (1) of this section shall have the sole right to recover all the assets of the insurer in this state not already recovered by the domiciliary liquidator, except that the domiciliary liquidator shall be entitled to and have the sole right to recover balances due from agents and the books, accounts and other records of the insurer. The ancillary receiver shall have the right to recover balances due from agents and books, accounts and other records of the insurer, if such action is necessary to protect the assets because of inaction by the domiciliary liquidator. The ancillary receiver shall, as soon as practicable, liquidate from their respective securities those special deposit claims and secured claims which are proved and allowed in the ancillary proceedings in this state, and shall pay the necessary expenses of the proceedings. The ancillary receiver [He] shall promptly transfer all remaining assets to the domiciliary liquidator. Subject to this section, the ancillary receiver and his or her deputies shall have the same powers and be subject to the same duties with respect to the administration of assets as a liquidator of an insurer domiciled in this state.
 - (4) Property rights and title: foreign ancillary receivers. When a domiciliary liquidator has been appointed in this state, ancillary receivers appointed in reciprocal states shall have, as to assets and books, accounts and other records located in their respective states, corresponding rights and powers to those prescribed in subsection (3) of this section for ancillary receivers appointed in this state.
- 25 → Section 1458. KRS 304.33-550 is amended to read as follows:
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] in his <u>or her</u> sole discretion may institute proceedings under KRS 304.33-110 or 304.33-120 at the request of the commissioner or

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- other appropriate official of the domiciliary state of any foreign or alien insurer having
- 2 property located in this state.
- 3 → Section 1459. KRS 304.35-010 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) As used in this subtitle:

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- 5 (a) "Casualty insurance" has the meaning set forth in KRS 304.5-070; and
- 6 (b) "Property insurance" has the meaning set forth in KRS 304.5-050.
- 7 All insurers licensed to write property or casualty insurance in this Commonwealth 8 direct basis shall, subject to approval and regulation by the commissioner [executive director] of insurance, establish and maintain a "FAIR" 9 10 (fair access to insurance requirements) plan and establish and maintain a reinsurance association and formulate and from time to time amend the plan and 11 articles of association and rules and regulations in connection therewith, and assess 12 and share on a fair and equitable basis all expenses, income, and losses incident to 13 14 such "FAIR" plan and reinsurance association in a manner consistent with the 15 provisions of this subtitle.
 - → Section 1460. KRS 304.35-030 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The "FAIR" plan and articles of association shall make provision for a reinsurance association having authority on behalf of its members as their agent to cause to be issued property and casualty insurance policies, to reinsure in whole or in part any such policies, and to cede any such reinsurance. The plan and articles of association shall provide, among other things, for the lines of business to be written, policy forms to be used, perils to be covered, geographical area of coverage, compensation and commissions, assessments of members (which assessments annually shall not exceed one percent (1%) of any such member's net direct premium written on a voluntary basis in this state during the preceding year), participation in the writings, expenses, income, and losses in the proportion each member's property and casualty premiums written bear to the aggregate property and casualty premiums voluntarily

- written by all members, the administration of the plan and association, and any other matter necessary or convenient for the purpose of assuring fair access to insurance requirements.
- (2) If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, in the fulfillment of the duties imposed on him <u>or her</u> by KRS 304.13-041, determines that a reasonable degree of competition does not exist in the market for any lines of insurance, within the definitions of KRS 304.5-050 (property insurance) and KRS 304.5-070 (casualty insurance), or either of them, and issues an order to that effect, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall order the governing committee to promptly amend the plan to include such line or lines of business unless, in the <u>commissioner's[executive director's]</u> opinion, an effective residual market mechanism as defined in KRS 304.13-011(8) is already then functioning to provide basic insurance requirements to worthy applicants for reasonable amounts of coverage under such line or lines of insurance with insurers licensed to do business in this state. For accounting and rate-making purposes, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require the plan to provide for the establishment and maintenance of separate accounts for any line included in the plan pursuant to this section.
- Section 1461. KRS 304.35-040 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The Reinsurance Association shall be governed by a committee consisting of seven (7) persons to be appointed by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive-director] of insurance. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive-director] shall appoint two (2) persons representing insurers chartered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, one (1) person representing an insurer that is neither chartered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky nor affiliated with one (1) of the national insurance trade associations, one (1) person representing an insurer from each of the following three (3) associations: American Insurance Association, National Association of Mutual Insurance Companies, the Property Casualty Insurers Association of

- 1 America, and one (1) licensed insurance agent.
- The "FAIR" plan shall maintain a formulated plan and articles consistent with this subtitle. The governing committee of the association may, on its own initiative or shall at the request of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, amend the plan and articles, subject to approval by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- (3) The governing committee of the association shall, on or before April 1 of each year, 6 7 file with the commissioner[executive director], on such forms as the commissioner executive director requires, an accounting of the plan's operations 8 9 during the preceding calendar year together with its financial condition, and its underwriting experience as to each separate account maintained therein, as of the 10 11 end of such year. The *commissioner*[executive director] may require interim 12 accountings on a quarterly basis or examine the affairs of the association when, in 13 his or her opinion, such action is necessary to determine the continued solvency of the Reinsurance Association. 14
 - (4) If at any time the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] determines that the Reinsurance Association is or may become unable to meet its financial obligations during the current year, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall order the governing committee to levy appropriate assessments within the limitations of KRS 304.35-030(1) against all members.
- Section 1462. KRS 304.35-050 is amended to read as follows:
- Any person aggrieved by any action or decision of the governing committee may appeal to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of insurance within thirty (30) days from the date of the action or the decision. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall, after a hearing conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B, issue a final order approving the action or decision or disapproving the action or decision with respect to the matter which is the subject of appeal.
 - Section 1463. KRS 304.35-105 is amended to read as follows:

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- 1 The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall request, receive and transmit the names and
- 2 addresses of all commercial real property policy applicants to the "FAIR" plan to the state
- 3 fire marshal.
- Section 1464. KRS 304.36-050 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 As used in this subtitle, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 6 (1) "Affiliate" means a person who directly or indirectly, through one (1) or more
- 7 intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with an
- 8 insolvent insurer on December 31 of the year immediately preceding the date that
- 9 the insurer becomes an insolvent insurer.
- 10 (2) "Association" means the Kentucky Insurance Guaranty Association created under
- 11 KRS 304.36-060.
- 12 (3) "Claimant" means any insured making a first-party claim or any person instituting a
- liability claim, provided that no person who is an affiliate of the insolvent insurer
- may be a claimant.
- 15 (4) "Commissioner Executive director]" means the commissioner executive director
- of the Department of Insurance of Kentucky.
- 17 (5) "Control" means the possession, direct or indirect, of power to direct or cause the
- direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the
- 19 ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a loan contract or a
- 20 commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the
- power is the result of an official position with or corporate office held by the
- person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly,
- owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing ten
- percent (10%) or more of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a
- showing that control does not exist in fact.
- 26 (6) (a) "Covered claim" means an unpaid claim, including one for unearned
- premiums, submitted by a claimant, which arises out of and is within the

1		cove	erage and is subject to the applicable limits of an insurance policy to which
2		this	subtitle applies issued by an insurer, if the insurer becomes an insolvent
3		insu	rer after June 16, 1972, and:
4		1.	The claimant or insured is a resident of this state at the time of the
5			insured event, provided that for entities other than an individual, the
6			residence of a claimant, insured, or policyholder is the state in which its
7			principal place of business is located at the time of the insured event; or
8		2.	The claim is a first-party claim for damage to property with a permanent
9			location in this state.
10	(b)	"Co	vered claim" shall not include the following:
.11		1.	Any amount due any reinsurer, insurer, insurance pool, or underwriting
12			association, as subrogation recoveries or otherwise;
13		2.	Any amount sought as a return of premium under any retrospective
14			rating plan or dividends plan;
15		3.	Legal expenses for policyholders who were not Kentucky residents on
16			the date of the insured event;
17		4.	Legal expenses for policyholders who were Kentucky residents at the
18			time of the insured event if the legal expenses exceed the association's
19			statutory cap;
20		5.	Any first-party claim by an insured whose net worth exceeds twenty-five
21			million dollars (\$25,000,000) on December 31 of the year prior to the
22			year in which the insurer becomes an insolvent insurer, provided that an
23			insurer's net worth on that date shall be deemed to include the aggregate
24			net worth of the insured and all of its subsidiaries as calculated on a
25			consolidated basis;
26		6.	Any first-party claim by an insured that is an affiliate of an insolvent
27			insurer; or

1			7. Any amount awarded as punitive or exemplary damages.
2	(7)	"Ins	olvent insurer" means:
3		(a)	An insurer licensed to transact insurance in this state either at the time the
4			policy was issued or when the insured event occurred;
5		(b)	Against whom a final order of liquidation, with a finding of insolvency, has
6			been entered by a court of competent jurisdiction in the company's state of
7		-	domicile after June 16, 1972; and
8		(c)	With respect to which no order, decree, or finding relating to the solvency of
9			the insurer, whether preliminary or temporary in nature or otherwise has been
10			issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or by any insurance [executive
11		•	director or]commissioner, insurance office or department or similar official or
12			body before June 16, 1972, or which was in fact insolvent before June 16,
13	•		1972, and the de facto insolvency was known by the chief insurance
14			regulatory official of the state of its domicile.
15	(8)	"Me	ember insurer" means:
16		(a)	Any person who writes any kind of insurance to which this subtitle applies
17			under KRS 304.36-030, including the exchange of reciprocal or inter-
18			insurance contracts; and
19		(b)	Any person who is licensed to transact insurance in this state. For purposes of
20			determining a withdrawing member's assessment liability, an insurer shall
21			cease to be a member insurer effective on the day following the termination or
22			expiration of his or her license to transact the kinds of insurance to which this

subtitle applies. However, the insurer shall remain liable as a member insurer

for any and all obligations, including obligations for assessments levied prior

to the termination or expiration of the insurer's license and assessments levied

after the termination or expiration, that relate to any insurer that became an

insolvent insurer prior to the termination or expiration of the insurer's license.

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- 1 (9) "Net direct written premiums" means direct gross premiums written, or in the case
 2 of an insurer organized under KRS Chapter 299, assessments, membership fees, and
 3 policy fees levied and collected in this state, less returns thereon and dividends paid
 4 or credited to policyholders on such direct business. "Net direct written premiums"
 5 does not include premiums on contracts between insurers or reinsurers.
- 6 (10) "Ocean marine insurance" includes any form of insurance, regardless of name, label, 7 or marketing designation of the insurance policy, that insures against maritime perils or risks and other related perils or risks, that are usually insured against by 8 9 traditional marine insurance such as hull and machinery, marine builders risk, and marine protection and indemnity. These perils and risks insured against include 10 11 without limitation loss, damage, or expense or legal liability of the insured for loss, damage, or expense arising out of or incident to ownership, operation, chartering, 12 13 maintenance, use, repair, or construction of any vessel, craft, or instrumentality in use in ocean or inland waterways, including liability of the insured for personal 14 injury, illness, or death or for loss or damage to the property of the insured or 15 another person. "Ocean marine insurance" includes that coverage written in 16 17 accordance with the following:
- 18 (a) The Jones Act (46 U.S.C. sec. 688);
- 19 (b) The Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act D (33 U.S.C. secs. 20 901 et seq.); or
- 21 (c) Any other similar federal statutory enactment, or any endorsement or policy 22 affording protection and indemnity coverage.
- 23 (11) "Insured event," in an occurrence policy and claims-made policy, means the act that 24 gave rise to the claim.
- Section 1465. KRS 304.36-070 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) The board of directors of the association shall consist of not less than five (5) nor 27 more than nine (9) persons serving terms as established in the plan of operation.

The members of the board shall be selected by member insurers subject to the
approval of the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director]. Vacancies on the board shall be
filled for the remaining period of the term by a majority vote of the remaining board
members, subject to the approval of the commissioner executive director. If no
members are selected within sixty (60) days after June 16, 1972, the
commissioner[executive director] may appoint the initial members of the board of
directors.

- 8 (2) In approving selections to the board, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall
 9 consider among other things whether all member insurers are fairly represented.
- 10 (3) Members of the board may be reimbursed from the assets of the association for 11 expenses incurred by them as members of the board of directors.
- → Section 1466. KRS 304.36-080 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The association shall:

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- (a) Be obligated to the extent of the covered claims existing prior to the order of liquidation and arising within thirty (30) days after the order of liquidation, or before the policy expiration date if less than thirty (30) days after the order of liquidation, or before the insured replaces the policy or on request effects cancellation, if the insured[he] does so within thirty (30) days of the order of liquidation. The obligation shall be satisfied by paying to the claimant an amount as follows:
 - The full amount of a covered claim for benefits arising from a workers' compensation insurance policy purchased to satisfy the requirements of KRS 342.340;
 - 2. An amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per policy for a covered claim for the return of unearned premium; or
 - 3. An amount not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) per claimant for all other covered claims.

1	(b)	Not be obligated to pay a claimant an amount in excess of the obligation of
2		the insolvent insurer under the policy or coverage from which the claim arises.
3		Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subtitle, a covered claim shall
4		not include a claim filed with the association after the earlier of twelve (12)
5		months after the date of the order of liquidation, or the final date set by the
6		court for the filing of claims against the liquidator or receiver of an insolvent
7		insurer and shall not include any claim filed with the association or a
8		liquidator for protection afforded under the insured's policy for incurred but
9		not reported losses. Any obligation of the association to defend an insured
10		shall cease upon the association's payment or tender of an amount equal to the
11		lesser of the association's covered claim obligation limit or the applicable
12		policy limit. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subtitle, except in
13		the case of a claim for benefits under workers' compensation coverage, any
14		obligation of the association to any and all persons shall cease when ten
15		million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall have been paid in the aggregate by the
16		association and any one (1) or more associations similar to the association of
17		any other state or states or any property/casualty security fund that obtains
18		contributions from insurers on a preinsolvency basis to or on behalf of any
19		insured and its affiliates on covered claims or allowed claims arising under the
20		policy or policies of any one (1) insolvent insurer. For purposes of this
21		section, the term "affiliate" shall mean a person who directly or indirectly,
22		through one (1) or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under
23		common control with another person. If the claimant has a covered claim or
24		allowed claim against the association or any associations similar to the
25		association or any property and casualty insurance security fund of another
26		states, under the policy or policies of any one (1) insolvent insurer, the
27		association may establish a plan to allocate amounts payable by the

- association in a manner as the association in its discretion deems equitable;
- (c) Be deemed the insurer to the extent of its obligation on the covered claims and to that extent shall have all rights, duties, and obligations of the insolvent insurer as if the insurer had not become insolvent, including, but not limited to, the right to pursue and retain salvage and subrogation recoverable on paid covered claim obligations;
- Assess insurers amounts necessary to pay the obligations of the association (d) under paragraph (a) of this subsection subsequent to an insolvency, the expenses of handling covered claims subsequent to an insolvency, and the cost of examinations under KRS 304.36-130 and other expenses authorized by this subtitle. The assessments of each member insurer shall be in the proportion that the net direct written premiums of the member insurer for the calendar year preceding the assessment bears to the net direct written premiums of all member insurers for the calendar year preceding the assessment. Each member insurer shall be notified of the assessment not later than thirty (30) days before it is due. No member insurer may be assessed in any year an amount greater than two percent (2%) of that member insurer's net direct written premiums for the calendar year preceding the assessment. If the maximum assessment, together with the other assets of the association, does not provide in any one (1) year an amount sufficient to make all necessary payments, the funds available shall be prorated and the unpaid portion shall be paid as soon thereafter as funds become available. The association shall pay claims in any order which it may deem reasonable including the payment of claims as such are received from the claimants or in groups or categories of claims. The association may exempt or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of any member insurer, if the assessment would cause the member insurer's financial statement to reflect amounts of capital or surplus less than

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the minimum amounts required for a certificate of authority by any
jurisdiction in which the member insurer is authorized to transact insurance;
provided, however, that during the period of deferment, no dividends shall be
paid to shareholders or policyholders. Deferred assessments shall be paid
when such payment will not reduce capital and surplus below required
minimums. Such payments shall be refunded to those companies receiving
larger assessments by virtue of such deferment, or at the election of any such
company, credited against future assessments. Each member insurer serving as
a servicing facility may set off against any assessment authorized payments
made on covered claims and expenses incurred in the payment of such claims
by such member insurer;

- (e) Investigate claims brought against the association and adjust, compromise, settle, and pay covered claims to the extent of the association's obligation and deny all other claims;
- (f) Notify such persons as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> directs under KRS 304.36-100(2)(a);
- (g) Handle claims through its employees or through one (1) or more insurers or other persons designated as servicing facilities. Designation of a servicing facility is subject to the approval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], but such designation may be declined by a member insurer; and
- (h) Reimburse each servicing facility for obligations of the association paid by the facility and for expenses incurred by the facility while handling claims on behalf of the association and shall pay the other expenses of the association authorized by this subtitle.
- (2) The association may:
- 26 (a) Appear in, defend, and appeal any action on a claim brought against the 27 association;

1	(b)	Employ or retain such persons as are necessary to handle claims and perform
2		other duties of the association;
3	(c)	Borrow funds necessary to effect the purposes of this subtitle in accord with

- (c) Borrow funds necessary to effect the purposes of this subtitle in accord with the plan of operation;
- 5 (d) Sue or be sued;

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- 6 (e) Negotiate and become a party to such contracts as are necessary to carry out
 7 the purpose of this subtitle;
 - (f) Perform such other acts as are necessary or proper to effectuate the purpose of this subtitle; and
 - (g) Refund to the member insurers in proportion to the contribution of each member insurer to the association that amount by which the assets of the association exceed the liabilities, if, at the end of any calendar year, the board of directors finds that the assets of the association exceed the liabilities of the association as estimated by the board of directors for the coming year.
 - → Section 1467. KRS 304.36-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) (a) The association shall submit to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a plan
 17 of operation and any amendments thereto necessary or suitable to assure the
 18 fair, reasonable, and equitable administration of the association. The plan of
 19 operation and any amendments thereto shall become effective upon approval
 20 in writing by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
 - (b) If the association fails to submit a suitable plan of operation within ninety (90) days following June 16, 1972, or if at any time thereafter the association fails to submit suitable amendments to the plan, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall, after notice and hearing, adopt and promulgate such reasonable rules as are necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions of this subtitle. Such rules shall continue in force until modified by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] or superseded by a plan submitted by the

1			association and approved by the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director].
2	(2)	All n	nember insurers shall comply with the plan of operation.
3	(3)	The	plan of operation shall:
4		(a)	Establish the procedures whereby all the powers and duties of the association
5			under KRS 304.36-080 will be performed.
6		(b)	Establish procedures for handling assets of the association.
7		(c)	Establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of
8			directors under KRS 304.36-070.
9		(d)	Establish procedures by which claims may be filed with the association and
10			establish acceptable forms of proof of covered claims. Notice of claims to the
11			receiver or liquidator of the insolvent insurer shall be deemed notice to the
12			association or its agent, and a list of such claims shall be periodically
13			submitted to the association or similar organization in another state by the
14			receiver or liquidator.
15		(e)	Establish regular places and times for meetings of the board of directors.
16		(f)	Establish procedures for records to be kept of all financial transactions of the
17			association, its agents, and the board of directors.
18		(g)	Provide that any member insurer aggrieved by any final action or decision of
19			the association may appeal to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> within
20			thirty (30) days after the action or decision.
21		(h)	Establish the procedures whereby selections for the board of directors will be
22			submitted to the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director].
23		(i)	Contain additional provisions necessary or proper for the execution of the
24			powers and duties of the association.
25	(4)	The	plan of operation may provide that any or all powers and duties of the
26		asso	ciation, except those under KRS 304.36-080(1)(d) and (2)(c), are delegated to a

corporation, association, or other organization which performs or will perform

functions similar to those of this association, or its equivalent, in two (2) or more
states. Such a corporation, association, or organization shall be reimbursed as a
servicing facility would be reimbursed and shall be paid for its performance of any
other functions of the association. A delegation under this subsection shall take
effect only with the approval of both the board of directors and the
commissioner[executive director], and may be made only to a corporation,
association, or organization which extends protection not substantially less
favorable and effective than that provided by this subtitle.

- (5) The plan of operation may establish procedures by which claims may be filed with the association and establish acceptable forms of proof of covered claims. Notice of claims to the receiver or liquidator of the insolvent insurer shall be deemed notice to the association or its agent, and a list of claims shall be periodically submitted to the association or similar organization in another state by the receiver or liquidator.
 - → Section 1468. KRS 304.36-100 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall:
 - (a) Notify the association of the existence of an insolvent insurer not later than three (3) days after he <u>or she</u> receives notice of the determination of the insolvency.
- 19 (b) Upon request of the board of directors, provide the association with a
 20 statement of the net direct written premiums of each member insurer.
- 21 (2) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may:
 - (a) Require that the association notify the insureds of the insolvent insurer and any other interested parties of the determination of insolvency and of their rights under this subtitle. Such notification shall be by mail at their last known address, where available, but if sufficient information for notification by mail is not available, notice by publication in a newspaper of general circulation shall be sufficient.

- 1 (b) Suspend or revoke, after notice and hearing, the certificate of authority to
 2 transact insurance in this state of any member insurer which fails to pay an
 3 assessment when due or fails to comply with the plan of operation. As an
 4 alternative, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may levy a fine on any
 5 member insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due. Such fine shall
 6 not exceed five percent (5%) of the unpaid assessment per month, except that
 7 no fine shall be less than one hundred dollars (\$100) per month.
 - (c) Revoke the designation of any servicing facility if <u>the commissioner</u>[he] finds claims are being handled unsatisfactorily.
 - → Section 1469. KRS 304.36-130 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 To aid in the detection and prevention of insurer insolvencies:
- 12 (1) It shall be the duty of the board of directors, upon majority vote, to notify the

 13 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of any information indicating any member

 14 insurer may be insolvent or in a financial condition hazardous to the policyholders

 15 or the public.
 - The board of directors may, upon majority vote, request that the commissioner[executive director] order an examination of any member insurer which the board in good faith believes may be in a financial condition hazardous to the policyholders or the public. Within thirty (30) days of the receipt of such request, the commissioner[executive director] shall begin such examination. The examination may be conducted as a National Association of Insurance Commissioners examination or may be conducted by such persons as the commissioner[executive director] designates. The cost of such examination shall be paid by the association and the examination report shall be treated as are other examination reports. In no event shall such examination report be released to the board of directors prior to its release to the public, but this shall not preclude the commissioner[executive director] from complying with subsection (3). The

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- commissioner[executive director] shall notify the board of directors when the examination is completed. The request for an examination shall be kept on file by the commissioner[executive director] but it shall not be open to public inspection prior to the release of the examination report to the public.
- It shall be the duty of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] to report to the board of directors when <u>the commissioner</u>[he] has reasonable cause to believe that any member insurer examined or being examined at the request of the board of directors may be insolvent or in a financial condition hazardous to the policyholders or the public.
- 10 (4) The board of directors may, upon majority vote, make reports and recommendations
 11 to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] upon any matter germane to the solvency,
 12 liquidation, rehabilitation or conservation of any member insurer. Such reports and
 13 recommendations shall not be considered public documents.
- 14 (5) The board of directors may, upon majority vote, make recommendations to the

 15 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> for the detection and prevention of insurer

 16 insolvencies.
- 17 (6) The board of directors shall, at the conclusion of any insurer insolvency in which
 18 the association was obligated to pay covered claims, prepare a report on the history
 19 and causes of such insolvency, based on the information available to the
 20 association, and submit such report to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
- ≥ Section 1470. KRS 304.36-140 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 The association shall be subject to examination and regulation by the
- 23 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>. The board of directors shall submit, not later than
- 24 March 30 of each year, a financial report for the preceding calendar year in a form
- 25 approved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
- Section 1471. KRS 304.36-170 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 There shall be no liability on the part of and no cause of action of any nature shall arise

- against any member insurer, the association or its agents or employees, the board of
- 2 directors, or the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], or <u>the commissioner's[his]</u>
- 3 representatives for any action taken by them in the performance of their powers and
- 4 duties under this subtitle.
- Section 1472. KRS 304.37-010 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 As used in this subtitle, the following terms shall have the respective meanings set forth,
- 7 unless the context shall otherwise require:
- 8 (1) The term "commissioner[executive director]" shall mean the
- 9 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of insurance or the <u>Department[Office]</u> of
- 10 Insurance, as appropriate.
- 11 (2) "Insurer" includes every person engaged as principal and as indemnitor, surety, or
- contractor in the business of entering into contracts of insurance.
- 13 (3) An "insurance holding company system" consists of two (2) or more affiliated
- persons, one (1) or more of which is an insurer.
- 15 (4) An "affiliate", or person "affiliated" with a specific person, is a person that directly,
- or indirectly through one (1) or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or
- is under common control with, the person specified.
- 18 (5) A "person" is an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an association, a joint
- 19 stock company, an unincorporated organization, any similar entity, or any
- 20 combination of the foregoing acting in concert, but shall not include any bank in its
- 21 fiduciary capacity or securities broker performing no more than the usual and
- 22 customary broker's function.
- 23 (6) A "subsidiary" of a specified person is an affiliate controlled by the person directly
- or indirectly through one (1) or more intermediaries.
- 25 (7) The term "voting security" shall include any security convertible into or evidencing
- a right to acquire a voting security.
- 27 (8) The terms "control," "controlling," "controlled by," and "under common control

with" mean the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a loan contract or commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or corporate office held by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing ten percent (10%) or more of the voting securities of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by KRS 304.37-020(12) that control does not exist in fact. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may determine, after forwarding all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support the determination, that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect.

→ Section 1473. KRS 304.37-020 is amended to read as follows:

Every insurer which is authorized to do business in this state and which is a member an insurance holding company system shall register commissioner executive director, except a foreign or alien insurer subject to disclosure requirements and standards adopted by statute or regulation in the jurisdiction of its domicile which are substantially similar to those contained in this section. For an alien insurer, the domiciliary state shall be deemed to be its state of entry. Any insurer which is subject to registration under this section shall register within sixty (60) days after June 16, 1972, or fifteen (15) days after it becomes subject to registration, whichever is later, and annually thereafter by April 1 of each year for the previous calendar year, unless the commissioner executive director for good cause shown extends the time for registration, and then within the extended time. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive <u>director</u>] may require any authorized insurer which is a member of a holding company system which is not subject to registration

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1		unde	r this	section to furnish a copy of the registration statement or other	
2		information filed by the insurer with the insurance regulatory authority of its			
3		dom	domiciliary jurisdiction.		
4	(2)	Ever	y insu	arer subject to registration shall file a registration statement on a form	
5		prov	ided 1	by the commissioner [executive director], which shall contain current	
6		infor	matio	n about:	
7		(a)	The c	capital structure, general financial condition, ownership, and management	
8			of the	e insurer and any person controlling the insurer;	
9		(b)	The i	dentity of every member of the insurance holding company system;	
10		(c)	The	following agreements in force, relationships subsisting, and transactions	
11			curre	ntly outstanding between such insurer and its affiliates:	
12			1.	Loans to, other investments in, or purchases, sales, or exchanges of	
13				securities of the affiliates by the insurer or of the insurer by its affiliates;	
14			2.	Purchases, sales, or exchanges of assets;	
15			3.	Transactions not in the ordinary course of business;	
16			4.	Guarantees or undertakings for the benefit of an affiliate which result in	
17				an actual contingent exposure of the insurer's assets to liability, other	
18				than insurance contracts entered in the ordinary course of the insurer's	
19				business;	
20			5.	All management and service contracts and all cost-sharing	
21				arrangements;	
22			6.	All reinsurance agreements;	
23			7.	Dividend and other distributions to shareholders; and	
24			8.	Consolidated tax allocation agreements;	
25		(d)	Any	pledge of the insurer's stock, including stock of any subsidiary or	
26			contr	olling affiliate for a loan made to any member of the insurance holding	

company system; and

1	(e)	Other matters concerning transactions between registered insurers and any
2		affiliates as may be included from time to time in any registration forms
3		adopted or approved by the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director].

- It shall not be necessary to disclose information on the registration statement filed pursuant to subsection (2) of this section if the information is not material for the purposes of this section. Unless the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> by administrative regulation or order provides otherwise, sales, purchases, exchanges, loans, or extensions of credit, or investments, involving one-half of one percent (0.5%) or less of an insurer's admitted assets as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding shall not be deemed material for purposes of this section.
- 11 (4) Each registered insurer shall keep current the information required to be disclosed
 12 in its registration statement by reporting all material changes or additions on
 13 amendment forms provided by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> within thirty
 14 (30) days[-(30)] after the end of the month in which it learns of each change or
 15 addition.
- 16 (5) All registration statements shall contain a summary outlining all items in the current 17 registration statement representing changes from the prior registration statement.
- 18 (6) Subject to KRS 304.37-030(5), each registered insurer shall report to the

 19 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> all dividends and other distributions to

 20 shareholders within fifteen (15) business days following the dividend or distribution

 21 declaration.
- 22 (7) Any person within an insurance holding company system subject to registration 23 shall be required to provide complete and accurate information to an insurer, if the 24 information is reasonably necessary to enable the insurer to comply with the 25 provisions of this subtitle.
- 26 (8) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall terminate the registration of any insurer
 27 which demonstrates that it no longer is a member of an insurance holding company

1	system.
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- The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require or allow two (2) or more affiliated insurers subject to registration to file a consolidated registration statement or consolidated reports amending their consolidated registration statement or their individual registration statements.
- 6 (10) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may allow an insurer which is authorized to
 7 do business in this state and which is part of an insurance holding company system
 8 to register on behalf of any affiliated insurer which is required to register under
 9 subsection (1) and to file all information and material required to be filed under this
 10 section.
- 11 (11) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any insurer, information, or
 12 transaction if and to the extent that the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] by
 13 administrative regulation or order shall exempt it from the provisions of this
 14 section.
 - (12) Any person may file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a disclaimer of affiliation with any authorized insurer or a disclaimer may be filed by the insurer or any member of an insurance holding company system. The disclaimer shall fully disclose all material relationships and bases for affiliation between the persons and the insurer as well as the basis for disclaiming the affiliation. After a disclaimer has been filed, the insurer shall be relieved of any duty to register or report under this section which may arise out of the insurer's relationship with the person unless and until the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] disallows the disclaimer. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall disallow the disclaimer only after furnishing all parties in interest with notice and opportunity to be heard and after making specific findings of fact to support the disallowance.
- 26 (13) The failure to file a registration statement or any amendment thereto required by 27 this section within the time specified for the filing shall be a violation of this

1		subt	itle.
2		→ S	ection 1474. KRS 304.37-030 is amended to read as follows:
3	(1)	Mate	erial transactions by registered insurers with their affiliates shall be subject to
4		the f	following standards:
5		(a)	The terms shall be fair and reasonable;
6		(b)	Charges or fees for services performed shall be reasonable;
7		(c)	Expenses incurred and payment received shall be allocated to the insurer in
8			conformity with consistently applied accounting practices;
9		(d)	The books, accounts, and records of each party shall be maintained to clearly
10			and accurately disclose the precise nature and details of the transactions; and
11		(e)	The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, following any dividends or
12			distributions to shareholder affiliates, shall be reasonable in relation to the
13			insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
14	(2)	(a)	The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any person in its
15			holding company system shall not be entered into unless the insurer has
16			notified the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] in writing of its intention to
17			enter into the transaction at least thirty (30) days prior to the transaction, or a
18			shorter period as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may permit, and the
19			<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] has not disapproved it within that time:
20			1. Sales, purchases, exchanges, loans, or extensions of credit, guarantees,
21			or investments, if the transactions are equal to or exceed, with respect to
22			non-life insurers, the lesser of three percent (3%) of the insurer's
23			admitted assets or twenty-five percent (25%) of surplus as regards
24			policyholders, or with respect to life insurers, three percent (3%) of the
25			insurer's admitted assets, each as of December 31 next preceding.
26			2. Loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an affiliate, if the
27			insurer makes the loans or extensions of credit with the agreement or

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understanding that the proceeds of the transactions, in whole or in substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions of credit to, to purchase assets of, or to make investments in, any affiliate of the insurer making the loans or extensions of credit if the transactions are equal to or exceed, with respect to non-life insurers, the lesser of three percent (3%) of the insurer's admitted assets or twenty-five percent (25%) of surplus as regards policyholders, or, with respect to life insurers, three percent (3%) of the insurer's admitted assets, each as of December 31 next preceding.

- 3. Reinsurance agreements or modifications in which the reinsurance premium or a change in the insurer's liabilities equals or exceeds five percent (5%) of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of December 31 next preceding, including those agreements which may require as consideration the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an agreement or understanding exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any portion of the assets will be transferred to one (1) or more affiliates of the insurer;
- All management agreements, service contracts, and all cost sharing arrangements; and
- 5. Any material transactions, specified by regulation, which the commissioner[executive director] determines may adversely affect the interests of the insurer's policyholders.
- (b) This subsection shall not authorize or permit any transactions which, in the case of an insurer not a member of the same holding company system, would be otherwise contrary to law.
- (c) A domestic insurer shall not enter into transactions which are part of a plan or series of like transactions with persons within the holding company system if

the purpose of those separate transactions is to avoid the statutory threshold
amount and thus avoid the review that would otherwise occur. If the
<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] determines that the separate transactions
were entered into over any twelve (12) month period for avoidance purposes
the commissioner[he] may exercise his or her authority under KRS 304.99-
151.

- (d) The <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u>, in reviewing transactions pursuant to this subsection, shall consider whether the transactions comply with the standards set forth in subsection (1) of this section and whether they may adversely affect the interests of policyholders.
- (e) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall be notified within thirty (30) days of any investment of the domestic insurer in any one (1) corporation if the total investment in the corporation by the insurance holding company exceeds ten percent (10%) of the corporation's voting securities.
- (3) (a) Notwithstanding the control of a domestic insurer by any person, the officers and directors of the insurer shall not be relieved of any obligation or liability to which they would otherwise be subject by law, and the insurer shall be managed so as to assure its separate operating identity consistent with this chapter.
 - (b) Nothing in this section precludes a domestic insurer from having or sharing a common management or cooperative or joint use of personnel, property, or services with one (1) or more other persons under arrangements which meet the standards of subsection (1) of this section.
- 24 (4) The following factors, among others, shall be considered in determining whether an 25 insurer's surplus as regards policyholders is reasonable in relation to the insurer's 26 outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs:
 - (a) The size of the insurer as measured by its assets, capital and surplus, reserves,

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- 2 (b) The extent to which the insurer's business is diversified among the several lines of insurance;
- (c) The number and size of risks insured in each line of business;
- 5 (d) The extent of the geographical dispersion of the insurer's insured risks;
- 6 (e) The nature and extent of the insurer's reinsurance program;
- 7 (f) The quality, diversification, and liquidity of the insurer's investment portfolio;
- 8 (g) The recent past and projected future trend in the size of the insurer's surplus as 9 regards policyholders;
- 10 (h) The surplus as regards policyholders maintained by other comparable insurers;
- 11 (i) The adequacy of the insurer's reserves; and

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- 12 (j) The quality and liquidity of investments in subsidiaries. The

 13 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may treat any investment as a disallowed

 14 asset for purposes of determining the adequacy of surplus as regards

 15 policyholders if in his <u>or her</u> judgment the investment warrants.
 - No insurer subject to registration under KRS 304.37-020 shall pay any extraordinary dividend or make any other extraordinary distribution to its stockholders until thirty (30) days after the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] has received notice of the declaration thereof and has not within the period disapproved the payment, or the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall have approved the payment within the thirty (30) day period. For purposes of this section, an extraordinary dividend or distribution is any dividend or distribution which, together with other dividends or distribution made within the preceding twelve (12) months, exceeds the lesser of (a) ten percent (10%) of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of December 31 next preceding, or (b) the net gain from operations of the insurer company, if the insurer is a life insurer, or the net income, if the insurer is not a life insurer, for the twelve (12) month period ending December

31 next preceding, but shall not include pro rata distribution of any class of the insurer's own securities. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer may declare an extraordinary dividend or distribution which is conditional upon the commissioner's executive director's approval thereof, and the declaration shall confer no rights upon stockholders until the commissioner[executive-director] has approved the payment of the dividend or distribution or until the commissioner executive director has not disapproved the payment within the thirty (30) day period referred to in this section.

- → Section 1475. KRS 304.37-040 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 Subject to the limitation contained in this section and in addition to the powers 11 which the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> has under KRS Chapter 304 relating to 12 the examination of insurers, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall also have 13 the power to order any insurer registered under KRS 304.37-020 to produce such 14 records, books, or other information papers in the possession of the insurer or its affiliates as shall be necessary to ascertain the financial condition or legality of 15 conduct of such insurer. In the event such insurer fails to comply with such order, 16 17 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall have the power to examine such 18 affiliates to obtain such information.
- 19 The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall exercise his <u>or her</u> power under 20 subsection (1) only if the examination of the insurer under KRS Chapter 304 is 21 inadequate or the interests of the policyholders of such insurer may be adversely affected. 22
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may retain at the registered insurer's expense 24 such attorneys, actuaries, accountants, and other experts not otherwise a part of the 25 commissioner's executive director's staff as shall be reasonably necessary to assist 26 in the conduct of the examination under subsection (1). Any persons so retained shall be under the direction and control of the commissioner executive director 27

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- and shall act in a purely advisory capacity.
- 2 (4) Each registered insurer producing for examination records, books, and papers
- pursuant to subsection (1) shall be liable for and shall pay the expense of such
- 4 examination in accordance with the provisions of KRS Chapter 304.
- Section 1476. KRS 304.37-050 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 All information, documents, and copies thereof obtained by or disclosed to the
- 7 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> by any other person in the course of an examination or
- 8 investigation made pursuant to KRS 304.37-040 and all information reported pursuant to
- 9 KRS 304.37-020, shall be given confidential treatment and shall not be subject to
- subpoena and shall not be made public by the *commissioner* [executive director] or any
- other person, except to insurance departments of other states, without the prior written
- consent of the insurer to which it pertains unless the *commissioner* [executive director].
- 13 after giving the insurer and its affiliates who would be affected thereby notice and
- opportunity to be heard, determines that the interests of policyholders, shareholders, or
- the public will be served by the publication thereof, in which event *the commissioner* [he]
- may publish all or any part thereof in such manner as the commissioner he may deem
- 17 appropriate.
- Section 1477. KRS 304.37-060 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may, upon notice and opportunity for all interested
- 20 persons to be heard, issue such orders as shall be necessary to carry out the provisions of
- 21 this subtitle.
- Section 1478. KRS 304.37-070 is amended to read as follows:
- Whenever it appears to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] that any person has
- 24 committed a violation of this subtitle which so impairs the financial condition of a
- 25 domestic insurer as to threaten insolvency or make the further transaction of business by
- 26 it hazardous to its policyholders, creditors, shareholders, or the public, then the
- 27 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may proceed as provided in KRS Chapter 304 to take

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- possession of the property of such domestic insurer and to conduct the business thereof.
- Section 1479. KRS 304.37-080 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 Whenever it appears to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> that any person has
- 4 committed a violation of this subtitle which makes the continued operation of an insurer
- 5 contrary to the interest of policyholders or the public, the commissioner executive
- 6 director] may, after giving notice and an opportunity to be heard, determine to suspend,
- 7 revoke, or refuse to renew such insurer's license or authority to do business in this state
- 8 for such period as the commissioner[he] finds is required for the protection of
- 9 policyholders or the public. Any such determination shall be accompanied by specific
- 10 findings of fact and conclusions of law.
- Section 1480. KRS 304.37-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall, if requested by any interested party served
- with notice as required herein, make a complete record of any testimony, evidence, and
- 14 proceedings at any hearing conducted pursuant to this subtitle.
- → Section 1481. KRS 304.37-100 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) Any person aggrieved by any act, determination, rule, regulation, order, or any other
- action of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> pursuant to this subtitle, may file
- appropriate proceedings in the Franklin Circuit Court or other court of competent
- 19 jurisdiction for proper relief.
- 20 (2) The filing of an appeal pursuant to this section or other court proceeding shall not
- 21 stay the application of such order or other action of the commissioner executive
- 22 director] unless the court, after giving notice to the parties and an opportunity to be
- 23 heard, determines that such a stay would not be detrimental to the interest of
- policyholders, shareholders, creditors, or the public.
- 25 (3) Any person aggrieved by any failure of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> to act
- or make a determination required by this subtitle may petition the Franklin Circuit
- 27 Court for a mandatory injunction or other injunctive relief directing the

I		<u>com</u>	missioner [executive director] to act or make such determination forthwith.
2		→ S	ection 1482. KRS 304.37-110 is amended to read as follows:
3	(1)	Any	domestic insurer, either by itself or in cooperation with one (1) or more
4		pers	ons, may organize or acquire one (1) or more subsidiaries engaged in the
5		follo	wing kinds of business:
6		(a)	Any kind of insurance business authorized by the jurisdiction in which it is
7			incorporated;
8		(b)	Acting as an insurance agent for its parent or any of its parent's insurer
9			subsidiaries;
10		(c)	Investing, reinvesting, or trading in securities for its own account, that of its
11			parent, any subsidiary of its parent, or any affiliate or subsidiary;
12		(d)	Management of any investment company subject to or registered pursuant to
13			the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, including related sales and
14	•		services;
15		(e)	Acting as a broker-dealer subject to or registered pursuant to the Securities
16			Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;
17		(f)	Rendering investment advice to governments, government agencies
18			corporations, or other organizations or groups;
19		(g)	Rendering other services related to the operations of an insurance business
20			such as actuarial, loss prevention, safety engineering, data processing
21			accounting, claims, appraisal, and collection services;
22		(h)	Ownership and management of assets which the parent corporation may own
23			or manage if the aggregate investment by the insurer and its subsidiaries
24			acquired or organized pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed the
25			limitations applicable to these investments by the insurer. This paragraph shall
26			not prohibit investments permitted under KRS 304.7-120;

Acting as an administrative agent for a governmental instrumentality which is

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1			performing an insurance function;
2		(j)	Financing of insurance premiums, agents, and other forms of consumer
3			financing;
4		(k)	Any other business activity determined by the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
5			director] to be reasonably ancillary to an insurance business; and
6		(1)	Owning a corporation or corporations engaged or organized to engage
7			exclusively in one (1) or more businesses specified in this section.
8	(2)	In ac	ldition to investments in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations, and
9		other	r securities permitted under this chapter, a domestic insurer may also:
10		(a)	Invest, in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations, and other
11			securities of one (1) or more subsidiaries, amounts which do not exceed the
12			lesser of ten percent (10%) of the insurer's assets or fifty percent (50%) of the
13			insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, if after these investments, the
14			insurer's surplus as regards policyholders will be reasonable in relation to the
15			insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to meet its financial needs. In
16			calculating the amount of these investments, investments in domestic or
17			foreign insurance subsidiaries shall be excluded, and there shall be included:
18			1. Total net moneys or other consideration expended and obligations
19			assumed in the acquisition or formation of a subsidiary, including all
20			organizational expenses and contributions to capital and surplus of the
21			subsidiary whether or not represented by the purchase of capital stock or
22			issuance of other securities; and
23			2. All amounts expended in acquiring additional common stock, preferred
24			stock, debt obligations, and other securities and all contributions to the
25			capital or surplus, of a subsidiary subsequent to its acquisition or
26			formation;
27		(b)	Invest any amount in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations, and

other securities of one (1) or more subsidiaries engaged or organized to engage exclusively in the ownership and management of assets authorized as investments for the insurer, if each subsidiary agrees to limit its investments in any asset so that the investments will not cause the amount of the total investment of the insurer to exceed any of the investment limitations specified in paragraph (a) of this subsection or in Subtitle 7 of KRS Chapter 304. For the purpose of this paragraph, "the total investment of the insurer" shall include:

1. Any direct investment by the insurer in an asset; and

- The insurer's proportionate share of any investment in an asset by any subsidiary of the insurer, which shall be calculated by multiplying the amount of the subsidiary's investment by the percentage of the ownership of the subsidiary;
- (c) With the approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, invest any greater amount in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations, or other securities of one (1) or more subsidiaries, if after the investment the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders will be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
- (3) Investments in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations, or other securities of subsidiaries made pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall not be subject to any of the otherwise applicable restrictions or prohibitions contained in this chapter applicable to the investments of insurers.
 - (4) Whether any investment pursuant to subsection (2) of this section meets the requirements shall be determined before the investment is made, by calculating the applicable investment limitations as though the investment had already been made, taking into account the then outstanding principal balance on all previous investments in debt obligations, and the value of all previous investments in equity

- securities as of the day they were made, net of any return of capital invested, not including dividends.
- If an insurer ceases to control a subsidiary, it shall dispose of any investment made pursuant to this section within three (3) years of the time of the cessation of control, or within an extension of time as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may prescribe, unless at any time after the investment has been made, the investment has met the requirements for investment under any other provision of this chapter, and the insurer has notified the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 9 → Section 1483. KRS 304.37-120 is amended to read as follows:
 - No person other than the issuer shall make a tender offer for, a request or invitation for tenders of, enter into any agreement to exchange securities, seek to acquire, or acquire in the open market or otherwise, any voting security of a domestic insurer if, after the consummation, the person would, directly or indirectly, or by conversion, or by exercise of any right to acquire, be in control of the insurer. No person shall enter into an agreement to merge with or to acquire control of a domestic insurer or any person controlling a domestic insurer unless, at the time of the offer, request, or invitation is made, or any agreement is entered into, or prior to the acquisition of these securities if no offer or agreement is involved, the person has filed with the *commissioner*[executive director] and has sent to the insurer, a statement containing the information required by this section and the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition has been approved by the *commissioner*[executive director] in the manner prescribed in this section.
 - (a) For purposes of this section a domestic insurer shall include any person controlling a domestic insurer unless the person as determined by the commissioner[executive director] is either directly or through its affiliates primarily engaged in business other than the business of insurance. However, the person shall file a preacquisition notification with the

<u>commissioner</u> {executive director} containing the information required in KRS
304.37-130(3)(a) thirty (30) days prior to the proposed effective date of the
acquisition. The person who fails to file a preacquisition notification shall b
subject to the penalty set out in KRS 304.99-151. For the purposes of this
section, "person" shall not include any securities broker holding, in the usua
and customary brokers function, less than twenty percent (20%) of the voting
securities of an insurance company or of any person which controls a
insurance company.

- (2) The statement to be filed with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> under this section shall be made under oath or affirmation and shall contain the following information:
 - (a) The name and address of each person by whom or on whose behalf the merger or other acquisition of control referred to in subsection (1) of this section is to be effected; and
 - 1. If the person is an individual, his <u>or her</u> principal occupation and all offices and positions held during the past five (5) years, and any conviction of crimes other than minor traffic violations during the past ten (10) years; or
 - 2. If the person is not an individual, a report of the nature of its business operations during the past five (5) years or for a lesser period that the person and any predecessors have been in existence, an informative description of the business intended to be done by the person and the person's subsidiaries, and a list of all individuals who are or who have been selected to become directors or executive officers of the person, or who perform or will perform functions appropriate to these functions. The list shall include for each individual the information required by subparagraph 1. of this paragraph.

- (b) The source, nature, and amount of the consideration used or to be used in effecting the merger or other acquisition of control, a description of any transaction in which funds were or are to be obtained for merger or other acquisition of control, including any pledge of the insurer's stock, or the stock of any of its subsidiaries or controlling affiliates, and the identity of persons furnishing the consideration; but if a source of the consideration is a loan made in the lender's ordinary course of business, the identity of the lender shall remain confidential, if the person filing the statement so requests.
 - (c) Fully audited financial information as to the earnings and financial condition of each acquiring party for the preceding five (5) fiscal years of each acquiring party, or for a lesser period that the acquiring party and any predecessors have been in existence, and similar unaudited information as of a date not earlier than ninety (90) days prior to the filing of the statement.
 - (d) Any plans or proposals which each acquiring party may have to liquidate the insurer, to sell its assets, or merge or consolidate it with any person, or to make any other material change in its business or corporate structure or management.
 - (e) The number of shares of any security referred to in subsection (1) of this section which the acquiring party proposes to acquire, and the terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in subsection (1) of this section, and a statement as to the method used to determine the fairness of the proposal.
 - (f) The amount of each class of any security referred to in subsection (1) of this section which is beneficially owned, or concerning any security referred to in subsection (1) of this section which there is a right to acquire beneficial ownership of by each acquiring party.
 - (g) A full description of any contracts, arrangements, or understandings with

respect to any security referred to in subsection (1) of this section in which any acquiring party is involved, such as transfer of any of the securities, joint ventures, loan or option arrangements, puts or calls, guarantees of loans, guarantees against loss or guarantees of profits, division of losses or profits, or the giving or withholding of proxies. The description shall identify the persons with whom these contracts, arrangements, or understandings have been entered into.

- (h) A description of the purchase of any security referred to in subsection (1) of this section during the twelve (12) calendar months preceding the filing of the statement by any acquiring party, including the dates of purchase, names of the purchasers, and consideration paid or agreed to be paid.
- (i) A description of any recommendations to purchase any security referred to in subsection (1) of this section made during the twelve (12) calendar months preceding the filing of the statement, by any acquiring party, or by anyone based upon interviews or at the suggestion of the acquiring party.
- (j) Copies of all tender offers for requests, or invitations for tenders of, exchange offers for, and agreements to acquire or exchange any securities referred to in subsection (1) of this section, and of additional soliciting material distributed which relates.
- (k) The term of any agreement, contract, or understanding made with, or proposed to be made with any broker-dealer, as to solicitation of securities referred to in subsection (1) of this section for tender, and the amount of any fees, commissions, or other compensation to be paid to broker-dealers with regard to subsection (1) of this section.
- (l) Any additional information as the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may by regulation prescribe as necessary or appropriate for the protection of policyholders of the insurer or in the public interest.

- (m) If the person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (1) of this section is a partnership, limited partnership, syndicate, or other group, the commissioner [executive director] may require that the information called for by paragraphs (a) to (l) of this subsection shall be given with respect to each partner of the partnership or limited partnership, each member of the syndicate or other group, and each person who controls the partner or member. If any partner, member, or person is a corporation, or the person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (1) of this section is a corporation, the commissioner [executive director] may require that the information called for by paragraphs (a) to (l) of this subsection shall be given with respect to the corporation, each officer and director of the corporation, and each person who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than ten percent (10%) of the outstanding voting securities of the corporation.
- (n) If any material change occurs in the facts in the statement filed with the commissioner [executive director] and sent to the insurer pursuant to this section, an amendment stating the change, with copies of all documents and other materials relevant to the change, shall be filed with the <a href="mailto:commissioner [executive director] and sent to the insurer within two (2) business days after the person learns of the change.
- If any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in subsection (1) of this section is proposed to be made by means of a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, or in circumstances requiring the disclosure of similar information under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or under a state law requiring similar registration or disclosure, the person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (1) of this section may utilize those documents in furnishing the information required by the statement referred to in subsection (1) of this section.

1	(4)	(a)	The	commissioner[executive director] shall approve any merger or other				
2			acqu	acquisition of control referred to in subsection (1) of this section unless, after				
3			a pu	blic hearing the commissioner[he] finds that:				
4			1.	After the change of control, the domestic insurer referred to in				
5				subsection (1) of this section would not be able to satisfy the				
6				requirements for issuance of a certificate of authority to write the line or				
7				lines of insurance for which it is presently authorized;				
8			2.	The effect of the merger or other acquisition of control would be				
9				substantially to lessen competition in insurance in Kentucky or tend to				
10				create a monopoly. In applying the competitive standard in this				
11				paragraph:				
12				a. The informational requirements of KRS 304.37-130(3)(a) and the				
13				standards of KRS 304.37-130(4)(b) shall apply;				
14				b. The merger or other acquisition shall not be disapproved if the				
15				commissioner[executive director] finds that any of the situations				
16				meeting the criteria provided by KRS 304.37-130(4)(c) exist; and				
17				c. The <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] may condition the approval				
18				of the merger or other acquisition on the removal of the basis of				
19				disapproval within a specified period of time;				
20			3.	The financial condition of the acquiring party might jeopardize the				
21				financial stability of the insurer or prejudice the interest of its				
22				policyholders;				
23			4.	The plans or proposals which the acquiring party has to liquidate the				
24				insurer, sell its assets, consolidate or merge it with any person, or to				
25				make any other material change in its business or corporate structure or				
26				management are unfair and unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer				

and not in the public interest;

1 .		5. The competence, experience, and integrity of persons who would control
2		the operation of the insurer would not be in the interest of policyholders
3		of the insurer and of the public to permit the merger or other acquisition
4		of control; or
5		6. The acquisition is likely to be hazardous or prejudicial to the insurance
6		buying public.
7	(b)	The public hearing required by this section shall be conducted as directed in
8		Subtitle 2 of this chapter.
9	(c)	The <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] may retain at the acquiring person's
10		expense any attorneys, actuaries, accountants, and other experts not otherwise
11		a part of the <u>commissioner's</u> [executive director's] staff that may be necessary
12		to assist the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] in reviewing the proposed
13		acquisition of control.
14	(5) The	provisions of this section shall not apply to:
15	(a)	Any transaction which is subject to the provisions of KRS 304,24-390,
16		dealing with the merger or consolidation of a domestic insurer; or
17	(b)	Any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition which the
18		<u>commissioner[executive director]</u> , by order, shall exempt from the section as
19		not having been made or entered into for the purpose of and not having the
20		effect of changing or influencing the control of, a domestic insurer, or not
21		comprehended within the purposes of this section; or
22	(c)	Any acquisition of stock of a former mutual by an affiliate company that
23		occurs in connection with the conversion of a mutual insurer to a stock insurer
24		under KRS 304.24-600 to 304.24-625, provided that no person acquires
25		control of the parent company. For purposes of this paragraph, "former
26		mutual" has the meaning provided in KRS 304.24-601.

(6) The following shall be violations of this section:

1	(a)	The failure to file any statement, amendment, or other material required to be
2		filed pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section; or

- (b) The effectuation or any attempt to effectuate an acquisition of control of, or merger with, a domestic insurer unless the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] has given his *or her* approval.
- (7) The courts of this state shall have jurisdiction over every person not resident, domiciled, or authorized to do business in this state who files a statement with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> under this section, and overall actions involving such person arising out of violations of this section. Each person shall be deemed to have performed acts equivalent to and constituting an appointment by the person of the Secretary of State to be his <u>or her</u> true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served all lawful process in any action, suit, or proceeding arising out of the violations of this section. Copies of all lawful process shall be served on the Secretary of State and transmitted to the person at his <u>or her</u> last known address by the Secretary of State in the same manner as service of process on foreign insurers.
- Section 1484. KRS 304.37-130 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 (1) The following definitions shall apply for the purposes of this section only:
- 18 (a) "Acquisition" means any agreement, arrangement, or activity the
 19 consummation of which results in a person acquiring directly or indirectly the
 20 control of another person, such as the acquisition of voting securities, the
 21 acquisition of assets, bulk reinsurance, and mergers.
- 22 (b) An "involved insurer" includes an insurer which either acquires or is acquired, 23 is affiliated with an acquirer or acquired, or is the result of a merger.
- 24 (2) (a) This section applies to any acquisition in which there is a change of control of 25 an insurer authorized to do business in Kentucky, except as set forth in 26 paragraph (b) of this subsection.
 - (b) This section shall not apply to the following:

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1	1.	An acquisition subject to approval or disapproval of the
2		commissioner[executive director] pursuant to KRS 304.37-120;
3	2.	A purchase of securities solely for the investment purposes so long as
4		the securities are not used by voting or otherwise to cause or attempt to
5		cause the substantial lessening of competition in any insurance market in
6		Kentucky. If a purchase of securities results in a presumption of control
7		under KRS 304.37-010(8), it is not solely for investment purposes
8		unless the insurance regulatory official of the insurer's state of domicile
9		accepts a disclaimer of control, or affirmatively finds that control does
10		not exist, and the disclaimer action or affirmative finding is
11		communicated by the domiciliary insurance regulatory official to the
12		commissioners[executive directors];
13	3.	If the acquisition of a person by another person when both persons are
14		neither directly nor through affiliates primarily engaged in the business
15		of insurance, if preacquisition notification is filed with the
16		<u>commissioner[executive director]</u> in accordance with subsection (3)(a)
17		of this section thirty (30) days prior to the proposed effective date of the
18		acquisition. However, the acquisition notification shall not be required
19		for exclusion from this section if the acquisition would otherwise be
20		excluded from this section by any other subparagraph of this paragraph;
21	4.	The acquisition of already affiliated persons;
22	5.	An acquisition if, as an immediate result of the acquisition:
23		a. The combined market share of the involved insurers would not
24		exceed five percent (5%) of the total market;
25		b. There would be no increase in any market share; or
26		c. The combined market share of the involved insurers would not
97		exceed twelve percent (12%) of the total market; and the market

1		share would not increase by more than two percent (2%) of the
2		total market.
3		For the purpose of this subparagraph (b)5., a market means direct
4		written insurance premium in Kentucky for a line of business as
5		contained in the annual statement required to be filed by insurers
6		authorized to do business in Kentucky;
7	6.	An acquisition for which a preacquisition notification would be required
8		pursuant to this section due solely to the resulting effect on the ocean
9		marine insurance line of business; and
10	7.	An acquisition of an insurer whose domiciliary insurance regulatory
11		official affirmatively finds that the insurer is in failing condition, there is
12		lack of feasible alternative to improving the condition, the public
13		benefits of improving the insurer's condition through the acquisition
14		exceed the public benefits that would arise from not lessening
15		competition, and the findings are communicated by the domiciliary
16		insurance regulatory official to the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director].
17	(3) An acquis	sition covered by subsection (2) of this section may be subject to an order
18	pursuant	to subsection (5) of this section or KRS 304.37-010 unless the acquiring
19	person fil	les a preacquisition notification and the waiting period has expired. The
20	acquired 1	person may file a preacquisition notification. The <u>commissioner</u> [executive
21	director]	shall give confidential treatment to information submitted under this
22	subsection	n in the same manner as provided in KRS 304.37-050.
23	(a) The	preacquisition notification shall be in the form and contain the
24	info	rmation prescribed by the National Association of Insurance
25	Con	nmissioners relating to those markets which, under subsection (2)(b)5. of
26	this	section, cause the acquisition not to be exempted from the provisions of

this section. The commissioner [executive director] may require additional

material and information <u>the commissioner</u>[he] deems necessary to determine whether the proposed acquisition, if consummated, would violate the competitive standard of subsection (4) of this section. The required information may include an opinion of an economist as to the competitive impact of the acquisition in Kentucky accompanied by a summary of the education and experience of the economist indicating his <u>or her</u> ability to render an informed opinion.

- (b) The waiting period required shall begin on the date of receipt by the commissioner[executive director] of a preacquisition notification and shall end on the earlier of the thirtieth day after the date of receipt, or termination of the waiting period by the <a href="mailto:commissioner[executive director]. Prior to the end of the waiting period, the <a href="mailto:commissioner[executive director] may, on a one-time basis, require the submission of additional needed information relevant to the proposed acquisition; if the submission is required, the waiting period shall end on the earlier of the thirtieth day after receipt of the additional information by the <a href="mailto:commissioner[executive director] or termination of the waiting period by the <a href="mailto:commissioner[executive director].
- 18 (4) (a) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may enter an order under subsection
 19 (5)(a) of this section with respect to an acquisition if there is substantial
 20 evidence that the effect of the acquisition may be to lessen substantially
 21 competition in any line of insurance in Kentucky or tend to create a monopoly,
 22 or if the insurer fails to file adequate information in compliance with
 23 subsection (3) of this section.
 - (b) In determining whether a proposed acquisition would violate the competitive standard of paragraph (a) of this subsection, the <u>commissioner[executive</u> director] shall consider the following:
 - 1. Any acquisition covered under subsection (2) of this section involving

1		two	(2) or more insurer	rs competing in the same market is prima facie
2		evid	ence of violation of	the competitive standards:
3		a.	If the market is	highly concentrated and the involved insurers
4 .			possess the follow	ing shares of the market:
5			Insurer A	Insurer B
6			4%	4% or more
7			10%	2% or more
8			15%	1% or more;
9			or	
10		b.	If the market is no	ot highly concentrated and the involved insurers
11			possess the follow	ing shares of the market:
12			Insurer A	Insurer B
13			5%	5% or more
14			10%	4% or more
15			15%	3% or more
16			19%	1% or more.
17		A hi	ghly concentrated n	narket means one in which the share of the four
18		(4) 1	argest insurers is se	venty-five percent (75%) or more of the market.
19		Perc	entages not shown	in the tables are interpolated proportionately to
20		the	percentages that a	re shown. If more than two (2) insurers are
21		invo	lved, exceeding the	total of the two (2) columns in the table is prima
22		facie	e evidence of violat	ion of the competitive standard in paragraph (a)
23		of th	is subsection. For the	he purpose of this subparagraph, the insurer with
24		the l	argest share of the n	narket shall be deemed to be insurer A.
25	2.	The	re is a significant (trend toward increased concentration when the
26		aggr	egate market share	of any grouping of the largest insurers in the

market, from the two (2) largest to the eight (8) largest, has increased by

1		seve	en percent (7%) or
2		exte	nding from any bas
3		acqı	uisition up to the tim
4		cove	ered under subsection
5		insu	rers competing in
6		viol	ation of the competit
7		if:	
8		a.	There is a significa
9			market;
10		b.	One of the insurers
11			the large insurers
12			share; and
13		c.	Another involved in
14	3.	For	the purposes of subse
15		a.	The term "insurer"
16			under common mai
17		b.	The term "market"
18			markets. In determ
19			markets, the com
20			consideration to fa
21			any, promulgated
22			Commissioners and
23			the acquisition. In
24			contrary, the releva
25			written insurance j
26			that used in the an

more of the market over a period of time e year five (5) to ten (10) years prior to the e of the acquisition. Any acquisition or merger n (2) of this section involving two (2) or more the same market is prima facie evidence of tive standard in paragraph (a) of this subsection

- ant trend toward increased concentration in the
- involved is one of the insurers in a grouping of showing the requisite increase in the market
- nsurer's market is two percent (2%) or more.
- ection (4)(b) of this section:
 - includes any company or group of companies nagement, ownership or control;
 - means the relevant product and geographical nining the relevant product and geographical missioner[executive director] shall give due actors such as the definitions or guidelines, if by the National Association of Insurance d to information, if any, submitted by parties to the absence of sufficient information to the ant product market is assumed to be the direct premium for a line of business, the line being mual statement required to be filed by insurers doing business in Kentucky, and the relevant geographical market

1			is assumed to be Kentucky; and
2			c. The burden of showing prima facie evidence of violation of the
3			competitive standard rests upon the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
4			director].
5		4.	Even though an acquisition is not prima facie violative of the
6			competitive standard under paragraph (b) of this subsection, the
7			<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] may establish the requisite
8			anticompetitive effect based upon other substantial evidence. Even
9			though an acquisition is prima facie violative of the competitive
10			standard under paragraph (b) of this subsection, a party may establish the
11			absence of the requisite anticompetitive effect based upon other
12			substantial evidence. Relevant factors in making this determination shall
13			be such factors as market shares, volatility of ranking of market leaders,
14			number of competitors, concentration, trend of concentration in the
15			industry, and ease of entry into and exit from the market.
16	(0) An	order shall not be entered under subsection (5)(a) of this section if:
17		1.	The acquisition will yield substantial economies of scale or economies
18			in resource utilization that cannot be feasibly achieved in any other way,
19			and the public benefits which would arise from the economies exceed
20			the public benefits which would arise from not lessening competition; or
21		2.	The acquisition will substantially increase the availability of insurance,
22			and the public benefits of the increase exceed the public benefits which
23			would arise from not lessening competition.
24	(5) (a	ı) If	an acquisition violates the standards of this section, the
25		<u>con</u>	mmissioner[executive director] may enter an order:
26		1.	Requiring an involved insurer to cease and desist from doing business in
27			Kentucky with respect to the line or lines of insurance involved in the

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1 violation; or

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- 2 2. Denying the application of an acquired or acquiring insurer for a certificate of authority to do business in Kentucky.
 - (b) The order referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be entered pursuant to a hearing held under Subtitle 2 of this chapter.
 - → Section 1485. KRS 304.37-150 is amended to read as follows:
 - No security which is the subject of any agreement or arrangement regarding acquisition, or which is acquired or to be acquired, in contravention of the provisions of this chapter or of any rule, administrative regulation, or order issued by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may be voted at any shareholders' meeting, or may be counted for quorum purposes, and any action of shareholders requiring the affirmative vote of a percentage of shares may be taken as though the securities were not issued and outstanding; but no action taken at the meeting shall be invalidated by the voting of the securities, unless the action would materially affect control of the insurer or unless the courts of this state have so ordered. If an insurer or the commissioner executive director has reason to believe that any security of the insurer has been or is about to be acquired in contravention of the provisions of this chapter or of any rule, administrative regulation, or order issued by the commissioner[executive director], the insurer or the commissioner[executive director may apply to the Circuit Court for the county in which the insurer has its principal place of business to enjoin any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition made in contravention of KRS 304.37-130 or any other provision of this chapter, or any rule, administrative regulation, or order issued by the commissioner[executive director] to enjoin the voting of any security so acquired, to void any vote of the security already cast at any meeting of shareholders, and for any other equitable relief as required by the nature of the case and the interest of the insurer's policyholders, creditors, shareholders, or the public.

1	(2)	In any case where a person has acquired or is proposing to acquire any voting
2		securities in violation of this chapter or any rule, administrative regulation, or order
3		issued by the commissioner [executive director], the Circuit Court for Franklin
4		County or the Circuit Court for the county in which the insurer has its principal
5		place of business may, upon notice the court deems appropriate, upon the
6		application of the insurer or the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] seize or sequester
7	•	any voting securities of the insurer owned directly or indirectly by the person, and
8		issue the appropriate order to effectuate the provisions of this subtitle.

- 9 (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, for the purposes of this chapter the situs of the ownership of the securities of domestic insurers shall be deemed to be in this state.
- → Section 1486. KRS 304.37-500 is amended to read as follows:
- The following definitions shall apply to KRS 304.37-500 to 304.37-580:
- 14 (1) "Interested person" means:

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- 15 (a) Any affiliated person of a company;
- 16 (b) Any member of the immediate family of any natural person who is an 17 affiliated person of a company;
- 18 (c) Any person or partner or employee of any person who at any time since the 19 beginning of the last two (2) completed fiscal years of a company has acted as 20 legal counsel for the company; or
 - (d) Any natural person whom the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> by order shall have determined to be an interested person by reason of having had, at any time since the beginning of the last two (2) completed fiscal years of a company, a material business or professional relationship with a company or with the principal executive officer of the company;
- 26 (2) "Intermediate holding company" means a holding company which is a subsidiary of 27 a mutual insurance holding company and which either directly or through a

subsidiary intermediate holding company has one (1) or more subsidiary reorganized insurance companies of which a majority of the voting shares of the capital stock would otherwise have been required by KRS 304.37-505, to be at all times owned by the mutual insurance holding company. The <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u> shall have jurisdiction over an intermediate holding company as if it were a mutual insurance holding company;

- "Majority of the voting shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company" means shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company which carry the right to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by all of the outstanding shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company for the election of directors and on all other matters submitted to a vote of the shareholders of the reorganized insurance company. The ownership of a majority of the voting shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company which are required by KRS 304.37-505 to be held by the mutual insurance holding company may be held by indirect ownership through one (1) or more intermediate holding companies in a corporate structure approved by the commissioner[executive-director], provided, however, that indirect ownership through one (1) or more intermediate holding companies shall not result in the mutual insurance holding company owning less than the equivalent of a majority of the voting shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company;
- "Mutual insurance holding company" means a holding company organized on the mutual plan and incorporated under the laws of Kentucky, resulting from the reorganization of a domestic mutual insurance company in accordance with KRS 304.37-505 and 304.37-510, with one (1) or more stock insurance holding company subsidiaries or stock insurance company subsidiaries;
- 26 (5) "Plan of reorganization" means a plan to reorganize a domestic mutual insurance 27 company by forming a mutual insurance holding company; and

(3)

- 1 (6) "Stock offering" means any proposed sale, exchange, transfer or other change of
 2 ownership of stock or of securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable
 3 for stock; including, but not limited to, an initial public offering, private equity
 4 placement, or grants of stock options and other equity based compensation. For
 5 purposes of KRS 304.37-570, 304.37-575, and 304.37-580, "stock offering" shall
 6 not mean:
- 7 (a) An offering of preferred stock which is not convertible or exchangeable into 8 common stock and which has no ordinary voting rights; or
 - (b) A transfer of stock between a mutual insurance holding company, an insurance company subsidiary of a mutual holding company, and an insurance company subsidiary of an intermediate holding company subsidiary to a mutual holding company.
 - → Section 1487. KRS 304.37-505 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) domestic mutual the insurance company, upon approval commissioner executive director, may reorganize by forming an insurance holding company based upon a mutual plan and continuing the corporate existence of the reorganizing insurance company as a stock insurance company. commissioner[executive-director], after a public hearing conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B, if satisfied that the interests of the policyholders are properly protected and that the plan of reorganization is fair and equitable to the policyholders, may approve the proposed plan of reorganization and may require as a condition of approval modification of the proposed plan of reorganization as the commissioner executive director finds necessary for the protection of the policyholders' interests. A reorganization under this section is subject to KRS 304.37-120(1), (2), (3), (6), and (7). The *commissioner*[executive director] shall retain jurisdiction over a mutual insurance holding company organized under this section to assure that policyholder interests are protected.

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- 1 (2) All of the initial shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company shall be issued to the mutual insurance holding company. The membership interests 2 3 of the policyholders of the reorganized insurance company shall become membership interests in the mutual insurance holding company. Policyholders of 5 the reorganized insurance company shall be members of the mutual insurance holding company in accordance with the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the 6 7 mutual insurance holding company. The mutual insurance holding company shall at 8 all times own a majority of the voting shares of the capital stock of the reorganized 9 insurance company.
 - domestic mutual insurance company, upon the approval of the commissioner executive director, may reorganize by merging its policyholders' membership interests into a mutual insurance holding company formed under this section and continuing the corporate existence of the reorganizing insurance company as a stock insurance company subsidiary of the mutual insurance holding company. The commissioner executive director, after a public hearing conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B, if satisfied that the interests of the policyholders are properly protected and that the merger is fair and equitable to the policyholders, may approve the proposed merger and may require as a condition of approval modification of the proposed merger as the commissioner executive director finds necessary for the protection of the policyholders interests. A merger under this section is subject to KRS 304.37-120(1), (2), (3), (6), and (7). The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall retain jurisdiction over a mutual insurance holding company organized under this section to assure that policyholder interests are protected.
- 25 (4) A merger of policyholders' membership interests in a mutual insurance company 26 into a mutual insurance holding company shall be deemed to be a merger of the 27 insurance companies under Subtitle 37 of KRS Chapter 304.

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- Section 1488. KRS 304.37-510 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 A foreign mutual insurance company may reorganize upon the approval of the 3 commissioner executive director and in compliance with the requirement of any law or regulation which is applicable to the foreign mutual insurance company by 5 merging its policyholders' membership interests into a mutual insurance holding company formed under KRS 304.37-505 and continuing the corporate existence of 6 7 the reorganizing foreign mutual insurance company as a foreign stock insurance The subsidiary of the mutual insurance holding 8 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], after a public hearing as provided in KRS 10 304.37-120(4)(b), may approve the proposed merger. A merger under this section is 11 subject to KRS 304. 37-120(1), (2), (3), (6), and (7).
- 12 (2) The reorganizing foreign mutual insurance company may remain a foreign company
 13 after the merger and may be admitted to do business in this state. A foreign mutual
 14 insurance company which is a party to the merger may at the same time
 15 redomesticate in this state by complying with the applicable requirements of this
 16 state and its state of domicile. The provisions of KRS 304.37-120 shall apply to a
 17 merger authorized under this section.
- Section 1489. KRS 304.37-515 is amended to read as follows:
 - A mutual insurance holding company resulting from the reorganization of a domestic mutual insurance company organized under KRS Chapter 271B shall be incorporated under KRS Chapter 271B. The articles of incorporation and any amendments to the articles of the mutual insurance holding company shall be subject to approval of the commissioner[executive director] and the Attorney General in the same manner as those of an insurance company.
- Section 1490. KRS 304.37-520 is amended to read as follows:
- A mutual insurance holding company is deemed to be an insurer subject to Subtitle 33 of this chapter and shall automatically be a party to any proceeding under Subtitle 33 of this

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- 1 chapter involving an insurance company which, as a result of a reorganization under KRS
- 2 304.37-505, is a subsidiary of the mutual insurance company. In any proceeding under
- 3 Subtitle 33 of this chapter involving the reorganized insurance company, the assets of the
- 4 mutual insurance holding company are deemed to be assets of the estate of the
- 5 reorganized insurance company for purposes of satisfying the claims of the recognized
- 6 insurance company's policyholders. A mutual insurance holding company shall not
- 7 dissolve or liquidate without the approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or as
- 8 ordered by the court under Subtitle 33 of this chapter.
- 9 → Section 1491. KRS 304.37-540 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) In addition to any other items required to be filed with the <u>department</u> of fice under
- this chapter, each mutual insurance holding company shall supply to the
- 12 <u>Department</u> Office of Insurance, by March 1 of each year, an annual statement
- consisting of the following:
- 14 (a) An income statement;
- 15 (b) A balance sheet;
- 16 (c) A cash flow statement;
- 17 (d) Complete information on the status of any closed block of business formed as 18 a part of a plan or reorganization;
- 19 (e) An investment plan covering all assets; and
- 20 (f) A statement disclosing any intention to pledge, borrow against, alienate,
- 21 hypothecate, or in any way encumber the assets of the mutual insurance
- 22 holding company.
- 23 (2) The aggregate pledges and encumbrances of a mutual holding company's assets
- shall not affect more than forty-nine percent (49%) of the company's stock in any
- 25 subsidiary insurance holding company or subsidiary insurance company that
- 26 resulted from a reorganization or merger.
- 27 (3) At least fifty percent (50%) of the generally accepted accounting practices net worth

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- of a mutual insurance holding company shall be invested in insurance company subsidiaries.
- 3 → Section 1492. KRS 304.37-545 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 No policyholder who is a member of a mutual insurance holding company shall receive
- because of a membership interest any payment of a policy credit, dividend, or other
- 6 distribution unless the payment has been approved by the commissioner executive
- 7 director]. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], after a public hearing, if satisfied the
- 8 proposed payment is fair and equitable to policyholders who are members, may approve
- 9 the proposed payment and may require as a condition of approval modification of the
- 10 proposed payment as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> finds necessary for the
- 11 protection of policyholders.
- → Section 1493. KRS 304.37-550 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 The reorganizing or merging insurer shall file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]
- an application requesting approval of the proposed reorganization or merger. The
- application shall include the following:
- 16 (1) A Form A filing as described in KRS 304.37-120 and the administrative regulations
- 17 promulgated thereunder;
- 18 (2) A plan of reorganization as described in KRS 304.37-555;
- 19 (3) A plan to obtain the approval by a majority of two-thirds (2/3) of the participating
- 20 policyholders in accordance with the applicant's articles of incorporation and
- 21 bylaws. Policyholders must be provided with sufficient information to evaluate the
- merits of the proposed transaction, including a description of the purpose of the
- 23 transaction, risks associated with the transaction, and alternatives considered.
- Policyholders shall be given not less than twenty (20) days' notice of any vote on
- 25 approval of the reorganization;
- 26 (4) A copy of the mutual insurance holding company's proposed articles of
- incorporation and bylaws specifying all membership rights;

- 1 (5) The names, addresses, and occupational information of all corporate officers and
 2 members of the initial mutual insurance holding company board of directors;
- 3 (6) Information sufficient to demonstrate that the financial condition of the applicant 4 will not be diminished upon reorganization;
- 5 (7) A copy of the proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws for any insurance 6 company subsidiary or intermediate holding company subsidiary;
- 7 (8) An index demonstrating where in the application information supplied in 8 compliance with each of the foregoing provisions is found; and
- 9 (9) Any other information requested by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> at any time during the proceedings.
- Section 1494. KRS 304.37-555 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 The reorganizing or merging insurer shall file a plan of reorganization, approved by the
- affirmative vote of a majority of its board of directors, for review and approval by the
- 14 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. The plan shall provide the following:
- 15 (1) Establishing a mutual insurance holding company with at least one (1) stock
- insurance company subsidiary or one (1) wholly owned intermediate holding
- company with a stock insurance subsidiary, the shares of which shall be held
- exclusively by the wholly owned intermediate holding company;
- 19 (2) Protecting the immediate and long term interests of existing policyholders;
- 20 (3) Ensuring immediate membership in the mutual insurance holding company of all
- 21 existing policyholders of the reorganizing domestic mutual insurance company;
- 22 (4) Providing for membership interest of future policyholders;
- 23 (5) Describing the number of members of the board of directors of the mutual insurance
- 24 holding company required to be policyholders;
- 25 (6) Demonstrating that, in the event of proceedings under Subtitle 33 of KRS Chapter
- 26 304 involving a stock insurance company subsidiary of the mutual insurance
- 27 holding company which resulted from the reorganization of a domestic mutual

- insurance company, the assets of the mutual insurance holding company will be available to satisfy the policyholder obligations of the stock insurance company;
- 3 (7) Describing how any accumulation or prospective accumulation of earnings by the
- 4 mutual insurance holding company, which is or would be in excess of that
- 5 determined by the board of directors of the mutual insurance holding company to be
- 6 necessary, shall inure to the exclusive benefit of the policyholders of its insurance
- 7 company subsidiaries who are members;
- 8 (8) Describing the nature and content of the annual report and financial statement to be
- 9 sent to each member;
- 10 (9) Describing the applicant's plan for a stock offering in accordance with the
- provisions of KRS 304.37-570; and
- 12 (10) Describing other relevant matters the applicant deems appropriate.
- → Section 1495. KRS 304.37-560 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 The application and plan of reorganization submitted to the commissioner executive
- 15 director shall demonstrate that:
- 16 (1) Policyholder interests are properly preserved and protected;
- 17 (2) The plan is fair and equitable to policyholders; and
- 18 (3) The financial condition of the applicant will not be diminished.
- Section 1496. KRS 304.37-565 is amended to read as follows:
- 20 (1) A public hearing required by KRS 304.37-505 and 304.37-510 shall be conducted
- as directed in Subtitle 2 of this chapter and KRS Chapter 13B.
- 22 (2) In addition to any notice required by this chapter and KRS Chapter 13B, the
- 23 <u>department[office]</u> shall supplement any notice by newspaper publication and
- broadcast announcements, in accordance with KRS Chapter 424.
- 25 (3) The commissioner[executive director] may retain at the applicant's expense any
- 26 attorneys, actuaries, accountants, investment bankers, or other experts not otherwise
- a part of the <u>commissioner's[executive director's]</u> staff that may be necessary to